NEW YORK CITY POLICE DEPARTMENT

Notice of Adoption of Rule

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN PURSUANT TO THE AUTHORITY VESTED IN THE POLICE COMMISSIONER OF THE NEW YORK CITY POLICE DEPARTMENT by Sections 434(b) and 1043 of the New York City Charter that the New York City Police Department has amended Chapters 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 13, 15 and 16 of Title 38 of the Rules of the City of New York pertaining to Handgun Licenses, Dealer Licenses, Rifle/Shotgun Permits, Organizations Possessing Rifles and Shotguns, Special Patrolman Designations, License Division Hearings, and Transport of Weapons through New York City.

Chapter 1 of Title 38 of the Rules of the City of New York is amended to read as follows:

Chapter 1 Dealers in Rifles and Shotguns

§ 1-01 Introduction. The following rules and regulations are hereby promulgated for the licensing and regulating of dealers in rifles and shotguns. Licensees are held responsible for the strict enforcement of and adherence to these rules. Any violation thereof is cause for suspension and/or revocation of the subject license.

§ 1-02 Definitions.

Ammunition. The term "ammunition" shall mean any explosives suitable to be fired from a [firearm] <u>rifle or shotgun</u>.

Certificate of registration. The term "certificate of registration" shall mean the Certificate of Registration of Rifles and Shotguns issued by the New York City Police Department.

Dealer in [firearms] rifles and shotguns. The term "dealer in [firearms] rifles and shotguns" shall mean any person, firm, partnership, corporation or company who engages in the business of purchasing, selling, keeping for sale, loaning, leasing, or in any manner disposing of any [firearm] rifle or shotgun. Dealer in [firearms] rifles and shotguns shall not include a wholesale dealer.

Dispose of. The term "dispose of" shall mean to dispose of, give away, give, lease, loan, keep for sale, offer, offer for sale, sell, transfer, and otherwise dispose.

Employee. The term "employee" shall mean [all persons employed in any capacity whatsoever, except that in the case of a licensee whose business of dealing in firearms is secondary or incidental to its main merchandising operations. The term shall include only those employees who have physical access to the firearms; in the latter case, this shall include, but not be limited to clerks, salesmen, buyers, porters and cleaners] any person who is employed by a licensed dealer in rifles and shotguns and who has access in any manner to rifles and shotguns.

Fire Commissioner. The term "Fire Commissioner" shall mean the Fire Commissioner of the City of New York.

[Firearm. The term "firearm" shall mean any rifle or shotgun.

Permit. The term "permit" shall mean the license issued for the purchase and possession of firearms by the New York City Police Department.]

Police Commissioner. The term "Police Commissioner" shall mean the Police Commissioner of the City of New York.

Police officer, peace officer. The terms "police officer" and "peace officer" shall mean [those individuals duly authorized to possess firearms pursuant to] "police officer" and "peace officer" as those terms are defined in §§ 1.20 and 2.10 of the New York State Criminal Procedure Law, respectively.

Principal agent. The term "principal agent" refers to the person who is in active charge of the dealership. [Dealers] Dealer's licenses are issued to individuals. Every premises in which [firearms] rifles and shotguns are sold requires an individual [permit] dealer's license. Thus if a company owns several stores each store would require its own individual [permit] dealer's license and the manager of the store would normally be considered the principal agent. Individual owners of stores who do not actively participate in the operation of their store may designate a responsible person as the "principal agent." [This should be explained by appending an additional sheet to the application.]

Rifle. [In accordance with the provisions and standards presented in § 265.00 of the New York Penal Law, the] The term "rifle" shall mean a [weapon designed or redesigned, made or remade, and intended to be fired from the shoulder, and designed or redesigned, and made or remade, to use the energy of the explosive metallic cartridge to fire only a single projectile through a rifled bore] "rifle" as defined in § 265.00 of the New York State Penal Law, except that for purposes of this chapter a rifle shall have a barrel length of no less than sixteen inches and an overall length of no less than twenty-six inches.

Rifle/Shotgun Section. The term "Rifle/Shotgun Section" shall mean the Rifle/Shotgun Section of the License Division of the New York City Police

<u>Department.</u> The "Rifle/Shotqun Section" was at one time known as the "Firearms Control Section."

Rifle/shotqun permit. The term "rifle/shotqun permit" shall mean the permit issued by the New York City Police Department for the purchase and possession of rifles or shotquns.

Shotgun. [In accordance with the provisions and standards presented in § 265.00 of the New York Penal Law Code, the] The term "shotgun" shall mean a [weapon designed or redesigned, made or remade, and intended to be fired from the shoulder, and designed or redesigned, and made or remade to use the energy of the explosive in a fixed shotgun shell to fire through a smooth bore either a number of ball shot or a single projectile for each single pull of the trigger] "shotgun" as defined in § 265.00 of the New York State Penal Law, except that for purposes of this chapter a shotgun shall have a barrel length of no less than eighteen inches and an overall length of no less than twenty-six inches. [A rifle shall have a barrel length of no less than eighteen inches. Both rifles and shotguns shall have an overall length of no less than twenty-six inches. Any firearm with an overall length of less than twenty-six inches shall be classified as a "concealed" and illegal weapon.]

Storage permit. The term "[Storage] storage permit" shall mean the permit for the storage of more than two hundred (200) rounds of ammunition issued by the [New York City] Fire [Department] Commissioner.

- § 1-03 Applications. (a) A fee of \$150 [must] shall accompany the application. All permits expire on [December 31st of each year] the first day of the second January following the date of issuance of the permit and [must] may be renewed thereafter. The renewal fee is also \$150. The applicant [must make the] shall pay the applicable fee with a certified check or money order payable to "N.Y.C. Police Department."
- (b) All applications, renewals, inquiries and information concerning licenses for dealers in [firearms] <u>rifles and shotguns</u> shall be made to the [Firearms Control] <u>Rifle/Shotgun</u> Section, License Division, New York <u>City</u> Police Department, 120-55 Queens Blvd., Kew Gardens, New York, <u>11424</u>, (718) 520-9300. The [Firearms Control] <u>Rifle/Shotgun</u> Section shall prescribe the manner by which such license is issued.

 (c) A valid license must contain the validation [stamp and] seal of the
- (c) A valid license must contain the validation [stamp and] seal of the [Firearm Control] <u>Rifle/Shotgun</u> Section.
- (d) No license shall be issued or renewed pursuant to these rules except by the Police Commissioner, and then only after investigation of the application including a review of the circumstances relevant to the answers provided in the application, and finding that all statements in a proper application for a license or renewal are true. The application may be disapproved if a false statement is made therein. No license shall be issued or renewed except for [any] an applicant:
 - (1) of good moral character;
- (2) who has not been convicted anywhere of a felony or of any serious offense, as defined in § 265.00(17) of the New York State Penal Law, or of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence as defined in § 921(a) of title 18, United States Code;
- (3) who has stated whether $\underline{s}/$ he [or she] has ever suffered any mental illness or been confined to any hospital or institution, public or private, for mental illness and who is free from any [mental disorder, defects or diseases] $\underline{disability}$ or $\underline{condition}$ that would impair the ability to safely possess or use a [firearm] \underline{rifle} or $\underline{shotqun}$; [and]
- (4) who has stated whether s/he is or has been the subject or recipient of an order of protection or a temporary order of protection, or the subject of a suspension or ineligibility order issued pursuant to § 530.14 of the New York State Criminal Procedure Law or § 842-a of the New York State Family Court Act; and
- (5) concerning whom no good cause exists for the denial of a license.
- (e) An application for a license shall be made to the [Firearms Control] Rifle/Shotqun Section by submitting two copies of the prescribed form [P.D. 641-041] by the applicant, or in the case of a corporation or partnership, by a principal agent thereof. [This] All entries on this official form [must] shall be typewritten.
 - (f) An applicant, or principal agent, shall certify upon the application

that s/he has been issued a [shotqun and] rifle/shotqun permit, the identification number thereof, that s/he maintains a regular place of business within New York City, the address of the same, that s/he is over the age of twenty-one, that s/he undertakes to supervise the acts of her/his, or in the case of a corporation or partnership, its employees, and that the applicant has not previously been refused a license as a dealer in [shotguns and] rifles and shotquns, and that no such license issued to her/him has been revoked.

(g) The [Firearms Control] Rifle/Shotqun Section shall reserve the right

to require that every applicant for dealership and also any officer, partner, agent or employee of the proposed dealership be fingerprinted in contemplation of issuing a dealer's license. The [Firearms Control] Rifle/Shotqun Section shall also reserve the right to require photographs of all applicants and also of any officer, partner, agent, or employee of the proposed dealership.

(h) During the pendency of the application, the applicant shall notify the Rifle/Shotgun Section of any necessary correction to or modification of the information provided in the original application, or any change in her/his status or circumstances, which may be relevant to the application.

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- (i) If her/his license application is disapproved the applicant shall receive a written "Notice of Application Disapproval" from the Rifle/Shotqun Section indicating the reason(s) for the disapproval. If the applicant wishes to appeal the decision s/he shall submit a sworn written statement, which shall be known as an "Appeal of Application Disapproval," to the Division Head, License Division, One Police Plaza, Room 110A, New York, New York 10038 within thirty (30) calendar days of the date on the "Notice of Application Disapproval" requesting an appeal of the denial, and setting forth the reasons supporting the appeal. The Appeal of Application Disapproval shall become part of the application. It shall state the grounds for the appeal and shall contain the following statement to be signed by the applicant and notarized: "Under penalty of perjury, deponent being duly sworn, says that s/he is familiar with all of the statements contained herein and that each of these statements is true, and no pertinent facts have been omitted." Appeals that are unsworn by the applicant or submitted by individuals or business entities other than the applicant or her/his New York State licensed attorney shall not be accepted. All timely appeals shall receive a complete review of the applicant's entire file by the Division Head, License Division, who shall notify the applicant of her/his determination. The Division Head, License Division shall not consider any documentation that was not submitted during the initial background investigation. There shall be no personal interviews to discuss appeals. If the appeal of her/his disapproval is denied, the applicant shall receive a "Notice of Disapproval After Appeal" letter from the Division Head, License Division. This notice concludes the Police Department's administrative review procedure.
- § 1-04 Licenses and Licensees. (a) [All] For purposes of this section, all employees of a licensed dealer in [firearms] rifles and shotguns shall personally be in possession of a valid [firearms license] rifle/shotgun permit to purchase and possess rifles and shotguns issued by the [Firearms Control] Rifle/Shotgun Section. [This regulation shall not apply to a licensee whose business of dealing with firearms is secondary or incidental to its main merchandising operations. In such a business establishment, it shall apply only to those employees who have physical access to the firearms; this shall include, but not be limited to, clerks, salesmen, buyers, porters and cleaners.] Applications for dealer in [firearms] <u>rifles and shotquns</u> and for possession of [firearms licenses will] <u>rifles and/or shotquns shall</u> be processed together if submitted together.
- (b) A dealer's license shall be valid for one year and may be renewed under the same conditions as for original issuance. All licensees shall be held responsible for renewing their licenses upon expiration. Any application to renew a license that has not previously expired, been revoked, suspended or cancelled shall thereby extend the term of the license until disposition is made of the application. Failure to renew a license after expiration shall result in [its] $\underline{\text{the}}$ cancellation [and revocation] of the license.
- (c) [All licensees shall abide by the laws, rules, regulations, standards, and procedures promulgated by federal and state firearms enforcement agencies applicable to the licensee. Any violation thereof is cause for suspension and/or revocation of a license issued by the New York City Police Department.] Federal law requires that [firearms] dealers [must]

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in rifles and shotquns shall be licensed by the United States Government Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (ATF). [If an applicant does not have a license from the ATF, he shall take steps to secure one before doing any business.] The New York City Police Department [will] shall notify the ATF of all dealer's [permits] <u>licenses</u> that are issued by the [Firearms Control] <u>Rifle/Shotgun</u> Section. The Police Department reserves the right to withhold a dealer's [permit] <u>license</u> from any applicant who does not have a federal license.

- (d) All licensees shall be required to sign an acknowledgment that they shall be responsible for compliance with all laws, rules, regulations, standards, and procedures promulgated by federal, state, or local jurisdictions, and by federal, state, or local law enforcement agencies, that are applicable to each type of license or permit issued to them. The Rifle/Shotgun Section shall provide the licensee with the acknowledgment statement to be executed. This acknowledgment statement shall be notarized. Failure to execute the acknowledgment statement and to have it notarized shall result in the license application being denied.
- (e) The licensee shall immediately notify the Rifle/Shotgun Section by telephone, followed by written notice within ten (10) calendar days, of any incident or violation of law or rules of federal, state, or local jurisdictions regarding her/himself, partners, officers, directors or stockholders of the licensed corporation or entity, or affecting the premises or business operations. For purposes of this subdivision, an incident includes:
 - (1) arrest, indictment or conviction in any jurisdiction;
 - (2) summons (except traffic infraction);
- (3) suspension or ineliqibility order issued pursuant to § 530.14 of the New York State Criminal Procedure Law or § 842-a of the New York State Family Court Act;
- (4) the fact that the individual is or becomes the subject or recipient of an order of protection or a temporary order of protection;
- (5) admission to any psychiatric institution, sanitarium and/or
- (7) the presence or occurrence of a disability or condition that may affect the handling of a rifle/shotgun, including but not limited to epilepsy, diabetes, fainting spells, blackouts, temporary loss of memory, or nervous disorder;
 - (8) altered or mutilated license; or
 - (9) discharge of a rifle/shotgun on the licensee's premises.
- (f) A dealer's license may be <u>suspended and/or</u> revoked [and repossessed] by the [Firearms Control] Rifle/Shotgun Section for good cause by the issuance of a Notice of Determination Letter to the licensee, which shall state in brief the grounds for the suspension or revocation and notify the licensee of the opportunity for a hearing [following notice and hearing]. The conviction of a licensee anywhere of a felony or serious offense as defined in § 265.00(17) of the Penal Law of New York State, or of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence as defined in § 921(a) of title 18, United States Code, shall operate as a revocation of the license. [The licensee shall promptly report in writing to the Firearms Control Section any violations of law as regards himself, partners, officers, directors or stockholders of the licensed corporation, or any violation of law, rules of federal, state, or city jurisdictions affecting the premises or business operations.]
- (g) If her/his license is suspended or revoked, the licensee shall be required to deposit any rifles or shotquns as well as any handqun license and any handguns in her/his possession with her/his local police precinct and forward a copy of the voucher together with her/his permit to the Rifle/Shotqun Section, 120-55 Queens Boulevard, Kew Gardens, N.Y. 11424, Room B-11. Her/his failure to comply within ten (10) calendar days from the date of suspension or revocation may result in the arrest of the licensee.
- [(e)] (h) A license issued shall be valid only for the premises mentioned and described in the license. No license is transferable to another person or location. The license shall be prominently displayed on such premises, and available at all times for inspection by members of the New York City Police Department. Failure of any licensee to so exhibit or display her/his license shall be presumptive evidence that s/he is not duly licensed.

[(f) Licensees shall be held responsible to have knowledge of all new

laws and/or amendments or regulations that may be enacted by the legislature or the New York City Police Department affecting dealers in firearms.] (i) Upon issuance of a written Notice of Determination Letter from the Rifle/Shotqun Section notifying the licensee of suspension or of revocation of the license, a suspended/former licensee shall have thirty (30) calendar days from the date of the notice to submit a written request for a hearing to the Commanding Officer, License Division, One Police Plaza, Room 110A, New York, New York, 10038. A licensee whose arrest or summons resulted in suspension or revocation of her/his license may only submit a written request for a hearing within thirty (30) calendar days after the termination of the criminal action, as defined in New York State Criminal Procedure Law § 1.20(16)(c). If the suspension or revocation resulted from the licensee becoming the subject of an order of protection or a temporary order of protection, the licensee may only submit a written request for a hearing within thirty (30) calendar days after the expiration or voiding of the order of protection or temporary order of protection. If the suspension or revocation was related to both a criminal action and an order of protection or temporary order of protection, then the later of the two waiting periods shall apply.

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(j) Licensees shall be held responsible for having knowledge of all new laws and/or amendments or regulations that may be enacted through legislation or promulgated by the New York City Police Department affecting dealers in rifles and shotguns.

(k) Licensees shall cooperate with all reasonable requests by the Police Department for information and assistance in matters relating to the license.

§ 1-05 [Firearms] Rifles/Shotquns and Ammunition. (a) No rifle or shotqun shall be sold, or given away, or disposed of, unless the transferee is authorized by law to possess such [firearm] rifle or shotqun. Any police officer[,] or peace officer [must] shall produce a shield and proper identification before purchasing a rifle or shotqun. A peace officer whose status does not confer authorization to possess firearms pursuant to § 2.10 of the New York State Criminal Procedure Law shall possess a rifle/shotqun permit in order to be a lawful transferee. Therefore, before delivering a rifle or shotqun to a peace officer without a rifle/shotqun permit, the licensee shall verify that person's status as a peace officer by telephoning the License Division Incident Section at (212) 374-5538 or 5539.

(b) Every dealer in [firearms] rifles and shotquns shall keep a record

(b) Every dealer in [firearms] <u>rifles and shotquns</u> shall keep a record book provided by the [Firearms Control] <u>Rifle/Shotqun</u> Section (P.D. 641-50). This book shall contain a record of all dispositions and registrations of [firearms] <u>rifles and shotquns</u> purchased and disposed of by the dealer. Such records shall be maintained on the premises stated in the license and permanently preserved thereat. In the event of cancellation and/or revocation of the license, or discontinuance of business by a licensee, such records, as well as [firearms] <u>rifles and shotquns</u> stored on the premises, shall be surrendered to the New York City Police Department.

(c) In the event of loss or theft of any [longarm] <u>rifle or shotqun</u>, ammunition, dealer's license, or record, the licensee is required to report the loss or theft to <u>her/</u>his local precinct, and notify the [Firearm Control] <u>Rifle/Shotqun</u> Section by telephone on the next business day after discovery of the loss or theft. The licensee [must] <u>shall</u> follow up with a written notification to the [Firearm Control] <u>Rifle/Shotqun</u> Section within 10 <u>calendar</u> days of discovery of the loss or theft.

(d) In the event that any individual lacking authority to possess such weapon [leaves] attempts to leave any rifle or shotgun with a licensee for cleaning, repairing, or other processing, the licensee may accept the rifle or shotgun and obtain the name, address, telephone number, etc. of the person leaving the weapon. The licensee shall immediately report the incident to the precinct wherein the premises is located. If the licensee does not accept the rifle or shotgun for cleaning, repairing, or other processing, s/he shall report the incident to the precinct wherein the premises is located as soon as the individual possessing the weapon leaves the premises. [or in] In the event that such an individual offers to sell or otherwise dispose of such a weapon to a licensee, the licensee shall [immediately notify the Police Department] attempt to obtain the name, address, and telephone number of said individual and shall notify the precinct wherein the premises is located as soon as said individual leaves the premises.

(e) Any dealer who sells, offers to sell, stores, or otherwise disposes

of ammunition in excess of two hundred (200) cartridges shall be required to obtain a storage permit from the Fire [Department] Commissioner. licenses issued by the [Firearms Control] Rifle/Shotqun Section shall not be valid for the sale of ammunition unless the dealership is also in possession of a storage permit from the Fire Department. Upon receipt of an application which indicates an intention to sell or store ammunition, the [Firearms Control] Rifle/Shotqun Section [will] shall notify the Fire Department and ask them to conduct an inspection of the premises. The sale or storage of ammunition without a valid Fire Department permit [will] shall be deemed sufficient cause to revoke a dealer's license. (f) No ammunition shall be stored, exhibited, or displayed in the windows, showcases, or doors of the licensee's premises. (g) All other ammunition shall be stored in an area of the premises that

can be reasonably secured, and is not in view of the public. Only the licensee and authorized employees shall have access to this storage area.

(1) The quantities of cartridges and other ammunition stored on the premises shall not exceed the amounts fixed by the Fire Commissioner for storage of ammunition. These quantities so fixed shall be stated in the storage permit.

(2) All ammunition kept on the licensee's premises shall not be stored in an area where other materials of a highly flammable nature are manufactured, stored, or kept for sale. This restriction shall not apply to any person duly authorized to keep and sell gunpowder.

(1) A record of all ammunition received and dispensed shall be registered in a bound book with pages consecutively numbered. This record book shall be separately maintained from the record book noting all [firearms] rifle and shotgun transactions. It shall be the responsibility of the licensee or a designated employee to make entries in this recordbook. This book, together with all invoices received, shall be kept in the ammunition storage area.

(2) This record shall be arranged in columnar form as outlined below. The first page of this book shall have an inscription bearing the name and address of the premises, license number, name of owner of premises, name of employee designated to make entries, and date of book being opened. Beginning with page 2, each even numbered page shall contain a record of ammunition received, and starting with page 3, each odd numbered page shall contain a record of ammunition dispensed or sold.

(j) In the event of cancellation or revocation of the license or discontinuance of business by a licensee, such records shall be surrendered to the New York City Police Department.

(k) No ammunition suitable for use in a rifle of any [caliber] calibre, or for a shotgun of any gauge, shall be sold, given away, or otherwise disposed of to any person who has not been issued a rifle[and] /shotgun permit and a certificate of registration, and who does not exhibit the same to the dealer at the time of purchase. Rifle or shotgun ammunition shall not be sold to any such person except for the shotgun[,] or for the specific [caliber] calibre of rifle for which the certificate of registration has been issued.

(1) The [Firearms Control] Rifle/Shotgun Section advises all dealers that certain ammunition [calibers] calibres are considered to be interchangeable between rifles and handguns. Sales of ammunition in these [calibers must] calibres shall be recorded by dealers. The following list includes most of the [calibers] calibres likely to be sold as pistol, revolver, or interchangeable ammunition; however, it is not necessarily inclusive:

.4mm Rimfire

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.17 Bumble Bee and Ackley Bee

.17 Hornet and "K" Hornet

.17 Mach IV

.17-222 and .17-223

5mm Remington Mag. Rimfire

.22, .25 and .32 Rimfire

.22 Rem. Jet Mag. and .22 Win. Mag.

.22 Hornet and .22 "K" Hornet

.221 Remington Fireball

.222 Remington

.223 Remington

.25 (6.35mm) ACP

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25-35 Winchester
        .256 Winchester Maq.
        7.5mm revolver
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        .30 Luger (7.65mm)
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        .30 Mauser (7.63mm)
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        7.62mm Tokarev
        7.65mm French Long
        .30-30 (.30 WCF)
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        .30 [caliber] <u>calibre</u> Carbine
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        .32 revolver (all types)
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       .32 (7.65ww) ACP
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        .32-20 Winchester
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       .357 Mag.
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        .357-44 B&D
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        9mm pistol and revolver (all types)
16
        .38 revolver (all types)
        .38 Special pistol and revolver (all types)
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        .38-40 Winchester
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        .38-44 special
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       .38 Super
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       .38 AMU
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       .38 ACP
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       .380 ZACP
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        .41 revolver (all types)
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        .41 Mag.
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        .44 revolver (all types)
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        .45-38 automatic
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        .45 pistol and revolver (all types)
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        .455 pistol and revolver (all types)
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      Below is a sample outline for a licensee's book recording ammunition received,
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      dispensed or sold. While slight variations may be permitted to accommodate
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      clarity and page size, all dealers in ammunition shall provide all information
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      indicated below. Any deviations from this form [must] shall be approved by the
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      [Firearms Control] Rifle/Shotqun Section of the New York City Police
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                            AMMUNITION RECEIVED(*)
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      Date- Manf. Invoice [Caliber] Type Quant. Signa- Comments
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                                AMMUNITION SOLD(**)
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      Date- Manf. [Caliber] Quant. Name Address Date of License Time Calibre/Gauge Birth No.
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           * Records for ammunition received shall be placed on all even numbered
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      pages beginning with page 2.
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           ** Records for ammunition sold and disposed of shall be placed on all
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      odd numbered pages beginning with page 3.
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           (m) Prospective buyers shall not be allowed to load weapons upon the
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      premises of the licensee. If the sale of [both firearms and] one or more
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      rifles and/or shotquns as well as ammunition is consummated, the ammunition
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      box shall be sealed prior to the sale and the buyer shall be instructed that
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      the [firearm] rifle or shotqun is not to be loaded on the premises. [This
      restriction is not meant to apply to a duly authorized rifle and shotgun
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      (n) <u>Pursuant to New York City Administrative Code § 10-312, it shall be</u> a criminal violation for any person who is the lawful owner or lawful <u>custodian of a rifle or shotgun to store or otherwise place or leave such</u>
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      weapon in such a manner or under circumstances that it is out of her/his
      immediate possession or control, without having rendered such weapon
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inoperable by employing a safety locking device as defined in subdivision (o) of this section. Such offense shall constitute a misdemeanor if the offender has previously been found guilty of such violation or if the violation is committed under circumstances which create a substantial risk of physical injury to another person. The New York City Police Department recognizes that all licensees have incurred an obligation by being issued a dealer's [permit] license to maintain and dispose of [firearms] rifles and shotquns in a responsible fashion. In order to assist licensees, the [Firearms Control] Rifle/Shotqun Section has issued the following safety requirements in response to past incidents involving [firearm] dealers in rifles and shotquns:

- (1) No weapons [should] \underline{shall} be stored, exhibited or displayed in windows, [or] showcases, or doors of the premises. [Firearms] $\underline{Rifle/shotgun}$ storage or inventory areas [should] \underline{shall} be physically separated from counter and display areas and access to these areas [should] \underline{shall} be carefully controlled.
- (2) All [firearm] $\underline{\text{rifle/shotqun}}$ display cases [should] $\underline{\text{shall}}$ be kept locked and secured at all times and not readily accessible to the public. All keys to such display cases [should] $\underline{\text{shall}}$ not leave the control of authorized personnel.
- (3) All rifles and shotguns shall not be readily capable of firing. They shall be temporarily deactivated by removing magazines or bolts; or by securing with bars or chains through the trigger guard; or by using individual trigger locks or other safety locking devices composed primarily of steel or other metal of significant gauge to inhibit breaking.
- (4) All [firearms] <u>rifles and shotquns</u> within a licensee's inventory [should] <u>shall</u> be tagged and cross referenced to the appropriate entry in the acquisition records.
- (o) Pursuant to New York City Administrative Code § 10-311(a), it shall be unlawful for any person or business enterprise to dispose of any rifle or shotgun which does not contain a safety locking device, defined as a design adaptation or attachable accessory that will prevent the use of the weapon by an unauthorized user. The following types of safety locking devices will be deemed to comply with this provision:
- (1) a trigger lock, which prevents the pulling of the trigger without the use of a key; or
- (2) a combination handle, which prevents the use of the weapon without the alignment of the combination tumblers; or
- (3) a detachable or non-detachable locking device, composed primarily of steel or other metal of significant gauge to inhibit breaking, utilizing a metallic key or combination lock, rendering the weapon inoperable until the locking device is removed by an authorized person.
- (p) Pursuant to New York City Administrative Code § 10-311(b), it shall be unlawful for any licensed manufacturer, licensed importer, or licensed dealer to dispose of any rifle or shotgun in New York City unless it is accompanied by the following warning, which shall appear in conspicuous and legible type in capital letters, and which shall be printed on a label affixed to the rifle or shotgun and on a separate sheet of paper included within the packaging enclosing the rifle or shotgun: "THE USE OF A LOCKING DEVICE OR SAFETY LOCK IS ONLY ONE ASPECT OF RESPONSIBLE WEAPON STORAGE. ALL WEAPONS SHOULD BE STORED UNLOADED AND LOCKED IN A LOCATION THAT IS BOTH SEPARATE FROM THEIR AMMUNITION AND INACCESSIBLE TO CHILDREN AND ANY OTHER UNAUTHORIZED PERSONS."
- (q) Pursuant to New York City Administrative Code § 10-311(c), any person who applies for and obtains authorization to purchase, or otherwise lawfully obtains, a rifle or shotqun shall be required to purchase or obtain a safety locking device at the time s/he purchases or obtains the rifle or shotqun.
- (r) Pursuant to New York City Administrative Code § 10-311(d), the City of New York and its agencies, officers or employees shall not be liable to any party by reason of any incident involving, or the use or misuse of a safety locking device that may have been purchased in compliance with these rules.
- § 1-06 Security. A licensee [should] $\underline{\text{shall}}$ take all reasonable precautions to make the premises secure. These precautions [may] $\underline{\text{shall}}$ include $\underline{\text{but not be limited to}}$ all [or several of the following] $\underline{\text{applicable measures as listed below:}}$
 - (a) Securing windows at or near ground level with expanded metal welded

to bolted angle-iron frames.

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- (b) Securing the front of the premises with a metal folding scissors gate, roll-down door, or another similar device.
- (c) Adequately protecting and securing all rear windows and doors, and skylights.
- (d) Allowing the interior of the premises to be visible at all times; no drapes or blinds [should] shall be used that would block the view of police or passersby who might observe unusual activity within the premises.

 (e) Illuminating fully the exterior and interior of the premises at
- night, and during the hours when business is not conducted within.
- (f) Installing alarms, or other appropriate security/service systems upon the premises.
- (g) Posting signs prominently on the premises warning of the presence of electronic or other types of security systems and containing penalties for criminal violations.
- (h) [Installing high-security cylinder locks in all doors.] Installing
- high-security cylinder locks in all doors.

 (i) In order to properly protect a licensee's premises and the weapons and ammunition stored within, the New York City Police Department requires that dealers [take advantage of] utilize its "Crime Prevention Security Survey." [This program, sponsored by the Department, has been proven effective in establishing a comprehensive security plan for both commercial and residential premises.] A member of the New York City Police Department[, who is an expert in crime prevention,] will come to a licensee's business establishment and inspect the building for security measures. After the inspection, the officer will recommend and suggest various methods in order to better protect the premises. These recommendations may include the choice of locks, gates, and alarm systems suitable for the licensee's premises. The inspection is free of charge. Licensees [should] shall contact their local [Police Precinct] police precinct, and [ask for] request an appointment with the Crime Prevention Officer or the Community Policing Supervisor for [an appointment] a survey of the premises.

Note: References within this chapter to masculine shall be presumed to include the feminine and neuter. References to the singular shall be presumed to include the plural.

Chapter 2 of Title 38 of the Rules of the City of New York is amended to read as follows:

Chapter 2 Organizations Possessing Rifles and Shotguns

§ 2-01 Introduction. The following rules have been promulgated by the Police Commissioner for the registration and regulation of organizations possessing rifles and shotguns. Such organizations are held responsible for the strict enforcement of and adherence to these rules. Any violation thereof is cause for suspension or revocation of the privilege to possess [longarms] rifles and shotquns.

§ 2-02 Definitions.

Ammunition. The term "ammunition" shall mean any explosives suitable to be fired from a [longarm] <u>rifle or shotgun</u>.

Certificate of registration. The term "certificate of registration" shall mean

the Certificate of Registration of Rifles and Shotguns issued by the New York <u>City Police Department.</u>

Custodian. The term "custodian" shall mean an individual personally possessing a rifle[and] /shotqun permit, and designated by an organization to be held responsible for the safequarding and supervision of any [longarm] rifle or shotqun owned by the organization.

Alternate custodian. The term "alternate custodian" shall mean an individual personally possessing a rifle/shotgun permit, and designated by an organization to be held responsible for the safequarding and supervision of

any rifle or shotqun owned by the organization when the custodian is

unavailable to perform her/his duties. 66

Fire Commissioner. The term "Fire Commissioner" shall mean the Fire

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 Commissioner of the City of New York.
[Longarm. The term "longarm" shall mean any rifle or shotgun.]
Organization. The term "organization" shall mean any firm, partnership, corporation, company or other entity, association, educational institution, cultural institution, or paramilitary organization registered by the [Firearms Control] Rifle/Shotgun Section to possess [longarms] rifles and/or shotguns for the purpose of holding itself out to the general public as a business providing security or protection services for compensation; or instructing individuals in the use of [longarms] rifles and/or shotguns; or organizing and supervising a competition or target practice involving the use of [longarms] rifles and/or shotguns.

Organization registration certificate. The term "organization registration certificate" shall mean the certificate issued by the [Firearms Control] Rifle/Shotqun Section to approved organizations registered to possess [longarms] rifles and shotquns.

Rifle. [In accordance with the provisions and standards in § 265.00 of the New York State Penal Law, the] The term "rifle" shall mean a [weapon designed or redesigned, made or remade, and intended to be fired from the shoulder, and designed or redesigned, and made or remade, to use the energy of the explosive in a fixed metallic cartridge to fire only a single projectile through a rifle bore for each single pull of the trigger. A] "rifle" as defined in § 265.00 of the New York State Penal Law, except that for purposes of this chapter, a rifle shall have a barrel length of no less than sixteen inches, and an overall length of no less than twenty-six inches.

Rifle/Shotgun Section. The term "Rifle/Shotgun Section" shall mean the Rifle/Shotgun Section of the License Division of the New York City Police Department. The "Rifle/Shotgun Section" was at one time known as the "Firearms Control Section."

Rifle[and]/shotgun permit. The term "rifle[and]/shotgun permit" shall mean the [license] permit issued by the [Firearms Control] Rifle/Shotgun Section for the possession and purchase of [longarms] rifles and shotguns.

Shotgun. [In accordance with the provisions and standards in § 265.00 of the New York State Penal Law, the] The term "shotgun" shall mean a [weapon designed or redesigned, and made or remade, and intended to be fired from the shoulder; and designed or redesigned, and made or remade, to use the energy of the explosive in a fixed shotgun to fire through a smooth bore either a number of ball shot or a single projectile for each single pull of the trigger. A] "shotgun" as defined in § 265.00 of the New York State Penal Law, except that for purposes of this chapter, a shotgun shall have a barrel length of no less than eighteen inches and an overall length of no less than twenty-six inches. Storage permit. The term "storage permit" shall mean the permit for the storage of more than two hundred (200) rounds of ammunition issued by the Fire Commissioner.

- § 2-03 Applicability. These rules shall apply to any person, firm, partnership, corporation, company or other entity, association, educational institution, cultural institution, or paramilitary organization possessing rifles and/or shotguns for the purpose of holding itself out to the general public as a business providing security or protection services for compensation; or instructing individuals in the use of rifles and/or shotguns; or engaging in a military drill or parade with rifles and/or shotguns; or organizing and supervising a competition or target practice involving the use of rifles and/or shotguns.
- § 2-04 Original Applications and Renewals. (a) All applications, renewals, requests for information and inquiries by an organization pursuant to these regulations shall be made to the [Firearms Control] Rifle/Shotqun Section, License Division, New York City Police Department, [City of New York,] 120-55 Queens Blvd., Kew Gardens, N.Y. 11424, (718) 520-9300. The [Firearms Control] Rifle/Shotqun Section shall prescribe and enforce the manner in which an organization may be registered to possess [longarms] rifles and shotquns.
- (b) A letter prepared on the letterhead of the organization [must] <u>shall</u> accompany the official application. In addition to a request to be designated an organization to possess [longarms] <u>rifles and shotquns</u>, this letter [must] <u>shall</u> set forth:
 - (1) the [name] names of the custodian and alternate custodian;
 - (2) the manner in which the [longarms will] rifles and shotquns

 \underline{shall} be secured when not in use. The applicant [must] \underline{shall} also submit two (2) [recent] \underline{color} photographs \underline{each} of the designated custodian \underline{and} alternate $\underline{custodian}$, \underline{size} 1-1/2 X 1-1/2 inches, taken within the past thirty (30) days, front view from the chest up, with the application.

(c) During the pendency of the application, the applicant shall notify the Rifle/Shotqun Section of any necessary correction to or modification of the information provided in the original application, or any change in her/his status or circumstances, which may be relevant to the application.

- (d) If the application is disapproved the organization shall receive a written "Notice of Application Disapproval" from the Rifle/Shotqun Section indicating the reason(s) for the disapproval. If the organization wishes to appeal the decision it shall submit a sworn written statement, which shall be known as an "Appeal of Application Disapproval," to the Division Head, License Division, One Police Plaza, Room 110A, New York, New York 10038 within thirty (30) calendar days of the date on the "Notice of Application Disapproval" requesting an appeal of the denial, and setting forth the reasons supporting the appeal. The Appeal of Application Disapproval shall become part of the application. It shall state the grounds for the appeal and shall contain the following statement to be signed by the applicant and notarized: "Under penalty of perjury, deponent being duly sworn, says that s/he is familiar with all of the statements contained herein and that each of these statements is true, and no pertinent facts have been omitted." Appeals that are unsworn by the applicant or submitted by individuals or business entities other than the organization or its New York State licensed attorney shall not be accepted. All timely appeals shall receive a complete review of the applicant's entire file by the Division Head, License Division, who shall notify the organization of her/his determination. The Division Head, License Division shall not consider any documentation that was not submitted during the initial background investigation. There shall be no personal interviews to discuss appeals. If the appeal of the disapproval is denied, the organization shall receive a "Notice of Disapproval After Appeal" letter from the Division Head, License Division. This notice concludes the Police Department's administrative review procedure.
- (e) An organization registration certificate shall expire on the last day of the third [31st day of] December after the date of issue and [shall] may be renewed [for each additional year] every three (3) years thereafter. A renewal application shall be forwarded to the organization at least thirty (30) calendar days prior to the expiration date. If the renewal application is not received in a timely manner, the custodian or alternate custodian shall so notify the Rifle/Shotqun Section by telephone. Certificates may be renewed under the same conditions as original issuance. An application for issuance or renewal of a certificate may be disapproved if a false statement is made therein. All organizations shall be held responsible for renewing a certificate upon expiration. [Any application to renew a certificate that has not previously expired, been revoked, or cancelled shall extend the term of the registration until disposition is made of the application for renewal.] Failure to renew a registration [within thirty (30) days after] prior to its expiration date shall result in its cancellation [and revocation].
- [(d)] <u>(f)</u> An organization registration certificate issued shall be valid only for the organization, [and] custodian <u>and alternate custodian</u> mentioned and described in the certificate. A certificate shall not be transferable to another organization. The certificate and all [longarms] <u>rifles and shotguns</u> possessed by an organization shall be available for inspection by members of the New York City Police Department. Failure by any organization to so exhibit a registration certificate shall be presumptive evidence that it is not duly registered.
- [(e)] (q) All organizations shall abide by the laws, rules, standards, and procedures promulgated by federal, state and local [firearms] jurisdictions and law enforcement agencies applicable to the organization. A violation thereof is cause for suspension or revocation of a registration certificate issued by the [Firearms Control] Rifle/Shotgun Section. Upon suspension or revocation of a registration certificate, the custodian or alternate custodian shall deposit all rifles/shotguns in the organization's possession with her/his local police precinct and forward a copy of the voucher together with the registration certificate to the Rifle/Shotgun Section, 120-55 Queens Boulevard, Kew Gardens, N.Y. 11424, Room B-11. Her/his

- [(f)] (h) An organization registration certificate may be revoked or suspended by the [Firearms Control] Rifle/Shotqun Section for good cause by the issuance of a Notice of Determination Letter to the organization, which shall state in brief the grounds for the suspension or revocation and notify the organization of the opportunity for a hearing [following notice and a hearing, or as provided in § 2-04(c)].
- (i) Upon issuance of a written Notice of Determination Letter from the Rifle/Shotqun Section notifying the organization of suspension or revocation of a registration certificate by the Rifle/Shotqun Section, the organization shall have thirty (30) calendar days from the date of the notice to submit a written request for a hearing to the Commanding Officer, License Division, One Police Plaza, Room 110A, New York, New York 10038.
- § 2-05 Custodian Appointment and Duties. (a) Upon application an organization shall appoint [an] $\underline{\text{two }(2)}$ active [member] $\underline{\text{members}}$ or [employee] $\underline{\text{employees}}$ of the organization to be personally responsible for all [longarms] $\underline{\text{rifles and}}$ $\underline{\text{shotquns}}$ possessed by the organization, its employees or members. [This individual] $\underline{\text{These individuals}}$ shall be known as the custodian $\underline{\text{and alternate}}$ $\underline{\text{custodian}}$.
- (b) It shall be certified upon an application for registration that the custodian [is a] and alternate custodian are rifle[and]/shotgun permit [holder] holders; the identification [number] numbers thereof; that [he is an] they are active [member] members or [employee] employees of the organization; that [he undertakes] they undertake to supervise the acts of the employees and members of the organization while they use any [longarms] rifles or shotguns possessed by the organization; and that [he has] they have not been previously denied or had revoked appointment as a custodian or alternate custodian for the applicant or any other organization. If the organization does not have two active members or employees, the custodian shall be an active member or employee and the alternate custodian shall be a suitable designated individual who possesses a rifle/shotgun permit.
- who possesses a rifle/shotgun permit.

 (c) The [Firearms Control] Rifle/Shotgun Section reserves the right to require [a] the custodian and alternate custodian to be fingerprinted and/or photographed in contemplation of issuing an organization registration certificate.
- (d) The custodian <u>and alternate custodian</u> shall ensure that all members or employees using [longarms] <u>rifles and shotguns</u> registered by the organization are licensed by the [Firearms Control] <u>Rifle/Shotgun</u> Section to possess rifles and shotguns. The provisions of § 2-05(d) shall not be applicable to the following organizations:
- (1) An organization actively engaged in the instruction of minors in the use of [longarms] <u>rifles and/or shotquns</u> or the supervision of a competition or target practice for minors. A custodian <u>and alternate</u> <u>custodian</u>, designated by an organization of this nature, shall closely supervise all minors using [longarms] <u>rifles and/or shotquns</u> registered by the organization, and ensure that such minors are instructed in the safe use of [longarms] <u>rifles and/or shotquns</u>.
- (2) A paramilitary organization actively engaged in the presentation of military drill or parade. A custodian <u>and alternate custodian</u> designated by an organization of this nature shall closely supervise all individuals using [longarms] <u>rifles and/or shotquns</u> during all military drills or parades. The custodian <u>and alternate custodian</u> shall also ensure that such [longarms] <u>rifles and/or shotquns</u> are not loaded during such events.
- (e) The conviction of a custodian or alternate custodian anywhere of a felony or serious offense as defined in § 265.00(17) of the New York State Penal Law, or of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence as defined in § 921 (a) of title 18, United States Code, [shall operate as a] may require suspension or revocation of an organization's registration certificate. An organization's registration certificate may be suspended or revoked if the custodian or alternate custodian is the subject or recipient of an order of protection or a temporary order of protection, or the subject of an ineliqibility order issued pursuant to § 530.14 of the New York State Criminal Procedure Law or § 842-a of the New York State Family Court Act.
- (f) A custodian <u>or alternate custodian</u> shall [promptly report] <u>immediately notify the Rifle/Shotqun Section by telephone, followed by written</u>

notice within ten (10) calendar days, of [in writing to the Firearms Control Section] any incident or violation of law[,] or rules [or regulations] of federal, state, or [municipal] <u>local</u> jurisdictions <u>regarding the custodian or</u> alternate custodian, or affecting the premises or business [operation] For purposes of this subdivision, an incident includes: operations.

(1) arrest, indictment or conviction in any jurisdiction;

(2) summons (except traffic infraction);

(3) suspension or ineliqibility order issued pursuant to § 530.14 of the New York State Criminal Procedure Law or § 842-a of the New York State Family Court Act;

(4) the fact that the custodian or alternate custodian is or becomes the subject or recipient of an order of protection or a temporary order of protection;

(5) admission to any psychiatric institution, sanitarium and/or the receipt of psychiatric treatment;

(6) receipt of treatment for alcoholism or drug abuse;

(7) the presence or occurrence of a disability or condition that may affect the handling of a rifle/shotgun, including but not limited to epilepsy, diabetes, fainting spells, blackouts, temporary loss of memory, or nervous disorder;

(8) lost, stolen, altered or mutilated certificate of registration or organization registration certificate; or

(9) unlawful discharge of a rifle/shotgun.

(g) An organization shall inform the [Firearms Control] Rifle/Shotgun Section in writing of any proposed change of custodianship or any other amendment of its registration. An organization shall not alter a registration certificate [of registration] without the permission of the [Firearms Control] Rifle/Shotgun Section.

(h) The custodian and alternate custodian shall each be required to sign an acknowledgment that s/he shall be responsible for compliance with all laws, rules, regulations, standards, and procedures promulgated by federal, state, or local jurisdictions, and by federal, state, or local law enforcement agencies, that are applicable to each type of license or permit issued to her/him and to the organization. The Rifle/Shotgun Section shall provide the custodian and alternate custodian with the acknowledgment statement. acknowledgment statements shall be notarized. Failure to sign the acknowledgment statements and have them notarized shall result in denial of the application for the organization registration certificate. Upon appointment, each successive custodian and alternate custodian shall be required to sign an acknowledgment statement and have it notarized. Failure to do so shall result in the suspension or revocation of the organization's registration certificate. Custodians and alternate custodians shall be held responsible [to have] for having knowledge of all new laws and rules that may be enacted by [Municipal] <u>local</u>, [State] <u>state</u>, or [Federal] <u>federal</u> legislatures or promulgated by the New York City Police Department affecting their organization.

(i) The custodian and alternate custodian shall be responsible for securing all rifles and shotguns and all ammunition possessed by the organization at the close of business/activities every day. Failure to do so shall constitute good cause for suspension or revocation of the organization's registration certificate.

(j) Pursuant to New York City Administrative Code § 10-311(a), it shall be unlawful for any person or business enterprise to dispose of any rifle or shotgun which does not contain a safety locking device, defined as a design adaptation or attachable accessory that will prevent the use of the weapon by an unauthorized user. The following types of safety locking devices will be deemed to comply with this provision:

(1) a trigger lock, which prevents the pulling of the trigger without the use of a key; or

(2) a combination handle, which prevents the use of the weapon without the alignment of the combination tumblers; or

(3) a detachable or non-detachable locking device, composed primarily of steel or other metal of significant gauge to inhibit breaking, utilizing a metallic key or combination lock, rendering the weapon inoperable until the locking device is removed by an authorized person.

(k) Pursuant to New York City Administrative Code § 10-311(b), it shall be unlawful for any licensed manufacturer, licensed importer, or licensed

dealer to dispose of any rifle or shotqun in New York City unless it is accompanied by the following warning, which shall appear in conspicuous and legible type in capital letters, and which shall be printed on a label affixed to the rifle or shotqun and on a separate sheet of paper included within the packaging enclosing the rifle or shotqun: "THE USE OF A LOCKING DEVICE OR SAFETY LOCK IS ONLY ONE ASPECT OF RESPONSIBLE WEAPON STORAGE. ALL WEAPONS SHOULD BE STORED UNLOADED AND LOCKED IN A LOCATION THAT IS BOTH SEPARATE FROM THEIR AMMUNITION AND INACCESSIBLE TO CHILDREN AND ANY OTHER UNAUTHORIZED PERSONS."

- (1) Pursuant to New York City Administrative Code § 10-311(c), any person who applies for and obtains authorization to purchase, or otherwise lawfully obtains, a rifle or shotgun shall be required to purchase or obtain a safety locking device at the time s/he purchases or obtains the rifle or shotgun.
- (m) Pursuant to New York City Administrative Code § 10-311(d), the City of New York and its agencies, officers or employees shall not be liable to any party by reason of any incident involving, or the use or misuse of a safety locking device that may have been purchased in compliance with these rules.
- (n) Organizations, custodians and alternate custodians shall cooperate with all reasonable requests by the Police Department for information and assistance in matters relating to the certificate.
- § 2-06 Storage of [Firearms] Rifles and Shotguns and Ammunition. (a) Pursuant to New York City Administrative Code § 10-312, it shall be a criminal violation for any person who is the lawful owner or lawful custodian of a rifle or shotgun to store or otherwise place or leave such weapon in such a manner or under circumstances that it is out of her/his immediate possession or control, without having rendered such weapon inoperable by employing a safety locking device as defined in section 2-05(j) of this chapter. Such offense shall constitute a misdemeanor if the offender has previously been found quilty of such violation or if the violation is committed under circumstances which create a substantial risk of physical injury to another person. The [Firearms Control] Rifle/Shotgun Section recognizes that all organizations have incurred an obligation by being registered to maintain and use [longarms] rifles and shotguns in a responsible fashion. In order to assist organizations, the [Firearms Control] Rifle/Shotgun Section has issued the following safety guidelines for storing [longarms] rifles and shotguns on the premises:
- (1) All rifle and shotgun cases shall be kept locked and secured at all times and shall be inaccessible to unauthorized individuals. All keys to such cases [should] shall not leave the control of the custodian or alternate custodian.
- (2) Rifles and shotguns shall be incapable of firing when not in use. Rifles and shotguns may be temporarily deactivated by removing magazines or bolts; by securing with bars or chains through the trigger guard; or by using individual trigger locks or other safety locking devices composed primarily of steel or other metal of significant gauge to inhibit breaking.
- (3) A custodian <u>and alternate custodian</u> shall keep [an] <u>one</u> updated inventory of all [longarms] <u>rifles and shotquns</u> possessed by the organization in the event of loss or theft. Such inventory shall include a full description of each [longarm] <u>rifle and shotqun</u> including manufacturer, model, serial number, if applicable, and calibre or gauge. The certificate of registration issued for each [longarm should] <u>rifle and shotqun shall</u> accompany these records.
- (4) In the event of loss or theft of any [longarm] <u>rifle or shotqun</u>, <u>certificate of registration</u>, ammunition, or [Organization Certificate] <u>organization registration certificate</u>, the custodian <u>or alternate custodian</u> is required to report the loss or theft to <u>her/</u>his local precinct and notify the [Firearm Control] <u>Rifle/Shotqun</u> Section by telephone on the next business day after discovery of the loss or theft. Follow up with a written notification to the [Firearm Control] <u>Rifle/Shotqun</u> Section within 10 <u>calendar</u> days of discovery of the loss or theft is also required.
- (b) Any organization that stores in excess of two hundred (200) cartridges shall be required to obtain a storage permit from the Fire Commissioner. The storage of ammunition without a valid permit issued by the Fire Commissioner [will] shall be deemed sufficient cause to revoke an organization's registration certificate.

(c) The quantities of cartridges and other ammunition stored on the premises shall not exceed the amounts fixed by the Fire Commissioner for storage of ammunition. The quantities so fixed shall be stated in the storage permit.

(d) All ammunition kept on the premises shall not be stored in an area

- (d) All ammunition kept on the premises shall not be stored in an area where other materials of a highly flammable nature are manufactured or stored.
- (e) Ammunition shall be stored in an area of the premises that can be reasonably secured. Only the custodian, <u>alternate custodian</u>, and authorized members or employees shall have access to this storage area.
- (f) A custodian <u>and alternate custodian</u> shall take reasonable precautions to make the premises secure. These precautions [may] <u>shall</u> include <u>but not be limited to all applicable measures as listed below</u>:
- (1) Adequately protecting and securing all rear windows, doors and skylights.
- $\,$ (2) Securing windows at or near ground level with expanded metal welded to belted angle-iron frames.
- (3) Installing alarms or other appropriate security/service systems upon the premises.
- (4) Posting signs prominently on the premises warning of the presence of electronic or other types of security systems and containing penalties for criminal violations.
 - (5) Installing high-security cylinder locks in all doors.
- (6) Illuminating fully the exterior and interior of the premises at night, and during the hours when business is not conducted within.
- § 2-07 Security Plan. In order to properly protect an organization's premises and the [longarms] rifles, shotquns and ammunition stored within, the [Firearms Control] Rifle/Shotqun Section requires that custodians [take advantage of] utilize the New York City Police Department's Crime Prevention Security Survey. [This program, sponsored by the Police Department, has proven effective in establishing a comprehensive security plan for both commercial and residential premises.] A member of the New York City Police Department[, qualified as an expert in crime prevention,] will come to an organization's premises and inspect the building for security measures. After the inspection, the officer will recommend and suggest various methods designed to better protect the premises. These recommendations may include the choice of locks, gates, and alarm systems suitable for the premises. The inspection is free of charge. An organization [should] shall contact its local police precinct, and request an appointment with the Crime Prevention Officer or the Community Policing Supervisor for a survey of the premises of the organization.
- § 2-08 Separability. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, or part of these rules of the application to any organization, custodian, or circumstances shall be determined to be invalid, such determination shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder thereof.

Note: References within this chapter to the masculine shall be presumed to include the feminine and neuter. References to the singular shall be presumed to include the plural.

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Chapter 3 of Title 38 of the Rules of the City of New York is amended to read as follows:

Chapter 3 Rifle[and]/Shotgun [Licensees] Permits

- § 3-01 Introduction. All New York City rifle and shotgun [licensees must] permittees shall be aware of the responsibilities incurred by accepting a permit. The [licensee] permittee should especially be familiar with the rules applicable to the possession of a rifle or shotgun or both. The following rules for the proper and safe use of rifles and shotguns have been promulgated by the Police Commissioner of the New York City Police Department. A violation of these provisions may be cause for suspension or revocation of a rifle/shotgun permit.
- § 3-02 Application for Permit. (a) The applicant [must] shall complete the

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(b) The minimum age for obtaining a permit is 18 years of age.

- (1) If the applicant was ever arrested for any crime or violation s/he [must] shall submit a certificate of disposition indicating the offense and final disposition of the charges. The applicant [must] shall do this even if the case was dismissed, the record sealed or the case nullified by operation of law ([i.e.] <u>e.g.</u>, Youthful Offender Status). Any omission of a previous arrest may result in the [rejection] <u>denial</u> of the application.

 (2) [If the applicant was ever convicted of a felony in the U.S.
- District Court or a court of another state, before his application can be considered the applicant must apply for a Certificate of Relief from Disabilities from the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms, United States Department of Treasury.
- (3)] If the applicant was ever convicted in New York State of a felony or a serious offense as defined in [§ 265.00, subdivision 17,] § $\underline{265.00(17)}$ of the New York State Penal Law, $\underline{s/he}$ [must] \underline{shall} get a New York State Certificate of Relief from [Forfeitures and] Disabilities.
- (3) No permit shall be issued or renewed to any applicant who has been convicted of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence, as defined in § 921(a) of title 18 of the United States Code, or who is the subject of a suspension or ineligibility order issued pursuant to § 530.14 of the New York State Criminal Procedure Law or § 842-a of the New York State Family Court
- (d) If the applicant was discharged from the Armed Forces under other than honorable conditions $\underline{s/}$ he [must] \underline{shall} submit a copy of $\underline{her/}$ his separation papers and a notarized statement explaining the reason for discharge.
- (e) If the applicant's answer to Question 2, 3 or 4 on the application is YES \underline{s} he [must] \underline{s} hall submit a letter from a licensed physician stating that s/he[/she] has examined the applicant within the last 30 days, that the examination included a review of the applicant's medical record and all pertinent hospital and institutional records, and [must] shall conclude that the applicant is capable of possessing a rifle or a shotgun without presenting a danger of harm to the applicant or to others. Further evidence may be requested.
- (f) Four <u>color</u> photographs, [full face,] 1-1/2["] X 1-1/2["] <u>inches</u>, of the applicant, from the chest up, taken within the past thirty (30) days [must] shall accompany the application. The wearing of any article of clothing or other adornment obscuring the identification of the wearer is not acceptable.
- (q) Payment of applicable fees shall be made by certified check or money order, made payable to the N.Y.C. Police Department or to the N.Y.S. Division
- of Criminal Justice Services, respectively.

 (h) All permittees shall be required to sign an acknowledgment that they be responsible for compliance with all laws, rules, regulations, standards, and procedures promulgated by federal, state, or local jurisdictions, and by federal, state, or local law enforcement agencies, are applicable to this permit. The Rifle/Shotgun Section shall provide the permittee with the acknowledgment statement. This acknowledgment statement shall be notarized. Failure to sign the acknowledgment statement and have it notarized shall result in denial of the permit application.
- (i) During the pendency of the application, the applicant shall notify the Rifle/Shotgun Section of any necessary correction to or modification of the information provided in the original application, or any change in her/his status or circumstances, which may be relevant to the application.
- § 3-03 Grounds for Denial of Permit. An application for rifle/shotgun permit
- (a) The applicant has been arrested, indicted or convicted for any crime or violation except minor traffic violations, in any jurisdiction, federal, state or local.
- (b) The applicant has been other than honorably discharged from the [armed forces] <u>Armed Forces</u> of this country.
- (c) The applicant has [suffered from any physical defect or sickness which interferes with or handicaps him in the handling of] or has had any disability or condition that may affect the ability to safely possess or use a rifle or a shotgun.

application.

(f) The applicant is the subject or recipient of an order of protection or a temporary order of protection.

§ 3-04 Right to Appeal Following Denial of Permit. If for any reason <u>her/his</u> application is denied the applicant has the right to an appeal.

- (a) If the applicant's original application is denied, [he has the right to appeal the decision within twenty (20) days from the date of notice of denial. An appeal must be made in writing to the Commanding Officer, License Division, One Police Plaza, Room 110, New York, New York, 10038. This request must outline the grounds upon which the applicant's appeal is based] the applicant shall receive a written "Notice of Application Disapproval" from the Rifle/Shotqun Section indicating the reason(s) for the disapproval. If the applicant wishes to appeal the decision s/he shall submit a sworn written statement, which shall be known as an "Appeal of Application Disapproval," to the Division Head, License Division, One Police Plaza, Room 110A, New York, New York 10038 within thirty (30) calendar days of the date on the "Notice of Application Disapproval" requesting an appeal of the denial, and setting forth the reasons supporting the appeal. The Appeal of Application Disapproval shall become part of the application. It shall state the grounds for the appeal and shall contain the following statement to be signed by the applicant and notarized: "Under penalty of perjury, deponent being duly sworn, says that s/he is familiar with all of the statements contained herein and that each of these statements is true, and no pertinent facts have been omitted." Appeals that are unsworn by the applicant or submitted by individuals or business entities other than the applicant or her/his New York State licensed attorney shall not be accepted.
- (b) [If the appeal of his denial is unsuccessful, the applicant will receive a "Notice of Disapproval After Appeal" letter from the Commanding Officer, License Division.] All timely appeals shall receive a complete review of the applicant's entire file by the Division Head, License Division, who shall notify the applicant of her/his determination. The Division Head, License Division shall not consider any documentation that was not submitted during the initial background investigation. There shall be no personal interviews to discuss appeals. If the appeal of her/his disapproval is denied, the applicant shall receive a "Notice of Disapproval After Appeal" letter from the Division Head, License Division. This notice concludes the Police Department's administrative review procedure.
- § 3-05 Suspension or Revocation of Permit. (a) The permittee shall immediately notify the Rifle/Shotqun Section by telephone, followed by written notice within ten (10) calendar days, of any incident or violation of law or rules of federal, state, or local jurisdictions. For purposes of this subdivision, an incident includes:
 - (1) arrest, indictment or conviction in any jurisdiction;
 - (2) summons (except traffic infraction);
- (3) suspension or ineliqibility order issued pursuant to § 530.14 of the New York State Criminal Procedure Law or § 842-a of the New York State Family Court Act;
- (4) the fact that the permittee is or becomes the subject or recipient of an order of protection or a temporary order of protection;
 (5) admission to any psychiatric institution, sanitarium and/or

the receipt of psychiatric treatment;

(6) receipt of treatment for alcoholism or drug abuse; or
(7) the presence or occurrence of a disability or condition that
may affect the handling of a rifle/shotqun, including but not limited to
epilepsy, diabetes, fainting spells, blackouts, temporary loss of memory, or
nervous disorder; or

(8) unlawful discharge of a rifle/shotgun.

- (b) The permittee's rifle/shotgun permit may be subject to suspension or revocation if:
- [(a)] <u>(1)</u> The permittee is arrested, indicted or convicted for any crime or violation, except minor traffic violations, in any jurisdiction, federal, state or local, or is the subject or recipient of an order of

protection or a temporary order of protection, or is the subject of a suspension or ineligibility order issued pursuant to § 530.14 of the New York State Criminal Procedure Law or § 842-a of the New York State Family Court Act.

[(b)] (2) The permittee is other than honorably discharged.

[(c)] <u>(3)</u> The permittee [suffers from any physical defect or sickness which interferes with or handicaps him in the handling of] <u>has or has had any disability or condition that may affect the ability to safely possess or use</u> a rifle or a shotqun.

[(d)] <u>(4)</u> The permittee <u>has received or is receiving psychiatric treatment or</u> is <u>or has been</u> confined for alcoholism, mental illness or drug addiction.

[(e)] $\underline{(5)}$ The permittee violates any of the rules pertaining to the [license] $\underline{\text{permit}}$ to possess rifles and shotguns.

(c) If her/his [license] permit is suspended or revoked, the permittee [will] shall be required to deposit any [longarms] rifles or shotquns as well as any handgun license and any handguns in her/his possession with her/his local police precinct and forward a copy of the voucher together with her/his permit to the [Firearms Control] Rifle/Shotqun Section, 120-55 Queens Boulevard, Kew Gardens, N.Y. 11424, Room B-11. [His] Her/his failure to comply within ten (10) calendar days from the date of suspension or revocation may result in [legal action being taken by the Police Department] the arrest of the permittee.

- [(f)] (d) If her/his [license] permit is suspended or revoked, the suspended/former permittee [will] shall be issued a Notice of Determination Letter by the Rifle/Shotgun Section, which shall state in brief the grounds for the suspension or revocation and notify the permittee of the opportunity for a hearing. The permittee shall have a right to submit a written request for a hearing[. A request for a hearing must be made in writing] within thirty (30) <u>calendar</u> days from the date of <u>the Notice of Determination Letter</u> [suspension to Firearms Control Section] to the Commanding Officer, License Division, One Police Plaza, Room 110A, New York 10038. Before a hearing is scheduled the permittee [will] shall be required to submit the above documents and any additional documents requested in the suspension or revocation notice. [Failure to request a hearing will result in the revocation of the permittee's permit and the cancellation of his file.] A permittee whose arrest or summons resulted in suspension or revocation of her/his permit may only submit a written request for a hearing within thirty (30) calendar days after the termination of the criminal action, as defined in New York State Criminal Procedure Law § 1.20(16)(c). If the suspension or revocation resulted from the permittee becoming the subject of an order of protection or a temporary order of protection, the permittee may only submit a written request for a hearing within thirty (30) calendar days after the expiration or voiding of the order of protection or temporary order of protection. If the suspension or revocation was related to both a criminal action and an order of protection or temporary order of protection, then the later of the two waiting periods shall apply.
- (e) Upon receipt of the permittee's letter, the License Division shall schedule the permittee for a hearing and notify the permittee by mail. However, requests for hearings shall not be entertained, and a hearing shall not be scheduled, unless the permittee complies with the provisions of subdivision (c) above, and forwards a Certificate of Final Disposition or Certificate of Relief from Disabilities, if applicable, to the License Division.
- $\overline{[(g)]}$ If after a hearing the permittee wishes to appeal the decision he may do so in the same manner as set forth for denial of original applications.]
- § 3-06 Renewal of Permit. Prior to the expiration of her/his rifle/shotgun permit the permittee [will] shall answer all questions, comply with all instructions, submit a certified check or money order made Department as required, sign and date the notice and forward it to the [Firearms Control] Rifle/Shotqun Section. In the event the permittee does not wish to renew her/his permit, s/he [must] shall surrender her/his permit and all [firearms] rifles/shotqun to rifles/shotqun in accordance with § 3-10 or § 3-12 below. Any delays in

renewing the permit may result in confiscation of all the permittee's rifles/shotguns by the New York City Police Department. Renewal of the permit may be disapproved if the permittee makes a false statement in connection with the renewal.

- § 3-07 Possession and Registration of Permit. (a) The [license] $\underline{\text{permit}}$ issued to the permittee by the [Firearms Control] $\underline{\text{Rifle/Shotqun}}$ Section enables the permittee to possess only rifles or shotguns that are properly registered under $\underline{\text{her/his}}$ permit.
- (b) The permittee [must] $\underline{\text{shall}}$ have the permit to possess rifles and shotguns in $\underline{\text{her}}/\text{his}$ possession at all times when in possession or carrying a rifle and/or shotgun in addition to a separate certificate of registration for that particular rifle and/or shotgun.
- (c) Permittees are not permitted to purchase, acquire, sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of any rifle and/or shotgun and ammunition from or to gun dealers or individuals without exhibiting a [Firearms Control Section] Rifle/Shotqun Permit.
 - (d) The permit is not transferable.
- § 3-08 Change of Address. The permittee [must] shall notify [Firearms Control] the Rifle/Shotgun Section of any change in address within ten (10) calendar days. [The permittee must cross out old address and print new address and new police precinct using ink in space provided.]
- § 3-09 Lost or Stolen Documents and [Longarms] Rifles/Shotquns. All lost or stolen documents and [longarms must] rifles/shotquns shall be reported to the precinct in which the [licensee] permittee resides or the theft or loss was discovered. The permittee [must] shall obtain a complaint number from the precinct and report in person the loss or theft to the [Firearms Control] Rifle/Shotqun Section [on form PD 641-151] within [5] five (5) calendar days of the loss. [A separate report must be made for each lost or stolen firearms/document.] A fee of two (2) dollars is charged for each document for which a replacement is requested. This fee [must] shall be paid by certified check or money order made payable to the N.Y.C. Police Department and shall accompany the report. The permittee [should] shall not send cash. For lost permits two color [full face] photos of permittee, 1-1/2["] X 1-1/2["] inches, [must] from the chest up, taken within the past thirty (30) days shall also be provided. The wearing of any article of clothing or other adornment obscuring the identification of the wearer is not acceptable.
- § 3-10 Request to Cancel Permit. The permittee [must] shall notify the [Firearms Control] Rifle/Shotgun Section if s/he wishes to cancel or decline to renew her/his rifle/shotgun permit by forwarding the permit, certificate(s) of registration, and a notarized letter to the Rifle/Shotgun Section. The letter shall inform the [Firearms Control] Rifle/Shotgun Section [will supply a form to assist the permittee in cancelling his permit] where the rifles/shotguns are located or how they have otherwise been disposed of.
- § 3-11 Purchase of Ammunition. The certificate of registration [must] \underline{shall} be presented to a [gun] dealer \underline{in} rifles and $\underline{shotguns}$ at time of purchase of ammunition [for caliber] \underline{to} confirm calibre or gauge of said specified rifle or shotgun.
- § 3-12 Disposal of Rifles and Shotguns. (a) The permittee may sell or dispose of her/his [firearm] rifle/shotgun only to a licensed dealer in rifles and shotguns, to the holder of a valid rifle [and] / shotgun permit, or to an individual who is exempt from [needing a permit by law (i.e. police officers) or to a nonresident not subject to] the permit requirements of the City of New York. When the permittee sells her/his rifle or shotgun, shall complete a certificate of registration. These forms may be obtained from the [Firearms Control] Rifle/Shotgun and [must] shall be forwarded to the [Firearms Control] Rifle/Shotgun Section within 72 hours of disposition.
- (b) Pursuant to New York City Administrative Code § 10-311(a), it shall be unlawful for any person or business enterprise to dispose of any rifle or shotgun which does not contain a safety locking device, defined as a design adaptation or attachable accessory that will prevent the use of the weapon by

without the alignment of the combination tumblers; or

(3) a detachable or non-detachable locking device, composed primarily of steel or other metal of significant gauge to inhibit breaking, utilizing a metallic key or combination lock, rendering the weapon inoperable until the locking device is removed by an authorized person.

- (c) Pursuant to New York City Administrative Code § 10-311(b), it shall be unlawful for any licensed manufacturer, licensed importer, or licensed dealer to dispose of any rifle or shotqun in New York City unless it is accompanied by the following warning, which shall appear in conspicuous and legible type in capital letters, and which shall be printed on a label affixed to the rifle or shotqun and on a separate sheet of paper included within the packaging enclosing the rifle or shotqun: "THE USE OF A LOCKING DEVICE OR SAFETY LOCK IS ONLY ONE ASPECT OF RESPONSIBLE WEAPON STORAGE. ALL WEAPONS SHOULD BE STORED UNLOADED AND LOCKED IN A LOCATION THAT IS BOTH SEPARATE FROM THEIR AMMUNITION AND INACCESSIBLE TO CHILDREN AND ANY OTHER UNAUTHORIZED PERSONS."
- § 3-13 Transfer of [Longarm] <u>Rifles/Shotguns</u> from an Estate. The following procedures [must] <u>shall</u> be followed to dispose of any [longarms] <u>rifles/shotguns</u> belonging to an estate:

(a) A copy of the death certificate [must] shall be provided.

- (b) The legal heir, executor, executrix, administrator or administratrix [must] shall establish [his/] her/his claim to be legal heir, executor or administrator. This is done by one of the following means:
- (1) [If there is no will but there is a surviving spouse then the surviving spouse will be required to submit a notarized statement indicating that he or she is the legal heir by reason of being the surviving spouse, that there is no will and concluding how the longarms will be disposed of.
- (2)] If there is no [will] $\underline{\text{Will}}$ [and no surviving spouse], then any person claiming to be the administrator or administratrix [must] $\underline{\text{shall}}$ submit Letters [Testamentary] of Administration from the Surrogate's Court.
- submit Letters [Testamentary] of Administration from the Surrogate's Court.

 [(3)] (2) If there is a [will] Will then the executor or executrix [must] shall submit Letters Testamentary issued by the Surrogate's Court.
- [(4)] $\underline{(3)}$ All requests for transfer of [longarms must] $\underline{\text{rifles/shotquns shall}}$ be made on [PD 641-121,] $\underline{\text{Police Department}}$ Disposition Report.
- (c) If any [longarms] <u>rifles/shotquns</u> are to be transferred to a New York City resident the person receiving the [longarms must] <u>rifles/shotquns shall</u> have a valid New York City rifle/shotgun permit.
- § 3-14 Supplemental Rules. (a) The permittee's rifle or shotgun [cannot] shall not be loaded in a public place within New York City at any time except when using it at a licensed rifle and shotgun range.
- (b) When the permittee travels to and from a licensed range or hunting area, or transports her/his [firearm] rifle/shotqun for any reason, it [must] shall be carried unloaded in a locked, non-transparent case, and the ammunition [must] shall be carried separately. If the permittee is transporting her/his [firearm] rifle/shotqun in a vehicle, it [should] shall be kept locked in the trunk or equivalent space, not in plain view. The permittee [must] shall never leave her/his [firearm] rifle/shotqun in a vehicle [unattended] unless s/he is physically present in or in close proximity to the vehicle.
- (c) The permittee [may] \underline{shall} never alter, remove, obliterate or deface any of the following markings that may be on $\underline{her/his}$ [firearm] $\underline{rifle/shotqun}$:
 - (1) name of the manufacturer;
 - (2) model;
- (3) serial number. This information identifies the rifle or shotgun in the permittee's possession.
- (d) Pursuant to New York City Administrative Code § 10-311(c), any person who applies for and obtains authorization to purchase, or otherwise lawfully obtains, a rifle or shotgun shall be required to purchase or obtain a safety locking device at the time s/he purchases or obtains the rifle or

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shotqun. Pursuant to New York City Administrative Code § 10-311(d), the City of New York and its agencies, officers or employees shall not be liable to any party by reason of any incident involving, or the use or misuse of a safety locking device that may have been purchased in compliance with these rules. The permittee [must] shall take proper safety measures at all times to keep her/his [firearm(s)] rifle/shotqun from unauthorized persons -- especially children. The permittee's rifle or shotgun should be kept unloaded and locked in a secure location in her/his home. Ammunition [should] shall be stored separately from her/his rifle or shotgun.

Note: Many [firearms] <u>rifles/shotquns</u> that are stolen in residential burglaries are taken from bedroom closets.

- (e) [A particularly effective safety measure when storing a rifle/shotgun, especially in homes with small children, is the use of a safety locking device on the rifle/shotgun, such as a trigger lock or other detachable or non-detachable locking device composed primarily of steel or other metal of significant gauge to inhibit breaking, utilizing a metallic key or combination lock, rendering the weapon inoperable until the locking device is removed by an authorized person. Safety locking devices may be obtained from most dealers in rifles and shotguns.] Pursuant to New York City Administrative Code § 10-312, it shall be a criminal violation for any person who is the lawful owner or lawful custodian of a rifle or shotgun to store or otherwise place or leave such weapon in such a manner or under circumstances that it is out of her/his immediate possession or control, without having rendered such weapon inoperable by employing a safety locking device as defined in section 3-12(b) of this chapter. Such offense shall constitute a misdemeanor if the offender has previously been found guilty of such violation or if the violation is committed under circumstances which create a substantial risk of physical injury to another person.
- (f) While there is no limit in the number of rifles or shotguns the permittee may possess, <u>s/he</u> should be advised that [licensees] <u>permittees</u> who own several [firearms will] <u>rifles/shotguns shall</u> be expected to safeguard and maintain each rifle or shotgun.
- (g) Minors under the age of eighteen may carry or use the permittee's rifle or shotgun only in [his] the permittee's actual presence. The [licensee will] permittee shall be held responsible [to supervise] for supervising closely any minor using her/his [firearm] rifle/shotgun. The minor, in turn, [will] shall be expected to abide by the same rules and restrictions as a [licensee] permittee.
- (h) It is recommended that new [licensees] <u>permittees</u> take advantage of instruction and safety courses in the use of [firearms] $\underline{rifles/shotquns}$ that are offered by the rifle ranges and clubs within the New York area. The [licensee] <u>permittee</u> should consult the local consumer telephone directory to find out more about a course offered in $\underline{her/}$ his area.
- (i) New laws or amendments of existing rules may be enacted by [the Legislature] a legislature or promulgated by the Police Department affecting the ownership or use of [firearms] $\underline{\text{rifles/shotquns}}$. The [licensee will] $\underline{\text{permittee shall}}$ be held responsible [to know of] $\underline{\text{for knowing}}$ any modification of rules pertaining to $\underline{\text{her/his}}$ permit.
- (j) The [license] <u>permit</u> to possess a rifle or shotgun [is valid for three years after the date it is] <u>expires three years after the last day of the month in which the permit was</u> issued. The [licensee] <u>permittee</u> is held responsible [to] <u>for applying to renew her/his [license] permit</u> when it expires. Failure to <u>apply to renew the permit at such time [will] shall result in [confiscation] <u>cancellation</u> of the [license] <u>permit and confiscation of any [firearms] rifles/shotguns</u> the permittee may possess.</u>
- (k) Permittees shall cooperate with all reasonable requests by the Police Department for information and assistance in matters relating to the permit.

Note: References within these rules to the masculine shall be presumed to include the feminine and neuter. References to singular shall be presumed to include the plural.

* * *

Chapter 4 of Title 38 of the Rules of the City of New York is amended to read as follows:

Chapter 4 Gunsmiths and Dealers in Firearms

§ 4-01 Introduction. The following rules are hereby promulgated for the licensing and regulation of gunsmiths, manufacturers, [and] dealers in firearms and dealers in air pistols, air rifles or similar instruments. Licensees are held responsible for the strict enforcement of and adherence to these rules. Any violation thereof is cause for suspension and/or revocation of the subject license.

§ 4-02 Definitions.

Air pistols, air rifles, or similar instruments. ["Air] The terms "air pistols," "air rifles," or "similar instruments" shall mean[,] any instrument designed or redesigned, made or remade to use the energy of a spring or air to fire a projectile.

Ammunition. ["Ammunition"] The term "ammunition" shall mean any explosives suitable to be fired from a firearm, machine-gun, [pistol, revolver,] rifle, shotgun or other dangerous [weapons] weapon.

[Antique firearm. "Antique firearm" shall mean any unloaded muzzle loading pistol or revolver with a matchlock, flintlock, percussion cap, or similar type of ignition system, or a pistol or revolver which uses fixed cartridges which are no longer available in the ordinary channels of commercial trade.] Applicant, licensee or license. ["Applicant] The terms "applicant," "licensee" or "licensee" shall mean and refer to gunsmiths, manufacturers, [and] dealers in firearms and dealers in air pistols, air rifles, or similar instruments unless expressly restricted.

Assault weapon. The term "assault weapon" shall mean an "assault weapon" as defined in § 10-301(16) of the New York City Administrative Code.

Assembler. ["Assembler"] <u>The term "assembler"</u> shall include any person, firm, partnership, corporation or company who engages in the business of joining or fitting together any firearm or parts thereof.

Commissioner. The term "Commissioner" shall mean the Police Commissioner of the City of New York.

Dealer in air pistols, air rifles or similar instruments. The term "Dealer in air pistols, air rifles or similar instruments" shall mean any person, firm, partnership, corporation or company who engages in the business of purchasing, selling, keeping for sale, loaning, leasing, or in any manner disposing of, any air pistol, air rifle or similar instrument. Dealer in air pistols, air rifles or similar instruments shall not include a wholesale dealer.

Dealer in firearms. ["Dealer] The term "dealer in firearms" shall mean any person, firm, partnership, corporation or company who engages in the business of purchasing, selling, keeping for sale, loaning, leasing, or in any manner disposing of, any pistol[,] or revolver [or firearm]. Dealer in firearms shall

not include a wholesale dealer.

Employee. ["Employee"] The term "employee" shall mean [all persons employed in any capacity whatsoever, except that in the case of a licensee whose business of dealing in pistols is secondary or incidental to its main merchandising operations, the term shall include only those employees who have physical access to the firearms. In the latter case this shall include, but not be limited to clerks, salesmen, buyers, porters and cleaners] any person who is employed by a licensed gunsmith, manufacturer or dealer in firearms and who has access in any manner to firearms, rifles, shotguns, machine-guns, or assault weapons.

Firearm. ["Firearm"] The term "firearm" shall mean [any pistol, revolver, sawed-off shotgun or other firearm of a size] a "firearm" as defined in § 265.00 of the New York State Penal Law and shall include a pistol, a revolver, and any firearm which may be concealed upon the person.

Gunsmith. ["Gunsmith"] The term "qunsmith" shall mean any person, firm, partnership, corporation or company who engages in the business of repairing, altering, assembling, manufacturing, cleaning, polishing, engraving or trueing, or who performs any mechanical operation on any rifle, shotgun, firearm, [or] machine-gun, or assault weapon.

Machine-gun. ["Machine-gun"] The term "machine-gun" shall mean a weapon of any description, irrespective of size, by whatever name known, loaded or unloaded, from which a number of shots or bullets may be rapidly or automatically discharged from a magazine with one continuous pull of the trigger and includes a submachine gun.

Manufacturer. ["Manufacturer"] The term "manufacturer" shall include any person, firm, partnership, corporation or company who engages in the business of machining, producing, constructing, or making any firearm, rifle, shotgun, machine-gun, assault weapon, firearm frames or receivers. The term "manufacturer" shall include "assembler".

Rifle. ["Rifle"] The term "rifle" shall mean a [weapon designed or redesigned, made or remade, and intended to be fired from the shoulder and designed or redesigned and made or remade to use the energy of the explosive in a fixed metallic cartridge to fire only a single projectile through a rifle bore for each pull of the trigger] "rifle" as defined in § 265.00 of the New York State Penal Law, except that for purposes of this chapter a rifle shall have a barrel length of no less than sixteen inches and an overall length of no less than twenty-six inches.

Shotgun. ["Shotgun"] The term "shotgun" shall mean a [weapon designed or redesigned, made or remade, and intended to be fired from the shoulder and designed or redesigned and made or remade to use the energy of the explosive in a fixed shotgun shell to fire through a smooth bore either a number of ball shot or a single projectile for each single pull of the trigger] "shotgun" as defined in § 265.00 of the New York State Penal Law, except that for purposes of this chapter a shotgun shall have a barrel length of no less than eighteen inches and an overall length of no less than twenty-six inches.

- § 4-03 Requirements of Applicants. (a) Applications for [firearms] dealer $\underline{\text{in}}$ $\underline{\text{firearms}}$, gunsmith, $\underline{\text{manufacturer}}$ and dealer in air pistols and air rifles shall be filed in the precinct in which the business premises is located.
- (b) An applicant [must] <u>shall</u> be over 21 years of age and maintain a place of business in the city, and if the applicant is a partnership, each member [must] <u>shall</u> be over 21 years of age; if the applicant is a corporation each officer [must] <u>shall</u> be over 21 years of age.
- (c) Each applicant [must] <u>shall</u> be a citizen of <u>the</u> United States[, except aliens who are citizens of nations with which the United States has commercial treaties].
 - (d) Each applicant shall be of good moral character.
- (e) Each applicant shall never have been convicted anywhere of a felony or any other "serious offense" as [listed] <u>defined</u> in [Article] § 265.00[, subdivision 17] (17) of the <u>New York State</u> Penal Law, or of a <u>misdemeanor crime</u> of domestic violence, as defined in § 921(a) of title 18 of the United States Code.
- (f) No license shall be issued or renewed to any applicant who has not disclosed whether s/he is or has been the subject or recipient of an order of protection or a temporary order of protection, or the subject of a suspension or ineligibility order issued pursuant to § 530.14 of the New York State Criminal Procedure Law or § 842-a of the New York State Family Court Act.
- $\underline{\text{(g)}}$ No license shall be issued or renewed to any applicant unless $\underline{\text{s}}/\text{he}$ has stated whether $\underline{\text{s}}/\text{he}$ has ever suffered any mental illness or been confined to any hospital or institution, public or private, for mental illness.
- (h) Each applicant shall be free from any disability or condition that may affect the ability to safely possess or use a rifle, shotgun, firearm, machine-gun, assault weapon, air pistol or air rifle.
- [(g)] $\underline{(i)}$ No license shall be transferable to any other person or premises. The license shall mention and describe the premises for which it is issued and shall be valid only for such premises.
- [(h)] $\underline{(j)}$ A license issued pursuant to this section shall be prominently displayed on the licensed premises. Failure of any licensee to so exhibit or display $\underline{\text{her/h}}$ his license shall be presumptive evidence that $\underline{\text{s/h}}$ is not duly licensed.
- [(i)] $\underline{(k)}$ If applicant has any branch units in the [city] $\underline{\text{City of New}}$ $\underline{\text{York}}$ where any firearms, rifles, shotquns, machine-guns, assault weapons, air $\underline{\text{pistols}}$, or air rifles are stored or any activities requiring a license are conducted, a separate application [must] $\underline{\text{shall}}$ be filed with the precinct where each branch is located and a separate license secured for each premises.
- [(j)] (1) Each applicant [must] shall be fingerprinted[, but the Police Commissioner may waive the fingerprinting of directors and stockholders] pursuant to the provisions of New York State Penal Law § 400.00.
- pursuant to the provisions of New York State Penal Law § 400.00.

 [(k)] (m) A corporation [must] shall file a certified copy of its articles of incorporation with application.
 - [(1)] (n) If names of current officers do not appear in articles, a

certified copy of the minutes of the directors' meeting at which current officers were elected [will] shall be submitted with application.

- [(m)] $\underline{\text{(o)}}$ If there is a change of officers in a corporation, the corporation [will] $\underline{\text{shall}}$ send to $\underline{\text{the}}$ License Division, $\underline{\text{One Police Plaza, Room }}$ $\underline{\text{110A, New York, New York 10038,}}$ a certified copy of the minutes showing names of new officers.
- [(n)] $\underline{(p)}$ If applicant represents a partnership or uses a trade name, a certificate from \underline{the} county clerk of the county in which the certificate is recorded [will] \underline{shall} be filed with application.
- [(o) The conviction of a licensee anywhere of a felony or any other "Serious Offense" as listed in Article 265.00, subdivision 17 of the Penal Law shall operate as a revocation of the license. (p)] (q) Change of residence address for any individual licensee, partner, officer, stockholder, or director of a corporation, except those stockholders or directors whose fingerprints are waived, shall be filed with the [commanding officer] Commanding Officer of the precinct wherein the premises is located, within 48 hours after change becomes effective.
- [(q)] <u>(r)</u> Applications shall be submitted together with the application fee on forms supplied by the Commissioner and shall be subscribed and sworn to by all individual applicants, partners, <u>stockholders</u> or officers of the corporation as the case may be. The [application] <u>annual</u> fee, <u>to be submitted</u> with the application, by certified check or money order payable to the N.Y.C. <u>Police Department</u>, shall be twenty-five (\$25) dollars for a gunsmith [application] <u>or manufacturer</u>, [and] fifty (\$50) dollars for a dealer in firearms [application] <u>and ten (\$10) dollars for a dealer in air pistols and air rifles</u>.
- $\overline{\mbox{[(r)]}}$ $\overline{\mbox{(s)}}$ A [material] false statement on the application shall be grounds for disapproval.
- [(s)] $\underline{\text{(t)}}$ Plans and Permits. (1) Applicant shall submit [such] $\underline{\text{architectural}}$ plans of the premises proposed to be licensed and such plans shall be prepared by a registered architect.
- (2) Applicant shall submit a current class (1) Federal Firearms License.
- (3) Applicant shall submit a Certificate of Occupancy (C of O) zoned for gun dealers business. The C of O will state if [premise] premises is approved for more or less than 200 rounds of ammunition. If approved for more than 200 rounds a Fire [Department's] Department permit is required.
- (4) Applicant shall submit a current lease or deed for license location.
- (5) Commanding [Office] <u>Officer</u> or designee (crime prevention officer <u>or community policing supervisor</u>) of the local precinct [will] <u>shall</u> inspect premises to ensure that security measures are adequate. A central station alarm [must] <u>shall</u> be in <u>place</u> and operable.
- (6) Applicant shall submit <u>any and all licenses issued to her/him by the License Division, including</u> a [N.Y.C. Firearms Control Board Dealers]

 New York City Rifle/Shotqun Dealer's License, [for longarms] <u>handqun license, or rifle/shotqun permit</u> [if applicable].
 - (7) [Applicant shall submit a N.Y.C. Tax card.
- (8)] Applicant shall submit a Second-Hand [Dealers] <u>Dealer's</u> License issued by the Department of Consumer Affairs, if applicable.
- (u) During the pendency of the application, the applicant shall notify the License Division of any necessary correction to or modification of the information provided in the original application, or any change in her/his status or circumstances, which may be relevant to the application.

 (v) If her/his license application is disapproved the applicant shall
- (v) If her/his license application is disapproved the applicant shall receive a written "Notice of Application Disapproval" from the License Division indicating the reason(s) for the disapproval. If the applicant wishes to appeal the decision s/he shall submit a sworn written statement, which shall be known as an "Appeal of Application Disapproval," to the Division Head, License Division, within thirty (30) calendar days of the date on the "Notice of Application Disapproval" requesting an appeal of the denial, and setting forth the reasons supporting the appeal. The Appeal of Application Disapproval shall become part of the application. It shall state the grounds for the appeal and shall contain the following statement to be signed by the applicant and notarized: "Under penalty of perjury, deponent being duly sworn, says that s/he is familiar with all of the statements contained herein and that each of these statements is true, and no pertinent facts have been

omitted." Appeals that are unsworn by the applicant or submitted by individuals or business entities other than the applicant or her/his New York State licensed attorney shall not be accepted. All timely appeals shall receive a complete review of the applicant's entire file by the Division Head, License Division, who shall notify the applicant of her/his determination. The Division Head, License Division shall not consider any documentation that was not submitted during the initial background investigation. There shall be no personal interviews to discuss appeals. If the appeal of her/his disapproval is denied, the applicant shall receive a "Notice of Disapproval After Appeal" letter from the Division Head, License Division. This notice concludes the Police Department's administrative review procedure.

§ 4-04 Licensee Requirements. (a) [Prior to employment each prospective employee shall be fingerprinted at the precinct wherein the business is located; each prospective employee shall submit one photograph, not machine type, of recent date, 2" X 2"; written verification of fingerprinting shall be given to each prospective employee.] For purposes of this section, all employees, as defined in § 4-02 of this chapter, of a licensed gunsmith or dealer in firearms, shall personally be in possession of the required, valid license(s) or permit(s) issued by the License Division to possess handquns, rifles and/or shotguns. No person shall be employed who has been convicted [in this state, or elsewhere,] <u>anywhere</u> of a felony [or a], misdemeanor [or], <u>serious</u> offense as [listed in § 400.00 of the Penal Law] <u>defined in §</u> 265.00(17) of the New York State Penal Law, or a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence, as defined in § 921(a) of title 18 of the United States Code. No person shall be employed who is the subject of a suspension or ineliqibility order issued pursuant to § 530.14 of the New York State Criminal Procedure Law or § 842-a of the New York State Family Court Act. The fitness of any employee for continued employment is subject to review by the Commissioner. The licensee may be directed to terminate such employment if such employment involves access in any manner to firearms, rifles, shotquns, machine-quns, or assault weapons, based upon [a conviction] an arrest for any offense, or upon previous connection with a premises wherein the license was revoked or denied, or on said employee's character or reputation, or upon the employee's being or becoming the recipient or subject of an order of protection or a temporary order of protection. Licensees shall submit a roster of employees in triplicate on a form prescribed by the Commissioner, together with original application and with each renewal application. A report of any change of personnel, or change of residence address of an employee shall be filed in writing with the [commanding officer] Commanding Officer of the precinct wherein the [premise] premises is located, within 48 hours after such change becomes effective.

(b) No firearms shall be sold, or given away, or otherwise disposed of, except to a person expressly authorized under the [provision] provisions of [§§ 265.00 and 400.00] Articles 265 and 400 of the New York State Penal Law and [§§ 1.20] §§ 1.20 and 2.10 of the [C.P.L.] New York State Criminal Procedure Law to possess and have such firearm. Any police officer or [a] peace officer as defined in the Criminal Procedure Law[, must] shall produce her/his shield and proper identification card before purchasing a pistol or revolver. [In addition,] A peace officer whose status does not confer authorization to possess firearms pursuant to § 2.10 of the New York State Criminal Procedure Law shall possess a handqun license or rifle/shotqun permit in order to be a lawful transferee. Therefore, before delivering a firearm, rifle, shotqun, machine-qun or assault weapon to a peace officer, the licensee shall verify that person's status as a peace officer with the [division of State Police] License Division Incident Section at (212) 374-5538 or 5539.

[No sale of a pistol or revolver shall be made to a special patrolman except upon presentation of form P.D. 643-053, Pistol Purchase Authorization.]

(c) Pursuant to New York City Administrative Code § 10-311(a), it shall be unlawful for any person or business enterprise to dispose of any [pistol or revolver] <u>firearm</u> which does not contain a safety locking device, defined as a design adaptation or attachable accessory that will prevent the use of the weapon by an unauthorized user. The following types of safety locking devices will be deemed to comply with this provision:

(1) a trigger lock, which prevents the pulling of the trigger without the use of a key; or

(2) a combination handle, which prevents the use of the weapon

without the alignment of the combination tumblers; or

(3) a detachable or non-detachable locking device, composed primarily of steel or other metal of significant gauge to inhibit breaking, utilizing a metallic key or combination lock, rendering the weapon inoperable until the locking device is removed by an authorized person.

- (d) Pursuant to New York City Administrative Code § 10-311(b), it shall be unlawful for any licensed manufacturer, licensed importer, or licensed dealer to [sell, deliver or transfer] dispose of any [pistol or revolver] firearm in New York City unless it is accompanied by the following warning, which shall appear in conspicuous and legible type in capital letters, and which shall be printed on a label affixed to the [handgun] firearm and on a separate sheet of paper included within the packaging enclosing the [handgun] firearm: "THE USE OF A LOCKING DEVICE OR SAFETY LOCK IS ONLY ONE ASPECT OF RESPONSIBLE [FIREARM] WEAPON STORAGE. [FIREARMS] ALL WEAPONS SHOULD BE STORED UNLOADED AND LOCKED IN A LOCATION THAT IS BOTH SEPARATE FROM THEIR AMMUNITION AND INACCESSIBLE TO CHILDREN AND ANY OTHER UNAUTHORIZED PERSONS."
- (e) <u>Pursuant to New York City Administrative Code § 10-311(c)</u>, any person who applies for and obtains authorization to purchase, or otherwise lawfully obtains, a firearm shall be required to purchase or obtain a safety locking device at the time s/he purchases or obtains the firearm.

(f) Pursuant to New York City Administrative Code § 10-311(d), the City of New York and its agencies, officers or employees shall not be liable to any party by reason of any incident involving, or the use or misuse of a safety locking device that may have been purchased in compliance with these rules.

(q) In the event that any individual lacking authority to possess [such weapon leaves any] <u>a</u> firearm, rifle, [or] shotgun, machine-gun or assault weapon attempts to leave such weapon with a licensee for cleaning, repairing or other processing, [or in the event that such an individual offers to sell or otherwise disposes of such weapon to a licensee, the licensee shall attempt to detain such individual and immediately notify the precinct wherein the premises is located. If the licensee believes that attempting to detain such individual might endanger his life or that of his employees, he may refrain from such action; however, he shall report the incident to the precinct wherein the premises is located as soon as the threat of bodily harm has been removed] the licensee may accept the firearm, rifle, shotgun, machine-gun or assault weapon and obtain the name, address, telephone number, etc. of the person leaving the weapon. The licensee shall immediately report the incident to the precinct wherein the premises is located. If the licensee does not accept the firearm, rifle, shotgun, machine-qun or assault weapon for cleaning, repairing, or other processing, s/he shall report the incident to the precinct wherein the premises is located as soon as the individual possessing the weapon leaves the premises.

In the event that any individual lacking authority to possess a firearm, rifle, shotgun, machine-gun or assault weapon offers to sell or otherwise dispose of such weapon to a licensee, the licensee shall attempt to obtain the name, address, and telephone number of said individual and shall notify the precinct wherein the premises is located as soon as said individual leaves the premises. [(f)] (h) The licensee and all stockholders, officers, directors, applicants, agents and employees shall at all times comply with all laws, rules, regulations and requirements of all federal, state and [city] local jurisdictions and agencies having authority with respect to the premises and conduct and operation of the licensed business, now in effect or hereafter adopted.

- [(g)] (i) The licensee shall [promptly report in writing to the commanding officer] immediately make a telephone notification to the Division Head, License Division and the Commanding Officer of the precinct wherein the premises is located, followed by written notice to both within ten (10) calendar days [with a copy to the commanding officer, License Division], of any incident or violations of law [as regards] or rules of federal, state or local jurisdictions regarding her/himself, partners, officers, directors, [or] stockholders, agents or employees of the licensed corporation[, or any violation of law, rules or regulations of federal, state or city jurisdictions] affecting the premises or business operations. For purposes of this subdivision, an incident includes:
 - (1) arrest, indictment or conviction in any jurisdiction;
 - (2) summons (except traffic infraction);
 - (3) suspension or ineliqibility order issued pursuant to § 530.14

- of the New York State Criminal Procedure Law or § 842-a of the New York State Family Court Act;
- (4) the fact that the individual is or becomes the subject or recipient of an order of protection or a temporary order of protection;

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- (5) admission to any psychiatric institution, sanitarium and/or the receipt of psychiatric treatment;

 (6) receipt of treatment for alcoholism or drug abuse;
- (7) the presence or occurrence of a disability or condition that may affect the handling of a firearm, rifle, shotqun, machine-qun or assault weapon including but not limited to epilepsy, diabetes, fainting spells, blackouts, temporary loss of memory, or nervous disorder;
 - (8) lost, stolen, altered or mutilated license; or
- (9) unauthorized discharge of a firearm, rifle, shotqun, machinegun or assault weapon on the licensee's premises.
- (j) The conviction of a licensee anywhere of a felony or any other "Serious Offense" as defined in § 265.00(17) of the New York State Penal Law, or of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence, as defined in § 921(a) of title 18 of the United States Code, shall operate as a revocation of the license. A license may also be revoked or suspended by a court pursuant to § 530.14 of the New York State Criminal Procedure Law or § 842-a of the New York State Family Court Act.
- (k) If her/his license is suspended or revoked, the licensee shall be required to deposit any firearms, rifles, shotguns, machine-guns and assault weapons as well as any handgun license or rifle/shotgun permit in her/his possession with her/his local police precinct and forward a copy of the voucher together with her/his license to the License Division. Her/his failure to comply within ten (10) calendar days from the date of suspension or revocation may result in the arrest of the licensee.
- (1) A license may be suspended and/or revoked by the License Division for good cause by the issuance of a Notice of Determination Letter to the licensee, which shall state in brief the grounds for the suspension or revocation and notify the licensee of the opportunity for a hearing. Upon issuance of a written Notice of Determination Letter notifying the licensee of suspension or revocation of the license, a suspended/former licensee shall have thirty (30) calendar days from the date of the notice of determination to submit a written request for a hearing to the Commanding Officer, License Division, One Police Plaza, Room 110A, New York, New York, 10038. A licensee whose arrest or summons resulted in suspension or revocation of her/his license may only submit a written request for a hearing within thirty (30) calendar days after the termination of the criminal action, as defined in New York State Criminal Procedure Law § 1.20(16)(c). If the suspension or revocation resulted from the licensee becoming the subject of an order of protection or a temporary order of protection, the licensee may only submit a written request for a hearing within thirty (30) calendar days after the expiration or voiding of the order of protection or temporary order of protection. If the suspension or revocation was related to both a criminal action and an order of protection or temporary order of protection, then the later of the two waiting periods shall apply.
- [(h)] (m) A license issued shall be valid only for the premises mentioned and described in the license and shall be prominently displayed on such premises.
- [(i) Serviceable small arms] (n) Pursuant to New York City Administrative Code § 10-312, it shall be a criminal violation for any person who is the lawful owner or lawful custodian of a firearm to store or otherwise place or leave such weapon in such a manner or under circumstances that it is out of her/his immediate possession or control, without having rendered such weapon inoperable by employing a safety locking device as defined in subdivision (c) of this section. Such offense shall constitute a misdemeanor if the offender has previously been found quilty of such violation or if the violation is committed under circumstances which create a substantial risk of physical injury to another person. Firearms may be displayed so long as the firearms are enclosed in a glass case within the premises and are removed and adequately safeguarded during the hours the business is closed. [Firearm] Firearms dealers may not display firearms or ammunition in the store windows or doors. Licensees are responsible for the safeguarding of their firearm inventory and the loss of firearm(s) may result in the revocation of the [firearm] firearms dealer's license. All [serviceable small arms] firearms

shall be displayed [(j prior to include a be prepar maintaine

shall be locked in an enclosed security room or safe, when not properly displayed.

[(j)] $\underline{(o)}$ Each licensee shall cause a physical inventory to be taken prior to making application for renewal of $\underline{\text{her/his}}$ license, which shall include a listing of each firearm by make, calibre and serial number and shall be prepared in triplicate. The original copy of the inventory shall be maintained on the premises, the duplicate forwarded to the License Division and the triplicate filed in the precinct. In addition to the annual inventory, the licensee shall maintain a perpetual inventory and establish an internal security system acceptable to the Commissioner.

[(k)] (p) Ammunition shall not be displayed in any area. Any ammunition required in the selling area shall be kept in a locked container not visible to the public. All other ammunition shall be stored in an area of the premises that can be secured and is not in view of the public. Only the licensee and

authorized employees shall have access to this area.

[(1)] (q) A record of all ammunition received and dispensed shall be maintained in a bound book with pages consecutively numbered. It shall be the responsibility of the licensee or a designated employee to make entries in this record. This book together with all invoices received shall be kept in the ammunition storage area.

[(m)] <u>(r)</u> This record shall be arranged in columnar form as outlined below. The first page of this book shall have an inscription bearing the name and address of the premises, license number, name of the owner of the premises, name of employee designated to make entries, and the date of the book being opened. Beginning on page 2, each even numbered page shall contain a record of ammunition received and starting with page 3, each odd numbered page shall contain a record of ammunition dispersed.

AMMUNITION RECEIVED									
Date	Time	Trans- porter/ Manufac- turer	Invoice	Gauge/ Calibre	Type		Signa- ture		
AMMUNITION SOLD									
Date				Quan- Name tity			Identifi cation		
						(how determined)			
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 $\mbox{[(n)]}$ $\mbox{(s)}$ Permission to deviate from the above indicated procedure shall be requested from the [Commanding Officer] $\mbox{Division Head},$ License Division, through the Commanding Officer of the precinct in which the licensed premises is located.

(t) Licensees shall cooperate with all reasonable requests by the Police Department for information and assistance in matters relating to the license.

§ 4-05 Rules Affecting Gunsmiths Only. (a) Every gunsmith shall keep a bound record book with pages numbered consecutively, in which the following information shall be entered:

- (1) The name, address, age and occupation of every person for whom any work is performed on a rifle, shotgun, firearm, [or] machine-gun, or assault weapon.
- (2) Make, model, calibre, serial number of the rifle, shotgun, firearm, [or] machine-gun, or assault weapon, and time, date and nature of the work performed.
- (3) The authority to carry or possess such rifle, shotgun, firearm, [or] machine-gun, or assault weapon; enter date and number of license or permit, if any. If the owner is a police officer or a peace officer as defined in the New York State Criminal Procedure Law, enter rank, shield number, agency, unit assigned, identification number, and license/permit number or License Division notification reference in addition to other captioned information as required.
- (b) Such records shall be maintained at the premises stated in the license and permanently preserved thereat. Such records, as well as the premises and all rifles, shotguns, firearms, [and] machine-guns, and assault weapons thereat, shall be subject to inspection at all times by members of the [N.Y.C.] New York City Police Department.
- (c) In the event of cancellation, <u>suspension</u> or revocation of the license or discontinuance of the business by a licensee, such records shall be delivered to the precinct through which the license was issued and the license forwarded to the License Division.
- (d) A gunsmith shall not engage in the licensed activities of a dealer in firearms, unless $\underline{s}/$ he has first obtained a license as a dealer in firearms.
- § 4-06 Rules Affecting Dealers in Firearms Only. (a) Every dealer in firearms shall keep a bound record book with pages numbered consecutively, in which the following information shall be entered:
- (1) The date, time, name, address, age, occupation, and authority to possess, of every person or firm from whom a [pistol, revolver or] firearm is received, together with the make, calibre and serial number of each such [pistol, revolver or] firearm and the name of the employee of the dealer making the purchase. If the owner is a police officer or a peace officer as defined in the New York State Criminal Procedure Law, enter rank, shield number, agency, unit assigned, [and] identification number, and license/permit number or License Division notification reference, in addition to other captioned information as required.
- (2) When a [pistol, revolver or] firearm[,] is sold, exchanged, or in any manner disposed of by the dealer, the name, age, occupation and address of the person accepting same, her/his authority to purchase, carry or possess, enter date, name of issuing officer and number of license, if any, the make, model, calibre and serial number, time and name of the dealer or person in her/his employ effecting the transaction. If the purchaser is a police officer or a peace officer, as defined in the New York State Criminal Procedure Law, rank, shield number, agency, unit assigned, [and] identification number hex permit number or License Division notification reference, shall be entered in addition to other required information.
- (3) Such records shall be maintained on the premises stated in the license and permanently preserved thereat. Such records, as well as the premises and firearms, shall be subject to inspection at all times by members of the Police Department.
- (4) In the event of cancellation, <u>suspension</u> or revocation of the license, or discontinuance of business by a licensee, such records as well as the permanent inventory records, shall be delivered to the precinct through which license was issued and the license shall be forwarded to the [Commanding Officer] <u>Division Head</u>, License Division.
- (b) Every licensed dealer who sells, gives or otherwise provides any authorized person with a [pistol, revolver or] firearm[,] shall prepare and forward to Stolen Property Inquiry Section, Pistol Index, [1] One Police Plaza, New York [City], [N.Y.] New York 10038 within 72 hours, Form P.D. 524-101 (Pistol Index Card).
- (c) Every acquisition of a second_hand [pistol, revolver or] firearm by a licensed dealer, by trade-in or otherwise, shall be reported and forwarded to Stolen Property Inquiry Section, Pistol Index, [1] One Police Plaza, New York [City], [N.Y.] New York 10038, within 72 hours on Form P.D. 524-151, Dealer's Report on Second_Hand Guns. Each report shall give the date, hour, name and address of each person from whom a [pistol, revolver or] firearm is

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received, the authority to possess and dispose of same, and the make, model, calibre and serial number of each such [pistol, revolver or] firearm. No second—hand [pistol, revolver or] firearm shall be sold or disposed of until the expiration of fifteen (15) days after its acquisition. The date and hour of transmission of each report required hereunder shall be entered in the permanent record book which each licensed dealer is required to maintain under these rules.

[(d) Subject to the discretion of the Commissioner, dealers who engage in both wholesale and retail fields of operation may be permitted a variance to the listed requirements based upon their degree of operation in the retail field. Any request for a variance shall be submitted in writing to the commanding officer of the precinct through which the license was issued.]

§ 4-07 Rules Affecting Air Pistol and Air Rifle Dealers Only.

- [(a)] Every dealer shall keep a record of the name and address of each person purchasing [such instrument or] <u>air pistols</u>, <u>air rifles</u>, <u>or similar</u> instruments, together with place of delivery and said record shall be open to inspection during regular business hours by a member of the [N.Y.C.] <u>New York City Police Department</u>.
- [(b) Every person to whom a license shall be granted to sell, possess and deliver air pistols/air rifles shall pay therefor the appropriate annual fee.]
- § 4-08 Validity of Licenses. (a) A license issued to a dealer in firearms, [or] gunsmith or manufacturer shall be valid until the 1st day of the second January after date of issuance, and may be renewed annually thereafter.
- January after date of issuance, and may be renewed annually thereafter.

 (b) A license for dealers in air pistols/air rifles is an annual license which may [shall] be renewed [annually] thereafter.
- § 4-09 Familiarity with Rules and Law. All licensees shall be required to sign an acknowledgment that they shall be responsible for compliance with all laws, rules, regulations, standards, and procedures promulgated by federal, state, or local jurisdictions, and by federal, state, or local law enforcement agencies, that are applicable to each type of license or permit issued to them. Licensees are specifically reminded of the prohibitions against possession of assault weapons in New York City pursuant to New York City Administrative Code, Title 10, Chapter 3. The License Division shall provide the licensee with the acknowledgment statement to be executed. This acknowledgment statement shall be notarized. Failure to execute the acknowledgment statement and to have it notarized shall result in the license application being denied.

Note: Reference within this chapter to the masculine shall be presumed to include the feminine and neuter. Reference to singular shall be presumed to include the plural.

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Chapter 5 of Title 38 of the Rules of the City of New York is amended to read as follows:

Chapter 5 Handgun Licenses Subchapter A Issuance Of Handgun Licenses

§ 5-01 Types of Handgun Licenses. As used in this chapter, the term "handqun" shall mean a pistol or revolver. This section contains a description of the various types of handgun licenses issued by the Police Department. Section 5-09 of this subchapter contains a description of the procedure for obtaining an exemption from New York State Penal Law Article 265, allowing pre-license possession of a handgun for the purpose of possessing and using a handgun for instructional purposes with a certified instructor in small arms at an authorized small arms range/shooting club.

(a) Premises License -- Residence or Business. This is a restricted handgun license, issued for a specific business or residence location. The handgun shall be safeguarded at the specific address indicated on the license. This license permits the transporting of an unloaded handgun directly to and from an authorized small arms range/shooting club, secured unloaded in a

(b) [Target License. This is a handgun license which permits the transporting of an unloaded handgun in a locked container to and from an authorized range.

(c)] Carry Business <u>License</u>. This is an unrestricted class of license which permits the carrying of a handgun concealed on the person. <u>In the event that an applicant is not found by the License Division to be qualified for a Carry Business License, the License Division, based on its investigation of the applicant, may offer a Limited Carry Business License or a Business Premises License to an applicant.</u>

[(d)] (c) Limited Carry Business License. This is a restricted handgun license which permits the licensee to carry the handgun listed on the license concealed on the person to and from specific locations during the specific days and times set forth on the license. Proper cause, as defined in § 5-03, shall need to be shown only for that specific time frame that the applicant needs to carry a handgun concealed on her/his person. At all other times the handgun shall be safeguarded at the specific address indicated on the license, and secured unloaded in a locked container.

[(e)] (d) [Security] <u>Carry Guard License</u>[/Courier/Private Investigator]/Gun Custodian License. These are restricted types of carry licenses, valid when <u>the</u> holder is actually engaged in a work assignment as a security guard[, courier, private investigator] or gun custodian.

security guard[, courier, private investigator] or gun custodian.

[(f)] (e) Special Licenses. Special licenses are issued according to the provisions of § 400.00 of the New York State Penal Law, to persons in possession of a valid New York State County License. The revocation, cancellation, suspension or surrender of [his] such person's County License automatically renders her/his [N.Y.C.] New York City license void. The holder of a Special License [must] shall carry her/his County License at all times when possessing a handgun pursuant to such Special License.

(1) [Special Target License. This is a restricted type of special license, permitting the transportation of an unloaded handgun in a locked container to and from an authorized range.

(2)] Special [Limited] Carry Business License. This is a special license, [limited to] permitting the carrying of a concealed handgun on the person [only] while the licensee is [actually engaged in the performance of his duties] in New York City.

his duties] in New York City.

[(3)] (2) Special Carry Guard License [-- Security Guard/Courier/Private Investigator]/Gun Custodian License. [This is a type]

These are restricted types of special [license] licenses that [permits] permit the carrying of a concealed handgun on the person only when the licensee is actually engaged in the performance of her/his duties as a security guard[, courier, private investigator] or gun custodian.

§ 5-02 Premises [and Target] Licenses. The requirements for the issuance of a [premises and/or target license] Premises License are [as follows:] listed below. The license application shall be investigated, including a review of the circumstances relevant to the information provided in the application. During the pendency of the application, the applicant shall notify the License Division of any necessary correction to or modification of the information provided in the original application, or any change in her/his status or circumstances, which may be relevant to the application.

The applicant [must] shall:

- (a) Be of good moral character;
- (b) Have no prior conviction for a felony or other serious offense, as defined in § 265.00(17) of the New York State Penal Law, or of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence, as defined in § 921(a) of title 18 of the United States Code;
- (c) <u>Disclose whether s/he is or has been the subject or recipient of an order of protection or a temporary order of protection;</u>
- (d) Have no prior revocation of a license nor be the subject of a suspension or ineliqibility order issued pursuant to § 530.14 of the New York State Criminal Procedure Law or § 842-a of the New York State Family Court Act;

<u>(e)</u> Disclose any history of mental illness;

[(d)] <u>(f)</u> Be free from any [mental disorders, defects, or disease] <u>disability or condition</u> that [would impair] <u>may affect the</u> ability to safely possess or use [firearm] <u>a handqun</u>;

- [(e)] (g) Reside or maintain a principal place of business within the confines of New York City;
- [(f)] (h) Be an applicant concerning whom no good cause exists for the denial of such license;
 - [(q)] (i) Be at least 21 years of age.
- § 5-03 Carry [Business] and Special [Validation Carry Business] Handgun Licenses. In addition to the requirements in § 5-02, an applicant seeking a carry or special [business] handgun license [will] shall be required to show "proper cause" pursuant to § 400.00(2)(f) of the New York State Penal Law. "Proper cause" is determined by a review of all relevant information bearing on the claimed need of the applicant for the license. The following are examples of factors which [will] shall be considered in such a review.
- (a) Exposure of the applicant by reason of employment or business necessity to extraordinary personal danger requiring authorization to carry a [firearm] <u>handqun</u>.

Example:

Employment in a position in which the applicant routinely engages in transactions involving substantial amounts of cash, jewelry or other valuables or negotiable items. In these instances, the applicant [must] shall furnish documentary proof that her/his employment actually requires that s/he be authorized to carry a [firearm] handqun, [or] and that s/he routinely engages in such transactions.

(b) Exposure of the applicant to extraordinary personal danger, documented by proof of recurrent threats to life or safety requiring authorization to carry a [firearm] handqun.

Example:

Instances in which Police Department records demonstrate that the life and well-being of an individual is endangered, and that s/he should, therefore, be authorized to carry a [firearm] <u>handgun</u>. The factors listed above are not all inclusive, and the [Police Commissioner] License Division will consider any proof, including New York City Police Department records, which document the need for a [firearm] handqun license. It should be noted, however, that the mere fact that an applicant has been the victim of a crime or resides in or is employed in a "high crime area," does not establish "proper cause" for the issuance of a carry [business license] or special [validation carry business] handgun license.

- § 5-04 [Limited Carry Business, Special Limited Carry Business Licenses. Since this is a restricted class of carry license proper cause will need to be shown only for that specific time frame that the applicant needs to carry a firearm concealed on his/her person. Proper cause is described in § 5-03.
- § 5-05 Special Target Licenses. In addition to the requirements in § 5-02, an applicant must present satisfactory evidence that he/she will utilize the facilities of an authorized New York City range.
- § 5-06] Carry Guard License/Gun Custodian [Handgun Licenses] License and Special Carry Guard License/Gun Custodian License. (a) In addition to the requirements in § 5-02 [a corporation/] an applicant [must show a] shall demonstrate the employer's need to employ armed security guards/[couriers/private investigators]gun custodians.
- (b) Such need may be shown and documented by memorandum, letters or contract(s) for the hiring of said [corporation/applicant] employer to provide armed security personnel[, couriers or private investigators] or otherwise require the services of qun custodians.
- (c) Additionally, such need may be shown by other documentation or acceptable form as required by the License Division.
- (d) If applicable, [a corporation/] an applicant [must] shall show satisfactory evidence that such business possesses a professional license, relevant to the need for a handgun, issued by the State of New York.
- (e) In addition to the requirements in § 5-06 an applicant shall show of current employment which requires the need for a handgun license.

 (f) If applicable, an applicant shall show satisfactory evidence of
- having a professional license, relevant to the need for a handgun issued by

- [§ 5-07 Security Guard, Couriers, Private Investigator, Handgun License.
- (a) In addition to the requirements in § 5-02 an applicant must show proof of current employment which requires the need for a handgun license.
- (b) If applicable, an applicant must show satisfactory evidence of having a professional license, relevant to the need for a handgun issued by the State of New York.]
- § [5-08] 5-05 Application Form. (a) [Application forms will] An application form shall be distributed, one per person, at the License Division during normal business hours. Assistance in completing the form [will] shall be made available at the License Division. The application form [must] shall be completely filled out and submitted in person at the License Division, and only an original application form [will] shall be accepted. Special license applicants should also specifically refer to paragraph (9) of subdivision (b) of this section for application requirements.
- (b) The applicant [must] shall furnish the items listed below which are applicable, either at the time s/he completes and submits her/his application in person, or [subsequent to such time] no later than fourteen (14) calendar days after the date of submission of the application, either in person or by mail. All documents, certificates, licenses, etc., [must] shall be submitted in the original. A copy certified by the issuing agency as true and complete is also acceptable. In addition, a legible photocopy of each item submitted [must] shall accompany the original or certified copy. Originals and certified copies [will] shall be returned. The application [will] shall not be accepted or processed without the required fee payments described in paragraph (10) of this subdivision.
- (1) Photographs. Two (2) [recent black and white or] color photographs of the applicant taken within the past thirty (30) days. They should measure 1-1/2 X 1-1/2 inches and show applicant from the chest up. The wearing of any article of clothing or adornment that obscures identification is not acceptable. Special license applicants should refer to paragraph (9) of this subdivision[(b)].
- (2) Birth certificate. If there is no record of the applicant's birth on file with the New York City Department of Health [or Bureau] Office of Vital Statistics, some other proof of applicant's birth date, [e.g.] $\underline{e.q.}$, a military record, U.S. passport or baptismal certificate, [must] \underline{shall} be submitted.
- (3) Proof of citizenship/alien registration. If the applicant was born outside the United States, \underline{s}/he [must] \underline{shall} submit $\underline{her}/\text{his}$ naturalization papers or evidence of citizenship if derived from $\underline{her}/\text{his}$ parents. All other applicants born outside the United States [must] \underline{shall} submit their Alien Registration Card. Additionally, applicants who are aliens and have resided in the United States for less than seven (7) years shall submit a good conduct certificate, or the equivalent thereof, from their country of origin and two (2) letters of reference which identify the writer's relationship to the applicant and which certify to the good character of the applicant. Inability to provide [these] \underline{the} documents $\underline{mentioned}$ in \underline{this} $\underline{paraqraph}$ shall not operate as an absolute bar to issuance of a [pistol] $\underline{handgun}$ license.
- (4) Military discharge. If the applicant served in the armed forces of the United States, <u>s/he</u> [must] <u>shall</u> submit <u>her/his</u> separation papers (DD 214) and <u>her/his</u> discharge papers.

 (5) Proof of residence. The applicant [must] <u>shall</u> submit proof of
- (5) Proof of residence. The applicant [must] shall submit proof of [his or] her/his present address. Proof may consist of one of the following, but is not limited to[,]: a real estate tax bill, a copy of a lease indicating ownership shares in a cooperative or condominium or a current residential lease. [If the applicant cannot supply the aforementioned proof, he/she must submit a signed and notarized statement from the person with whom the applicant resides attesting to the fact that the applicant resides with him/her.] The [applicant's investigator] License Division may request further documentation, [e.g.] e.g., a New York State Driver's License, a New York State Income Tax Return, a current utility bill, etc.
- (6) Arrest information. If the applicant was ever arrested for any reason \underline{s}/he [must] \underline{shall} submit a Certificate of Disposition showing the offense and disposition of the charges. Also, the applicant [must] \underline{shall}

submit a detailed, notarized statement describing the circumstances surrounding each arrest. The applicant [must] \underline{shall} do this even if the case was dismissed, the record sealed or the case nullified by operation of law. The New York State Division of Criminal Justice Services [will] \underline{shall} report to the Police Department every instance involving the arrest of an applicant. The applicant [must] \underline{shall} not rely on anyone's representation that $\underline{s/he}$ need not list a previous arrest. If the applicant was ever convicted or pleaded guilty to a felony [offense] or a serious offense, as defined in $\underline{New\ York}$ \underline{State} Penal Law § 265.00(17), an original Certificate of Relief [of] \underline{from} Disabilities, signed by a judge, [must] \underline{shall} be submitted. [Box "C" of the certificate must be checked and the] \underline{The} certificate [must] \underline{shall} contain a statement granting the applicant firearm privileges under Penal Law Articles 265 and 400.

(7) Proof of business ownership. If the applicant is making application for a license in connection with a business, s/he [must] shall submit proof of ownership for that business. Such proof [must] shall clearly state the [names] name(s) of the owner(s), or, if a corporation, the [names] name(s) of the corporate officer(s). A corporation [must] shall submit its corporate book to include Filing Receipt, Certificate of Incorporation and minutes of the corporate meeting reflecting current corporate officers; others [must] shall provide their business certificate or partnership agreement, whichever is applicable. If the business requires a license or permit from any government agency, [e.g.] e.g., alcohol or firearms sales, gunsmith, private investigation and guard agencies, the applicant [must] shall submit the license or permit or a certified copy thereof.

(8) Letter of necessity. (i) A letter of necessity explains the need for the license. It shall be typewritten on current letterhead stationery; signed by a corporate officer, partner, or in the case of a sole proprietorship, the owner of the business. Self-employed applicants may submit such letter under their own signature. The letter of necessity shall be notarized. A [notarized] letter of necessity [must] shall be submitted by the following applicants:

 $\hbox{[(i)]} \ \underline{(A)} \ \hbox{All applicants [for a Carry Business or Limited Carry/Business license]} \ \underline{\hbox{except applicants for a Premises Residence}} \ \underline{\hbox{License.}}$

[(ii)] (B) All employees seeking a [premises license]

Premises Business License for use in connection with their employment [must]

shall submit a letter of authorization signed by the owner of the business.

(ii) Regardless of whether a handgun license was previously issued by the New York City Police Department or any other issuing authority,

issued by the New York City Police Department or any other issuing authority, the letter of necessity shall contain the following information:

(A) A detailed description of the applicant's employment and an explanation of why the employment requires the carrying of a concealed handgun.

(B) A statement acknowledging that the handgun shall only be carried during the course of and strictly in connection with the applicant's job, business or occupational requirements, as described herein.

(C) A statement explaining the manner in which the

handqun shall be safequarded by the employer and/or applicant when not being carried.

(D) A statement indicating that the applicant has been trained or shall receive training in the use and safety of a handgun.

(E) A statement acknowledging that the applicant's employer or, if self-employed, the applicant, is aware of its or her/his responsibility to properly dispose of the handgun and return the license to the License Division upon the termination of the applicant's employment or the cessation of business.

(F) A statement indicating that the applicant, and if other than self-employed, a corporate officer, general partner or proprietor, has read and is familiar with the provisions of New York State Penal Law Articles 35 (use of deadly force), 265 (criminal possession and use of a firearm), and 400 (responsibilities of a handgun licensee).

(G) At the time of the applicant's interview, the applicant shall be advised whether any additional forms or documents are required. Failure to provide the information requested may result in the disapproval of the applicant's application.

(9) Special license applicants [must] shall submit the items

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listed below:

(i) All applicants [must] shall submit two (2) application forms, to be filled out completely and presented by the applicant in person. The applicant [must] shall not mail the application forms.

(ii) All applicants [must] shall submit three (3) 1-1/2["] X 1-1/2[" front view] inch color photographs showing the applicant from the chest up, taken within the past 30 days. The wearing of any article of clothing or adornment that obscures identification is not permitted.

(iii) The applicant [must] shall bring her/his current [county pistol license] <u>County Handgun License</u> with <u>her/him to have her/his</u>

application processed.

(10) Upon application, required fees are payable to the New York City Police Department and the New York State Division of Criminal Justice [Service] <u>Services</u>. <u>Fees to the New York City Police Department shall be paid</u> by certified check or money order made payable to the N.Y.C. Police Department.

Note: The fee payable to N.Y.S. Division of Criminal Justice Services applies to all applicants. These fees [must] shall be paid separately. Only U.S. Postal or bank
drawn money orders [will] shall be accepted. If the applicant has any questions concerning her/his application, s/he may call (212) 374-5553. Applications [must] shall be submitted in person at the License Division, Room $110\underline{A}$, Monday through Friday, 8:30 A.M. to 4:00 P.M. The License Division is closed on all legal holidays. [If the applicant has a question regarding the License Division's hours, he may call (212) 374-7619.] All fees are non-refundable.

[(c) Additional instructions for carry license applicants. Letter of Necessity:

(1) All applications for a Carry Business license, Limited Carry Business license, and Special license except Target license must submit a notarized letter of necessity explaining their need for the license. This letter must be typewritten on current letterhead stationery and must be signed by a corporate officer, partner, or, in the case of a sole proprietorship, the owner of the business. Self-employed applicants may submit a letter under their own signature.

(2) Regardless of whether a handgun license was previously issued, the letter of necessity must contain the following information:

(i) A detailed description of the applicant's employment and an explanation of why the employment requires the carrying of a concealed handgun.

(ii) A statement acknowledging that the handgun may only be carried during the course of and strictly in connection with the applicant's job, business or occupational requirements, as described herein.

(iii) A statement explaining the manner in which the handgun will be safeguarded by the employer and/or applicant when not being carried.

(iv) A statement indicating that the applicant has been

trained or will receive training in the use and safety of a firearm.

(v) A statement acknowledging that the applicant's employer or, if self-employed, the applicant, is aware of its or his responsibility to properly dispose of the handgun and return the license to the License Division upon the termination of the applicant's employment or the cessation of business.

(vi) A statement indicating that the applicant, and if other than self-employed, a corporate officer, general partner or proprietor, has read and is familiar with the provisions of Penal Law Articles 35 (use of deadly force), 265 (criminal possession and use of a firearm), and 400 (responsibilities of a handgun licensee).

(vii) At the time of the applicant's interview, his investigating officer will advise the applicant if any additional forms or documents are required. Failure to provide the information requested may result in the disapproval of the applicant's application.]

§ [5-09] 5-06 Gun Custodian, [Security] Carry Guard[, Courier, Private Investigator] and Special Licenses. Establishing company need for handgun licensing. (a) [A principal of the company must] An applicant shall initially

submit a typed and notarized license application [as per] in accordance with general handgun license rules, including all personal and business documentation requested. Examples of business documentation would be a company's corporate book, including filing receipt; certificate of incorporation; minutes of the corporate meeting reflecting current corporate officers; business certificate or partnership agreement, whichever is applicable. (b) [Two photos, 1 1/2 X 1 1/2 inch, bust type, and the necessary fees must accompany the application, along with a notarized letter of necessity

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- containing the following information:
- (1) a detailed description of the applicant's employment and an explanation of why such employment requires the carrying of a concealed handgun.
- (2) a statement acknowledging that the handgun may only be carried during the course of and strictly in connection with the applicant's job, business or occupational requirements.
- (3) a statement explaining the manner in which the handgun will be safeguarded by the employer and/or applicant when not being used.
- (4) a statement indicating that the applicant has been trained or will receive training in the use and safety of a firearm.
- (5) a statement acknowledging responsibility to properly dispose of the handqun and return the license to the License Division upon the termination of the applicant's employment.
- (6) a statement indicating that the applicant has read and is familiar with the provisions of Penal Law articles 35, 265, and 400.
- (c)] Where the applicant for a handqun license is an owner of a security guard, courier or private investigation company, or a company providing similar services, and desires the license in connection with such business, the applicant [must] shall:
- (1) present satisfactory evidence that such business is licensed by the State of New York, and;
- (2) present satisfactory evidence of contracts [or letters of intent] for armed services to be performed within the City of New York.
- [(d)] <u>(c)</u> Where an applicant for a handgun license is an owner of a check cashing business and desires the license for use in connection with such business, the applicant [must] <u>shall</u>: present satisfactory evidence that such business is licensed by the State of New York Banking Department.
- [(e) Upon approval of the principal of the company, he/she must appear at the License Division within thirty (30) days to obtain his license.
- (f) Security guard] (d) Carry Guards [/couriers/private investigators]. (1) Once [a company has been approved and] a gun [custodians] custodian's license <u>has been</u> issued <u>in connection with a particular employer</u>, applications for individual security guards/personnel for the same employer may be submitted.
- (2) In addition to the handgun license application required of all license applicants, carry [security] guard/personnel applicants [must] shall submit the form Handgun License Application Company and a specific letter of necessity following the format supplied by the License Division.
- § [5-10] <u>5-07</u> License Approval/Disapproval Procedures. (a) It takes approximately [four to] six months to process an application. If her/his application is approved the applicant [will] shall receive a "Notice of Application Approval" in the mail. If the applicant moves during the time her/his application is being processed, the applicant [must] shall immediately notify the License Division's <u>Handqun</u> License Application Section, Room 110<u>A</u>, [1] One Police Plaza, New York [City], New York 10038, 212-374-5553, and be guided by their instructions. Failure to make timely notification may result in the disapproval/cancellation of the applicant's application.
- (b) To receive <u>her/his license</u> the applicant [must] <u>shall</u> report in person with height: Approval" letter, to the [License Processing Section] <u>Issuing Unit</u> -- Room 152, [1] <u>One</u> Police Plaza, New York [City], New York 10038 -- within thirty (30) calendar days of the date on the "Notice of Application Approval" letter. Licenses [will] shall only be issued between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 12:00 p.m., Monday through Thursday. The applicant should note that the [License Processing Section] Issuing Unit is closed on all legal holidays.
 - (c) If the applicant does not appear to pick up her/his license within

thirty (30) <u>calendar</u> days of the date on the "Notice of <u>Application</u> Approval," <u>her/</u>his license and application [will] <u>shall</u> be cancelled.

- (d) With $\underline{\text{her/his}}$ license the applicant [will] $\underline{\text{shall}}$ receive $\underline{\text{a copy of}}$ the "New York City Handgun License Rules" (Subchapter B of this chapter). The applicant [must] $\underline{\text{shall}}$ become knowledgeable regarding these handgun rules, as any violation of these rules may result in the suspension or revocation of $\underline{\text{her/his}}$ handgun license.
- [§ 5-11 License Disapproval Procedures. (a)] (e) If [his/] her/his license application is disapproved the applicant [will] shall receive a written ["Disapproval Notice"] "Notice of Application Disapproval" from the License Division indicating the reason(s) for the disapproval. If the applicant wishes to appeal the decision [he/she must] s/he shall submit a sworn written statement, which shall be known as an "Appeal of [License] Application Disapproval["]," to the [Commanding Officer -] Division Head, License Division, within thirty (30) calendar days of the date on the "Notice of Application Disapproval [Notice]" requesting an appeal of the denial, and setting forth the reasons supporting the appeal. The Appeal of [License] Application Disapproval shall become part of the application. It shall state the grounds for the appeal and shall contain the following statement to be signed by the applicant [in the presence of a Notary Public] and notarized: "Under penalty of perjury, deponent being duly sworn, says that [he/she] s/he is familiar with all of the statements contained herein and that each of these statements is true, and no pertinent facts have been omitted." Appeals that are unsworn by the applicant [(]or [an applicant's] her/his New York State licensed attorney [who is duly licensed to practice law in the State of New York) will] shall not be accepted.
- [(b)] (f) All timely appeals [will] shall receive a complete review of the applicant's entire file by the Division Head, License Division, who shall notify the applicant of her/his determination. [However, the appeal will] The Division Head, License Division shall not consider [additional] any documentation that was not submitted during the initial background investigation[, e.g. deposit slips, tax records, etc., unless it is established that such documentation was unavailable during or prior to the initial background investigation. Requests to make personal appearances to discuss appeals will not be honored]. There shall be no personal interviews to discuss appeals. If the appeal of her/his disapproval is denied, the applicant [will] shall receive a "Notice of Disapproval After Appeal" letter from the [Commanding Officer] Division Head, License Division. This notice concludes the Police Department's administrative review procedure.
- § [5-12] <u>5-08</u> Limitations. Applicants issued licenses pursuant to this subchapter [will] <u>shall</u> be subject to such conditions and limitations as established by the Police Commissioner regarding, but not necessarily limited to the permissible number, type, transportation and safeguarding of handguns.
- § 5-09 Application for Pre-License Exemption. Each applicant desiring to obtain the exemption set forth in New York State Penal Law § 265.20(a)(7-b), allowing pre-license possession of a handqun for the purpose of possessing and using a handgun for instructional purposes with a certified instructor in small arms at an authorized small arms range/shooting club, shall make such request in writing to the Division Head, License Division at the time the application for a handgun license is filed. Such request shall include a signed and verified statement by the person authorized to instruct and supervise the applicant, that s/he has met with the applicant and s/he has determined that, in her/his judgment, said applicant does not appear to be or pose a threat to be a danger to her/himself or others. S/he shall include a copy of her/his certificate as an instructor in small arms, if s/he is required to be certified, and state her/his address and telephone number. S/he shall specify the exact location by name, address and telephone number where such instruction shall take place. The Division Head, License Division shall, no later than ten (10) business days after such filing, commence an investigation and ascertain whether the applicant has a criminal record. The Division Head, License Division shall no later than ten (10) business days after the completion of such investigation determine if the applicant has been previously denied a license, been convicted of a felony, been convicted of a

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serious offense as defined in Penal Law § 265.00(17), been convicted of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence, as defined in § 921(a) of Title 18 of the United States Code, been the subject or recipient of an order of protection or a temporary order of protection, been the subject of a suspension or ineligibility order issued pursuant to § 530.14 of the New York State Criminal Procedure Law or § 842-a of the New York State Family Court Act, or appears to be, or poses a threat to be, a danger to her/himself or others, and either approve or disapprove the applicant for exemption purposes based upon such determinations. If the applicant is approved for the exemption, the Division Head, License Division shall notify the applicant Such exemption shall terminate if the application for the license is denied, or at any earlier time based upon any information obtained by the Division Head, License Division which would cause the application to be rejected. The applicant shall be notified of any such rejection.

Subchapter B Licensee Responsibilities

- § 5-21 Introduction. Any violation of this subchapter and/or the restrictions of the license, if any, may result in the suspension and/or revocation of the license.
- § 5-22 Conditions of Issuance. (a) A handqun license is issued under the following conditions:
 - (1) It is revocable at any time.
- (2) It is not transferable to any other person or location.(3) Any mutilation, alteration, or lamination of the license shall render it void. The licensee may not make any additions, deletions, or other changes on her/his license. Only License Division personnel may make changes on the license.
- (4) If the license is mutilated, altered, laminated, lost, or destroyed an additional fee [will] shall be required for replacement. If any of these circumstances occur, the licensee [must] shall notify the License Division.
- (5) When the license expires, and if the licensee has not renewed it, or if it is suspended, or revoked, the licensee [must] <u>shall</u> immediately surrender the license with the [firearms] handqun(s) to the precinct of her/his place of business or residence.
- (6) The licensee [must] shall be in possession of her/his license at all times while carrying, transporting, possessing at residence, business, or <u>authorized small arms</u> range/shooting club, the handgun(s) indicated on said license.
- (7) If the licensee has a "Carry" or "Special Carry" type license only one (1) handgun may be carried on her/his person at any time.
- (8) The licensee is authorized to own only the handgun(s) that are listed on her/his license.
- (9) The licensee shall not purchase or replace a [firearm] handgun prior to obtaining written permission from the [Commanding Officer] Division <u>Head</u>, License Division (see <u>Handqun</u> Purchase [Orders] <u>Authorizations</u>).
- (10) A [firearm] handoun may be replaced or purchased only by requesting permission in writing from the [Commanding Officer] Division Head, License Division.
- (11) The licensee shall not draw, expose or display [firearm(s)] handgun(s) unnecessarily.
- (12) <u>The licensee shall not leave handgun(s) in</u> [Firearm(s) are not to be left in the glove compartment or trunk of] <u>an</u> auto, or in any place where [a thief or other] an unauthorized person may readily obtain them.
- (13) To assure maximum safety, proper safeguards [must] shall be taken at all times to keep [firearms] handquns away from unauthorized persons, especially children. Pursuant to New York City Administrative Code § 10-312, it shall be a criminal violation for any person who is the lawful owner or lawful custodian of a handqun to store or otherwise place or leave such weapon in such a manner or under circumstances that it is out of her/his immediate possession or control, without having rendered such weapon inoperable by employing a safety locking device as defined in section 5-25(a)(2) of this chapter. Such offense shall constitute a misdemeanor if the offender has previously been found quilty of such violation or if the violation is committed under circumstances which create a substantial risk of physical

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injury to another person.

(14) The licensee should endeavor to engage in periodic handqun practice at an authorized <u>small arms</u> range/shooting club.

- (15) Any misuse of the purpose for which the license was issued, or any action or misconduct on the part of the licensee which may constitute just cause, [will] shall result in the suspension or revocation of the license.
- (16) [Persons with "Target" licenses, and/or with "Premise" licenses and prior written approval, are restricted to transporting their firearm(s) unloaded in a locked container directly to and from an authorized range. Ammunition will be carried separately.] Except for licensees with unrestricted Carry Business licenses or Special Carry Business Licenses, a licensee wishing to transport her/his handgun to a gunsmith shall request permission in writing from the Division Head, License Division. Authorization shall be provided in writing. The licensee shall carry this authorization with her/him when transporting the handgun to the gunsmith, and shall transport the handgun directly to and from the gunsmith. The handgun shall be secured unloaded in a locked container during transport.
- (17) Licensees shall cooperate with all reasonable requests by the Police Department for information and assistance in matters relating to the <u>license</u>
- (b) In the following instances the licensee [must] shall make an immediate report to the License Division -- Incident Section, telephone #(212) 374-5538, 5539, and to the precinct where the incident occurred. (See additional requirements under "Incident [Unit] <u>Section</u>" -- § 5-30). (1) Theft/loss of [firearm] <u>handgun</u>.
- (2) Discharge of [firearm] <u>handgun</u> other than during practice at an authorized small arms range/shooting club.
 - (3) Theft/loss of handgun license.
 - (4) Improper use/safeguarding of handgun(s).
 - (5) Public display of an unholstered handqun.
- (c) In the following instances, the licensee [must] shall make an immediate report to the License Division -- Incident [Unit] Section (see Incident [Unit] Section -- § 5-30).
- (1) Arrest, indictment, or conviction in any jurisdiction; summons other than traffic infraction; suspension or ineligibility order issued pursuant to § 530.14 of the New York State Criminal Procedure Law or § 842-a of the New York State Family Court Act.
- (2) Change of business or residence address (see Address Changes -- § 5-29).
- (3) Change of business, occupation or employment (see Name Changes -- § 5-29).
- (4) [If any] Any change in the circumstances for which the licensee received the license. [occurs, the] The licensee [must] shall immediately notify the License Division[. The licensee will] and shall then be instructed on how to proceed. The licensee may be required to report to the License Division with required documentation to have the change reviewed and effected by License Division personnel.
 - (5) Alteration, mutilation, destruction of handqun license.
- (6) Intent to dispose of [firearm] handgun. Failure to notify in writing [Licensing Officer] the Division Head, License Division prior to disposing of [firearm] handqun is a Class A Misdemeanor pursuant to New York State Penal Law § 265.10(7).
- (7) Receipt of psychiatric treatment or treatment for alcoholism or drug abuse, or the presence or occurence of any disability or condition that may affect the ability to safely possess or use a handgun.
- (8) Licensee is or becomes the subject or recipient of an order of protection or a temporary order of protection.
- § 5-23 Types of Handgun Licenses. (a) Premises License -- Residence or Business. This is a restricted handgun license, issued for the protection of a business or residence [premise] premises.
- (1) The [weapon(s)] handguns listed on this license may not be removed from the address specified on the license [without the expressed written permission of the Commanding Officer -- License Division and then only in the manner prescribed] except as otherwise provided in this chapter. (2) The possession of the handgun for protection is restricted to

the inside of the premises which address is specified on the license.

(3) To maintain proficiency in the use of the handgun, the licensee may transport her/his handgun(s) directly to and from an authorized small arms range/shooting club, unloaded, in a locked container, the ammunition to be carried separately[, after the licensee has requested and received written permission from the Commanding Officer, License Division].

(4) A licensee may transport <u>her/</u>his handgun(s) directly to and from an authorized area designated by the New York State Fish and Wildlife Law and in compliance with all pertinent hunting regulations, unloaded, in a locked container, the ammunition to be carried separately, after the licensee has requested and received a "Police Department -- City of New York Hunting Authorization" Amendment attached to here/ his license.

(b) [Target License. This is a Handgun License which permits the transporting of an unloaded handgun in a locked container to and from an authorized range.

- (1) Target license applicants shall provide evidence of intention to use licensed handguns for regular recreational target shooting purposes, which indicates where and when the handgun(s) will be used, e.g., documentation of participation or membership at a pistol range which is duly certified by the New York City Police Commissioner pursuant to the New York City Administrative Code. When a licensee is applying for renewal of such license, he/she must demonstrate that the license has been used for regular recreational target shooting purposes during the prior license period.
- (2) Handgun(s) shall be stored only at the address indicated on the license.
- (3) Handgun(s) must be stored unloaded, in a locked container, with the ammunition stored separately.
- (4) When going to an authorized range, the handgun(s) must be transported unloaded, in a locked container, with the ammunition transported separately.
- (5) The licensee may only remove the handgun(s) from his residence to transport them directly to and from an authorized range.
- (6) A licensee may transport his handgun(s) directly to and from an authorized area designated by the New York State Fish and Wildlife Law and in compliance with all pertinent hunting regulations, unloaded, in a locked container, the ammunition to be carried separately, after the licensee has requested and received a "Police Department -- City of New York Hunting Authorization" Amendment attached to his license.
- (c)] Carry Business <u>License</u>. This is an unrestricted class of license which permits the carrying of a handqun concealed on the person.
- [(d)] <u>(c)</u> Limited Carry Business <u>License</u>. This is a restricted handgun license which permits the licensee to carry a handgun listed on the license concealed on the person to and from specific locations during the specific days and times set forth on the license. <u>Proper cause</u>, as <u>defined in § 5-03</u>, shall need to be shown only for that specific time frame that the applicant needs to carry a handgun concealed on her/his person. At all other times the handgun shall be safeguarded at the specific address indicated on the license and secured unloaded in a locked container.
- [(e)] (d) [Security] Carry Guard License [/Courier/Private Investigator]/Gun Custodian License. These are restricted types of carry licenses, valid when the holder is actually engaged in a work assignment as a security guard[, courier, private investigator] or gun custodian.

 [(f)] (e) Special Licenses. Special licenses are issued according to
- [(f)] (e) Special Licenses. Special licenses are issued according to the provisions of § 400.00 of the New York State Penal Law, to persons in possession of a valid County License. The revocation, cancellation, suspension or surrender of $\underline{\text{her/his}}$ County License automatically renders $\underline{\text{her/his}}$ [N.Y.C.] $\underline{\text{New York City}}$ license void. The holder of a Special License [must] $\underline{\text{shall}}$ carry $\underline{\text{her/his}}$ County License at all times when possessing a handgun pursuant to such Special License.
- (1) [Special Target License. This is a restricted type of special license. In New York City the handgun(s) listed on the license may only be transported unloaded in a locked container while going directly to and from an authorized range.
- (2)] Special [Limited] Carry Business. This is a class of special license permitting the carrying of a concealed handgun on the person [only when] while the licensee is [actually engaged in the performance of his duties] in New York City.

[(3)] (2) Special Carry <u>Guard License</u>[-Security/Courier/ Private Investigator/Other Business]/<u>Gun Custodian License</u>. [This is a type] <u>These are restricted types</u> of Special Carry [License] <u>Licenses</u>. The handgun listed on the license may only be carried concealed on the licensee's person while the licensee is actively on duty and engaged in the work assignment which formed the basis for the issuance of the license. The licensee may only transport the handgun concealed on $\underline{\text{her}}/\underline{\text{his}}$ person when travelling directly to and from home to a work assignment[, unless otherwise authorized by the Commanding Officer, License Division].

§ 5-24 [Security] <u>Gun Custodians and Carry</u> Guards[, Couriers and Private Investigators].

- (a) Gun custodian. (1) Once a company employs and intends to arm additional employees, a gun custodian [must] <u>and alternate custodian shall</u> be designated by the company.
- (2) [The] Each designee [must] shall submit to the License Division an additional handgun license application for gun custodian, typed and notarized, along with two (2) color photos, 1-1/2["] X 1-1/2[" bust type] inches, taken within the past thirty (30) days, showing the applicant from the chest up, and the necessary fees.
- (3) The responsibilities of the gun custodian <u>and alternate</u> custodian are as follows:
- (i) To insure that an applicant works a minimum of twenty (20) hours per week for the company.
- (ii) To insure that an applicant commences work within fifteen (15) days of issuance of license.
- (iii) On a semiannual basis, the gun custodian [will] <u>or</u> <u>alternate custodian shall</u> be required to submit the following reports to the License Division:
- $\mbox{\ensuremath{(A)}}$ Employment Report -- indicating hours worked by each licensee per month.
 - (B) Employee Termination Report.
- [(vi)] $\underline{(v)}$ During those periods that a security guard will not be reporting to work due to illness or vacation, the gun custodian \underline{or} alternate custodian \underline{or} [will] shall be responsible for the security of the $\underline{[weapon]}$ $\underline{handqun}$.
- $[(vii)] \ \underline{(vi)} \ \text{In the event of termination of employment, the custodian [must]} \ \underline{\text{or alternate custodian shall}} \ \text{see to the immediate surrender of } \underline{\text{the}} \ \text{licensee's handgun license to the New York City Police Department} \ \underline{\text{License Division and return of [gun]}} \ \underline{\text{the handgun}} \ \text{to the company.}$
- [(viii)] <u>(vii)</u> In the event of a licensee's death, the gun custodian <u>or alternate custodian</u> is responsible for the security of the [gun] <u>handgun</u> and for the immediate notification, in writing, to the New York City Police Department License Division.
- (viii) Where a licensee becomes involved in an incident or suffers a condition which shall be reported to the License Division and/or the precinct of occurrence pursuant to subdivision (b) of this section, the qun custodian or alternate custodian shall ensure that such report is made immediately.
- (4) When appearing at the License Division to pick up a license, an applicant [must] <u>shall</u> present a [gun] <u>handgun</u> assignment letter from the gun custodian <u>or alternate custodian</u>. If no [weapon] <u>handgun</u> is available from the company [weapons] <u>handgun</u> inventory, the gun custodian [will] <u>or alternate custodian shall</u> request, in writing, a purchase order <u>by following the rules set forth in § 5-25, "Handgun Purchase Authorizations,"</u> to obtain a new [weapon] <u>handgun</u>.
- (5) The purchase order [will] <u>shall</u> be valid for only thirty (30) <u>calendar</u> days from the date of issuance.
- (6) After the gun custodian <u>or alternate custodian</u> has purchased the handgun, <u>s/he [must] shall</u> return to the License Division within 72 hours to have the handgun inspected. This handgun [must] <u>shall</u> be unloaded in a locked container and accompanied by the purchase order authorization and a

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photocopy of the bill of sale. This handgun may not be carried or transported except as indicated in this paragraph before it has been inspected.

(7) If the gun custodian or alternate custodian makes <u>her/</u>his purchase from other than an authorized dealer, the seller [must] shall be either a New York City or New York State licensee, Police Officer or a Peace Officer.

(8) A [firearm] handqun may be replaced by requesting permission, in writing, from the [Commanding Officer] Division Head, License Division.

(b) [Security/Guard/Courier/Private Investigator Licensee] Carry Guard <u>Licensee</u>. (1) This license[, if granted,] is restricted to [when] the days and hours that the licensee is actually engaged in employment, or when a licensee is travelling from her/ his residence to employment, or from employment to her/his residence. These restrictions [will] shall be [literally] strictly interpreted by the New York City Police Department and violation of these rules [will] shall result in the immediate suspension of the pistol license. [Point number 1 indicates] This means that the handgun may be carried [while] only when the licensee is actually engaged in employment[. This means while the licensee is employed for] by the [guard or] security company the name of which appears on the face of the license. This [statement] does not permit "freelancing" on the licensee's day off. [Point number 2 indicates that the] The handgun may only be carried from the licensee's residence [to the place of employment. This means from the licensee's residence, where the licensee indicated] as listed on the application [the handgun would be secured], to the licensee's place of employment or assignment for that particular day. [Example:

If the licensee does not intend to stay at his residence the evening prior to working at his place of assignment, he will be obligated to return home to pick up his gun just prior to going to work. Carrying his gun with him the entire evening preceding his next work day is a distinct violation of license restrictions.]

[Point number 3 indicates that the] $\underline{\text{The}}$ licensee may carry $\underline{\text{her/}}$ his handgun from employment back to her/his residence. This means that there [will] shall be no unreasonable delay in returning to the licensee's residence where the handgun [will] <u>shall</u> be secured.

<u>Example:</u> <u>If the licensee does not intend to stay at her/his residence</u>

the evening prior to working at her/his place of assignment, s/he will be obligated to return home to pick up her/his handqun just prior to going to work. Carrying her/his handgun with her/him the entire evening preceding her/his next work day is a distinct violation of license restrictions.

Example: If the licensee finishes a 4 p.m. to midnight shift and takes action involving the handgun at 3:30 a.m. in a local tavern, s/he is in violation of license restrictions and the New York State Penal Law.

(2) A licensee has the responsibility [to make] of making an immediate report to the [Commanding Officer] Division Head, License Division, the precinct where the incident occurred, and the qun custodian or alternate custodian in the following instances:

(i) Loss or theft of [firearm] handqun.

(ii) Discharge of [firearm] handgun (other than practice at an authorized small arms range/shooting club).

(iii) Loss <u>or theft</u> of handgun license.

(iv) Improper use/safeguarding of handgun(s).

(v) Public display of an unholstered handqun.

(3) An immediate report [must] shall be made in the following instances to the [Commanding Officer] Division Head, License Division and the qun custodian or alternate custodian:

(i) Change of residence.

(ii) Mutilation, alteration or destruction of handqun

license.

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(iii) Arrest, indictment, summons other than a traffic summons, or conviction in any jurisdiction; suspension or ineligibility order issued pursuant to § 530.14 of the New York State Criminal Procedure Law or § 842-a of the New York State Family Court Act.

(iv) Receipt of psychiatric treatment or treatment for alcoholism or drug abuse, or the presence or occurrence of any disability or

condition that may affect the ability to safely possess or use a handqun.

(v) Licensee is or becomes the subject or recipient of an order of protection or a temporary order of protection.

(4) The license [must] <u>shall</u> be in the possession of the licensee at all times while <u>the licensee is</u> carrying the [firearm] <u>handgun</u>.

(5) Misconduct or misuse of the purpose for which this license is issued may result in the suspension or revocation of the license.

(6) A handgun licensee is authorized to use only the [firearm] handgun that is endorsed on her/his license.

(c) Failure to comply with all of the above conditions set forth herein may result in the suspension, revocation, or cancellation of any/or all handgun licenses issued to employees of [this] the subject company.

§ 5-25 Handgun Purchase Authorizations. (a) The licensee may not obtain a handgun without prior written authorization from the [Commanding Officer] <u>Division Head</u>, License Division. This authorization [will] <u>shall</u> be provided in the nature of a "Handgun Purchase Authorization" form. The following are the rules concerning [firearms] <u>handgun</u> acquisition:

(1) The "Handgun Purchase Authorization" form is valid only for thirty (30) calendar days from the issuance date.

(2) Pursuant to New York City Administrative Code § 10-311(a), it shall be unlawful for any person or business enterprise to dispose of any [pistol or revolver] <u>handqun</u> which does not contain a safety locking device, defined as a design adaptation or attachable accessory that will prevent the use of the weapon by an unauthorized user. The following types of safety locking devices will be deemed to comply with this provision:

(i) a trigger lock, which prevents the pulling of the trigger without the use of a key; or

(ii) a combination handle, which prevents the use of the weapon without the alignment of the combination tumblers; or

(iii) a detachable or non-detachable locking device, composed primarily of steel or other metal of significant gauge to inhibit breaking, utilizing a metallic key or combination lock, rendering the weapon inoperable until the locking device is removed by an authorized person.

- (3) Pursuant to New York City Administrative Code § 10-311(b), it shall be unlawful for any licensed manufacturer, licensed importer, or licensed dealer to dispose of any handqun in New York City unless it is accompanied by the following warning, which shall appear in conspicuous and legible type in capital letters, and which shall be printed on a label affixed to the handqun and on a separate sheet of paper included within the packaging enclosing the handqun: "THE USE OF A LOCKING DEVICE OR SAFETY LOCK IS ONLY ONE ASPECT OF RESPONSIBLE WEAPON STORAGE. ALL WEAPONS SHOULD BE STORED UNLOADED AND LOCKED IN A LOCATION THAT IS BOTH SEPARATE FROM THEIR AMMUNITION AND INACCESSIBLE TO CHILDREN AND ANY OTHER UNAUTHORIZED PERSONS."
- (4) Pursuant to New York City Administrative Code § 10-311(c), any person who applies for and obtains authorization to purchase, or otherwise lawfully obtains, a handqun shall be required to purchase or obtain a safety locking device at the time s/he purchases or obtains the handqun.
- (5) Pursuant to New York City Administrative Code § 10-311(d), the City of New York and its agencies, officers or employees shall not be liable to any party by reason of any incident involving, or the use or misuse of a safety locking device that may have been purchased in compliance with these rules.
- (6) Once the licensee has purchased the handgun, s/he [must] shall return to the License Division -- Room 152, One Police Plaza, New York, New York 10038, within 72 hours to have the handgun and safety locking device inspected. The handgun may not be utilized before it has been inspected by License Division personnel and entered on the license.

[(4)] (7) [Gun] <u>Handqun</u> inspections are conducted only between the hours of 12 to 2 p.m., Monday through Friday.

Note: The License Division is closed on all legal holidays.

[(5)] (8) The licensee may only purchase a handgun from the

following:

(i) A licensed New York State Firearms Dealer.

(ii) The holder of a current, valid, New York State, or New York City Handqun License.

(iii) A New York State or New York City Police Officer or

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Peace Officer, as defined under the $\underline{\text{New York State}}$ Criminal Procedure Law. (iv) Estate of deceased New York City/New York State handgun licensee.

[(6)] $\underline{(9)}$ If the licensee purchases a handgun from a licensed [N.Y.S.] New York State Firearms Dealer, $\underline{s/he}$ [must] \underline{shall} submit the following documents when $\underline{s/he}$ presents the handgun for inspection:

(i) Completed "Handgun Purchase Authorization" form.

 $\mbox{\ \ (ii)}$ Original Bill of Sale and a clear carbon copy or photocopy of same.

[(7)] (10) If the licensee purchases a handgun from the holder of a valid [N.Y.S.] <u>New York State</u> or [N.Y.C.] <u>New York City</u> handgun license, <u>s/he</u> [must] <u>shall</u> also submit the following documents when <u>s/he</u> presents the handgun for inspection:

(i) Completed "Handgun Purchase Authorization" form.
(ii) A signed and notarized Bill of Sale and a clear photocopy by the seller which includes the following information: [Make] make, model, calibre, and serial number of handgun sold; [Sellers] Seller's: [Name] name, [Address] address, license number; [Buyers] Buyer's: [Name] name, [Address] address, license number, date of sale.

(iii) Clear photocopy of the seller's valid, current [handgun] <u>Handgun</u> [license] <u>License</u>, listing the handgun to be purchased thereon. The front and back of the license [must] <u>shall</u> be photocopied.

[(8)] $\underline{(11)}$ If the licensee purchases a handgun from a [N.Y.S.] New York State or [N.Y.C.] New York City Police Officer or Peace Officer, \underline{s} /he [must] \underline{shall} submit the following documents when \underline{s} /he presents the handgun for inspection:

(i) Completed "Handgun Purchase Authorization" form.

(ii) A signed and notarized Original Bill of Sale and a clear photocopy. Bill of Sale [must] shall include: [Date] date of [Sale] sale; Seller's: [Name] name, [Address] address, [Agency] agency, including command, and shield number; Buyer's: [Name] name, [Address] address, [License] license number; [Make] make, [Model] model, calibre and serial number of handgun.

[(9)] $\underline{(12)}$ The aforementioned transaction [will] \underline{shall} not be permitted if the seller is a [N.Y.C.] New York City Police Officer who has not complied with Police Department guidelines regarding the sale of firearms to a handgun licensee.

[(10)] $\underline{(13)}$ If the seller is a Police Officer or Peace Officer from [another] \underline{a} jurisdiction other than New York City, the License Division requires prior written notification as to the seller, so that verification of employment, etc., can be obtained. This information [must] \underline{shall} be listed in the " $\underline{Handqun}$ Purchase Authorization" request submitted by licensee.

[(11)] $\underline{(14)}$ If the licensee wishes to purchase a handgun from the Estate of a deceased [N.Y.C.] New York State/[N.Y.S.] New York City licensee, \underline{s} /he [must] \underline{shall} provide the below specified documents prior to obtaining a "Handgun Purchase Authorization" form. This transaction [must] \underline{shall} be conducted in person at the License Division, Room 152, between the hours of 9 a.m. and 12 p.m., Monday through Thursday only.

(i) A written request for purchase authorization for the desired [weapon(s)] handqun(s) including make, model, calibre and reason for request; the licensee's name, address, and license number.

(ii) The license is required for this transaction.

(iii) A copy of the voucher for the [weapon(s)] handgun(s).

(iv) The decedent's license, if not previously surrendered, showing registration of the [weapon(s)] handqun(s) in question.

(v) A copy of the death certificate.

(vi) If there is a Will: The License Division requires a short certificate of Letters Testamentary, that gives the Executor or Executrix the authority to dispose of the property. Letters can be obtained from the Surrogate's Court, of the borough in which the deceased lived.

(vii) If there is no Will: [If there is an Administrator, the] The License Division requires a short certificate of Letters of Administration that gives the administrator the authority to dispose of the property. Letters can be obtained from the Surrogate's Court, of the borough in which the deceased lived.

(viii) A notarized Bill of Sale from the Executor or Administrator of the decedent's estate, indicating the weapon, make, model,

calibre and serial number, and stating that they are being sold to: the licensee's name, address and license number.

(ix) Once purchased, the [weapon] <u>handgun</u> [must] <u>shall</u> be presented for inspection within seventy-two (72) hours; Monday through Friday 12 to 2 p.m. [(see General Gun Inspection rules).]

- (b) New licensees. A "Handgun Purchase Authorization" form [will] shall be issued to the licensee with her/his new handgun license. As indicated previously this form is only valid for thirty (30) calendar days from the date of issuance.
- (1) If the licensee does not purchase a handgun within the specified period of time, \underline{s}/he [must] \underline{shall} within ten (10) $\underline{calendar}$ days of the expiration date of the "Handgun Purchase Authorization" form, surrender said form and $\underline{her}/\text{his}$ [Handgun] $\underline{handqun}$ license to the License Division [Issuance Section] $\underline{Issuing\ Unit}$.
- (2) The license is only valid if there is a handgun listed thereon.
- (3) Requests for extensions for $\underline{\text{Handgun}}$ Purchase Authorizations [must] $\underline{\text{shall}}$ be made by written request to the [Commanding Officer] $\underline{\text{Division}}$ $\underline{\text{Head}}$, License Division.
- (c) Purchasing an additional [weapon] <u>handgun</u>. (1) Requests for the purchase of an additional [weapon must] <u>handgun shall</u> be made in writing to the License Division -- [Purchase Authorization] <u>Issuing</u> Unit -- [Room 152, 1] <u>One</u> Police Plaza, [N.Y.C.] <u>Room 152, New York</u>, [N.Y.] <u>New York</u>, 10038. Pre-printed request forms are available at the Reception Desk [of this office] in Room 152.
- (2) The written request [must] \underline{shall} include: the licensee's name, address and license number, and the make, model and calibre of the handgun $\underline{s}/$ he wishes to purchase.
- (3) The licensee [will] shall be notified in writing [within approximately one month] of the approval or disapproval of hex-his request for an additional [weapon] handgun. If the request has been approved, the licensee [will] shall receive [via] by mail, a "Notice of Handgun Purchase Authorization Approval." To receive the purchase document the licensee [must] shall appear at the [Handgun License Section] License Division, Room 152, by the date indicated on the notice. The licensee [must] shall bring the approval notice and her/his license with her/his purchase document.
- (4) Purchase documents are issued only between the hours of 9 AM to 12 Noon, Monday through Thursday.

 Note: The License Division is closed on all legal holidays.
- (5) "Handgun Purchase Authorizations" [must] shall be returned to the License Division within ten (10) calendar days of their expiration date. Failure to return the document within the specified time [will] shall result in the suspension and/or revocation of the handgun license(s).
- (6) All purchasers of handguns [will] <u>shall</u> also be required to prepare a "Handgun Index Card," at the License Division.
- (d) Number of handguns allowed on a handgun license. (1) When the [licensee or a member of his] total number of handguns possessed by licensee(s) residing in or located in the same household/business[, possesses a total number of guns in excess of four on any handgun license(s), he must] exceeds four, the licensee(s) shall utilize a safe when handguns are stored at the premises.
- (2) Requests for handguns in excess of four [will] <u>shall</u> not be entertained without [a] proof of the ownership of a safe in which the [weapons will] <u>handguns shall</u> be safeguarded when not in use. Proof of ownership consists of a Bill of Sale for the safe and two <u>color</u> photos of the safe, one with the door open and one with the door closed.
- (3) The [Commanding Officer] <u>Division Head</u>, License Division reserves the right to accept or reject the type of safe proposed for safeguarding the [weapons] handquns.
- (4) [Number] <u>The number</u> of handguns allowed[:] <u>under each type of handgun license is listed below. Requests for additional handguns shall be reviewed on an individual basis. More than four handguns requires satisfactory evidence of safeguarding to prevent theft, as approved by the Division Head, License Division see above.</u>
- (i) [Target License. One handgun. Requests for additional handguns will be reviewed on an individual basis and will be approved consistent with the demonstrated needs of the applicant. More than four

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handguns requires satisfactory evidence of safeguarding to prevent theft, as approved by the Commanding Officer, License Division -- see above.

(ii)] Carry <u>Business and Special Carry Business</u> -- Two handguns. The [Commanding Officer] Division Head of the License Division may in her/his[/her] discretion limit to one the number of handguns that appear on the carry handgun license when the licensee's needs do not require possession of two handguns.

Limited Carry Business -- One handqun.

(iii) Carry Guard and Special Carry Guard -- One handgun. (iv) Gun Custodian -- Number of handguns shall be determined by the Division Head, License Division, consistent with the demonstrated needs

of the applicant.

[(iii)] <u>(v)</u> [Premise] Premises Business -- One handgun.

[Premise] Premises Residence -- [Same as [(iv)] <u>(vi)</u>

Target] One handgun.

- [(v) Special Carry -- Same as Requirements as Carry. (vi) Special Target -- Same as Target above.]
- (e) Requests for additional [weapons] handguns for "Special Handgun Licenses."
- (1) Holders of "Special Handqun Licenses" [must] shall comply with the purchase authorization request quidelines of the county in which they hold their basic handoun license. Once the addition has been made to their basic [county] County [license] License, a request to add the [weapon] handgun to their [N.Y.C. special license] New York City Special License may be made in writing to the [Commanding Officer] Division Head, License Division. [Providing the weapon is acceptable and within the allowable weapons limit] If the Division Head, License Division approves the request, the licensee [will] shall be notified when to report to the License Division to effect the addition. The following documents [will] shall be required at that time:

(i) The basic [county] County [license] License.

(ii) A copy of the county Handqun Purchase Authorization

form.

(iii) A copy of the Bill of Sale.

- (iv) The [N.Y.C.] New York City Special Handgun License.
- (2) Inquiries concerning this type of transaction may be made to the Issuing Unit at telephone numbers (212) 374-5522[,] or 5523[, 5538, and 55391.
- § 5-26 Disposal of a Handgun Listed on the License. (a) Any person lawfully in possession of a handqun who disposes of the same without first notifying the License Division in writing shall be guilty of Class A Misdemeanor in accordance with the provisions of [N.Y.S.] New York State Penal Law § 265.10(7). Pursuant to New York City Administrative Code § 10-311(a), it shall be unlawful for any person or business enterprise to dispose of any [pistol or revolver] handqun which does not contain a safety locking device, defined as a design adaptation or attachable accessory that will prevent the use of the weapon by an unauthorized user. The following types of safety locking devices will be deemed to comply with this provision:
- (1) a trigger lock, which prevents the pulling of the trigger without the use of a key; or
- (2) a combination handle, which prevents the use of the weapon without the alignment of the combination tumblers; or
- (3) a detachable or non-detachable locking device, composed primarily of steel or other metal of significant gauge to inhibit breaking, utilizing a metallic key or combination lock, rendering the weapon inoperable until the locking device is removed by an authorized person.

[Important] Note: The license becomes invalid if the licensee sells the one and only handqun on her/his license. Should the licensee wish to sell it without cancelling her/his license, s/he [must] shall first follow the instructions to add a handgun.

(b) Pursuant to New York City Administrative Code § 10-311(b), it shall be unlawful for any licensed manufacturer, licensed importer, or licensed dealer to dispose of any handqun in New York City unless it is accompanied by the following warning, which shall appear in conspicuous and legible type in capital letters, and which shall be printed on a label affixed to the handgun and on a separate sheet of paper included within the packaging enclosing the

handqun: "THE USE OF A LOCKING DEVICE OR SAFETY LOCK IS ONLY ONE ASPECT OF RESPONSIBLE WEAPON STORAGE. ALL WEAPONS SHOULD BE STORED UNLOADED AND LOCKED IN A LOCATION THAT IS BOTH SEPARATE FROM THEIR AMMUNITION AND INACCESSIBLE TO CHILDREN AND ANY OTHER UNAUTHORIZED PERSONS."

(c) Pursuant to New York City Administrative Code § 10-311(c), any person who applies for and obtains authorization to purchase, or otherwise lawfully obtains, a handqun shall be required to purchase or obtain a safety locking device at the time s/he purchases or obtains the handqun.

(d) Pursuant to New York City Administrative Code § 10-311(d), the City of New York and its agencies, officers or employees shall not be liable to any party by reason of any incident involving, or the use or misuse of a safety locking device that may have been purchased in compliance with these rules.

[(b)] <u>(e)</u> The buyer may only be a:

(1) Licensed [N.Y.S.] <u>New York State</u> Firearms Dealer.

(2) A [N.Y.C.] New York State/[N.Y.S.] New York City Handgun License Holder.

(3) A [N.Y.S.] New York State/[N.Y.C.] New York City Police Officer or Peace Officer.

- [(c)] $\underline{(f)}$ If the licensee sells to a licensed [N.Y.S.] New York State Firearms Dealer the following documentation [will] \underline{shall} be required to process the transaction:
 - (1) The "Original Bill of Sale" from the dealer and photocopy.
- (2) The "Bill of Sale" [must] shall show the Dealer's License [Number] number, [Name] name, [Address] address; the [Make] make, [Model] model, [Calibre] calibre and [Serial] serial [Number] number of the [weapon] handgun sold; [The] the licensee's name, address, [License] license number and expiration date of the [licensee] license; the date of sale; the bill [must] shall clearly indicate that the Dealer [Purchased] purchased the [weapon(s)] handgun(s).
- (3) The licensee [must] <u>shall</u> appear at the License Division, Room 152, with her/his license to process this transaction.

[(4) The licensee must also bring with him a copy of his "Permission to Sell Notice."]

[(d)] $\underline{\text{(q)}}$ If the licensee sells to a [N.Y.C.] New York State/[N.Y.S.] New York City Handgun license holder, the following documentation [will] shall be required to process the transaction:

(1) An "Original Bill of Sale," signed by the seller and the purchaser, with both signatures notarized.

- (2) The "Bill of Sale" [must] <u>shall</u> include: the seller's name, address and license number, expiration date of license; the purchaser's name, address, license number[, include] <u>and</u> expiration date; the make, model, calibre, and serial number of the [firearm(s)] <u>handgun(s)</u> sold, the date of sale.
 - (3) A copy of the purchaser's handgun license, front and back.
 - {4) A copy of the [buyers] <u>buyer's</u> "Handgun Purchase Authorization

form."

- (5) The licensee [will] shall be required to appear at the License
 Division -- Room 152, with her/his license, to process this transaction.
 [(6) The licensee must also bring with him a copy of his
 "Permission to Sell Notice."]
- [(e)] $\underline{(h)}$ Once the licensee has sold $\underline{her/his}$ [firearm(s)] $\underline{handgun(s)}$, $\underline{s/he}$ [must] \underline{shall} appear in person to delete them from $\underline{her/his}$ license within ten $\underline{(10)}$ calendar days of the transaction.
- [(f)] (i) If the licensee wishes to sell $\underline{\text{her/h}}$ his handgun to a [N.Y.C.] New York State/[N.Y.S.] New York City Police Officer or Peace Officer the following documentation [will] shall be required to process the transaction:
 - (1) [The licensee's copy of the "Permission to Sell Notice."
- (2)] A notarized "Bill of Sale" showing the make, model, calibre and serial number of the [weapon] handgun sold; the name, address, shield number, Agency and Command of the Police Officer/Peace Officer. The bill of sale [must] shall be signed by both the seller and the purchaser, dated, and each signature [must] shall be notarized.
- [(3)] If the purchaser is a [N.Y.C.] New York City Police Officer or Peace Officer, the License Division requires prior written notification relative to the purchaser so that verification of employment, etc. can be obtained. [This information must be contained on the request for permission to sell the weapon.]

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[(4)](3) Once the licensee has sold $\underline{\text{her}}/\text{his}$ [weapon] $\underline{\text{handqun s}}/\text{he}$ [must] $\underline{\text{shall}}$ appear at the License Division, Room 152, with $\underline{\text{her}}/\text{his}$ license and the aforementioned documentation to process this transaction.

[(g)] (j) If the licensee wants to transfer $\underline{\text{her}}/\text{his}$ [firearm(s)] $\underline{\text{handqun}(s)}$ to another [N.Y.C.] $\underline{\text{New York State}}/\text{[N.Y.S.]}$ $\underline{\text{New York City}}$ license $\underline{\text{s}}/\text{he}$ also possesses $\underline{\text{s}}/\text{he}$ [must] $\underline{\text{shall}}$ make a written request to the [Commanding Officer] $\underline{\text{Division Head}}$, License Division. The request [must] $\underline{\text{shall}}$ include the following information:

(1) The licensee's name, address and telephone number.

(2) The license number; make, model, calibre, and serial number of the [firearm] handgun the licensee wishes transferred; and the number of the license to which the licensee [want] wants to transfer the [firearm] handgun.

(3) The licensee [must] shall enclose copies of both licenses front and back.

(4) The licensee [will] <u>shall</u> receive a written response. If the request is approved, the licensee [will] <u>shall</u> have to appear at the License Division with both licenses to process the transaction.

[(h)] (k) If the licensee wishes to sell all of $\underline{\text{her}}/\text{his}$ [firearms] $\underline{\text{handquns}}$ and cancel $\underline{\text{her}}/\text{his}$ license, $\underline{\text{s}}/\text{he}$ may do so by submitting the applicable documentation and $\underline{\text{her}}/\text{his}$ handgun license, by mail. (See Cancellation Procedures below.)

§ 5-27 Cancellation of the Handgun License. (a) Anyone cancelling a New York City Handgun License [must] \underline{shall} :

(1) Legally dispose of handgun(s). <u>To legally dispose of her/his</u> handgun(s) the licensee shall either:

(i) Voucher the handgun at her/his local precinct, or
(ii) Sell to a licensed Firearms Dealer, or
(iii) Sell to a Police Officer or Peace Officer, or
(iv) Transfer handgun(s) to another license s/he may

possess, if authorized to do so, or

______(v) Sell to a licensee, if the licensee is authorized to purchase.

(2) Return license to the License Division and attach a copy of voucher or Bill of Sale.

(3) Attach letter briefly giving reason for cancellation.

- (b) [To legally dispose of his handgun(s) the licensee must either:
 - (1) Voucher at his local precinct.
 - (2) Sell to Firearms Dealer.
 - (3) Sell to Police Officer or Peace Officer.
- $\mbox{\ensuremath{(4)}}$ Transfer handgun(s) to another license he may possess, if authorized to do so.

(5) Sell to a licensee, if authorized to purchase.

(c)] If the licensee intends to relocate out of State, the License Division requests verification from the local authorities of that particular jurisdiction that the licensee has notified them that $\underline{s}/\underline{h}e$ is in possession of the handgun listed on $\underline{her}/\underline{h}$ is N.Y. license.

[(d)] $\underline{\text{(c)}}$ To document proper disposal of the handgun, follow the [guidelines] $\underline{\text{rules}}$ listed in [section] $\underline{\text{§ 5-26}}$ concerning "Disposal of a [handgun(s)] $\underline{\text{Handgun}}$ [listed] $\underline{\text{Listed}}$ on the [license] $\underline{\text{License}}$."

[(e)] $\underline{\text{(d)}}$ All documents and the license [must] $\underline{\text{shall}}$ be returned to the License Division -- Cancellation [Section] $\underline{\text{Unit}}$ -- [Room 152, 1] $\underline{\text{One}}$ Police Plaza, [N.Y.C.] $\underline{\text{Room 152}}$, $\underline{\text{New York}}$, [N.Y.] $\underline{\text{New York}}$ 10038, within ten $\underline{\text{(10)}}$ calendar days of the disposal of [weapons] $\underline{\text{handguns}}$, relocation, etc. If the licensee has any questions concerning these procedures $\underline{\text{s/he}}$ may call telephone number (212) 374-5531 or 5532.

Note: If the licensee relocates out of [N.Y.C.] New York City or [N.Y.S.] New York State, s/he [must] shall immediately contact her/his new local Police Department and receive instructions on how to legally possess her/his handgun(s) in their jurisdiction.

§ 5-28 Renewal of the [Pistol] $\underline{\text{Handgun}}$ License. The licensee is required to renew $\underline{\text{her}/\text{his}}$ handgun license every [two] $\underline{\text{three (3)}}$ years. The license expires on the licensee's birthday.

(a) The renewal process generally begins sixty (60) <u>calendar</u> days prior to the licensee's month of birth. The licensee [will] <u>shall</u> receive <u>her/</u>his

renewal application, instructions, and other required forms and her/his invalidated license in the mail. As part of the renewal process, the License Division may require that the licensee produce all licensed handquns for inspection, either using a random selection procedure or when a review of the renewal package discloses the need for such an inspection, as directed by the Commanding Officer, License Division. The licensee shall receive appropriate instructions and a form, Affidavit of Handqun Possession, to be completed and notarized as part of the renewal package. If so directed, the licensee shall transport all licensed handguns to the License Division, One Police Plaza, Room 152, New York, New York or otherwise make the handquns available for inspection, in the manner directed by the instructions. The licensee [must] shall examine the license, complete all required forms including providing color photos, forwarding fees (payable by certified check or money order only), etc., and return [them] the renewal package to the License Division [via] by mail, as soon as possible. Upon receipt of the renewal material, the License Division [will] shall process the renewal and return the validated license to the [License Division] <u>licensee</u> [via] <u>by</u> mail.

(b) The license is not valid unless stamped and sealed by the License

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- Division. The licensee [must] shall sign her/his license in the designated area on the back of the license.
- (c) The renewal application and related documents [will] shall be mailed to the address on the license. If the licensee has moved and has not notified the License Division, the renewal documents [will] shall be returned to the License Division and $\underline{\text{her}/\text{his}}$ license [will] $\underline{\text{shall}}$ be [suspended] $\underline{\text{cancelled}}$ for failure to notify the License Division of an address change (see Address Change -- § 5-29).
- (d) If the licensee has not received her/his renewal documents thirty (30) <u>calendar</u> days prior to <u>her/his</u> birth date, <u>s/he</u> [must] <u>shall</u> contact the Renewal Unit at telephone number (212) 374-5531, or 5532, for instructions. [(Special Licenses (212) 374-5522 or 5523.)]
- (e) If the licensee has extenuating circumstances which prevent her/him from renewing prior to her/his birth date, s/he [must] shall submit a notarized letter to the Renewal Unit explaining the circumstances. The License Division [will] shall contact the licensee and advise her/him on how to proceed. However, if the licensee [does not hear from] is not notified by the License Division by her/his birth date, s/he [must] shall voucher her/his local precinct until the matter is resolved.

 (f) Licensees [must] shall carefully read and comply with the
- instructions on their renewal documents.
- (g) Incomplete or incorrectly prepared renewal documents [will] shall not be processed, and [will] shall be returned to the licensee for completion/correction, with a letter indicating the problem, information omitted, etc. Consequently, if as a result of the licensee's error, the licensee fails to submit the required material, fees, etc., by $\underline{\text{her/}}$ his birthday, s/he [will] shall be required to voucher her/his [firearm(s)] handqun(s) at her/his local precinct until the renewal process is completed.
- (h) If the licensee's birthday has passed and s/he has not yet renewed, <u>s/</u>he [must] <u>shall</u> immediately voucher <u>her/</u>his [firearm(s)] <u>handgun(s)</u> at her/his local precinct. The License Division [will] shall not process any late renewals unless a copy of the voucher is [provided. This will require that the licensee appear in person with the required renewal documents and the voucher at the License Division] attached to the complete renewal application which is to be submitted by mail.
- (i) Failure to renew the license on time is cause for [suspension/]cancellation of the license.
- (j) Possession of any unlicensed [firearm] handgun is a violation of [§] Article 265 of the [N.Y.S.] New York State Penal Law, and may subject the licensee to arrest.
- (k) Renewal fees [must] shall be in the form of a money order or a certified check made payable to the N.Y.C. Police Department. Cash and personal checks [will] shall not be accepted.
- [(1) When a licensee is applying for renewal of such license, he must demonstrate that the license has been used for regular recreational target shooting purposes in accordance with the provisions of § 5-23(b)(1).]
- § 5-29 License Amendments. (a) Originals of all verifying documents [must] shall be presented along with photocopies. After the original documents have

been reviewed, they [will] \underline{shall} be returned to the licensee. (1) [Target/Premise] $\underline{Premises}$ Residence License -- address changes. (i) If the licensee has moved, $\underline{s/he}$ [must] \underline{shall} change the

(i) If the licensee has moved, <u>s/he [must] shall</u> change the address listed on <u>her/his license</u>. To do so the licensee [must] <u>shall</u> come to the License Division no later than ten (10) <u>calendar</u> days after <u>her/his</u> change becomes effective. [He must] <u>S/he shall</u> bring <u>her/his license</u> and verifying documents such as current utility bills. Any and all verifying documents [must] <u>shall</u> include the licensee's name and the licensee's new address.

(ii) [If the licensee resides with someone and the utility bills are not in his name, the licensee must provide a dated notarized letter from the owner/lessee, stating that the licensee resides with them and that they are aware that the licensee possesses a firearm, along with a current utility bill showing their name and address.

(iii)] If the licensee has relocated outside of New York City, $\underline{s}/\underline{he}$ [must] \underline{shall} follow the instructions for "Cancellation."

- (2) All Carry/[Premise] Premises Business Licenses -- address changes. If the licensee's business name, principals, corporate [officer,] officers (if [Corp.] a corporation), and the nature of her/his business remain the same, but s/he has changed her/his business location, the licensee [must] shall within ten (10) calendar days, provide the License Division with a copy of a current utility bill verifying the name and new address of the business, and other verifying documents substantiating the move. [The licensee must contact the License Division for instruction as to what documents are required.] This transaction [must] shall be conducted in person. If the nature of the licensee's business has changed, s/he [must] shall follow the instructions for "Cancellation."
 - (3) [Premise] <u>Premises</u>/business name changes.

(i) If the licensee has a [Premise] <u>Premises</u> Business License and changes <u>her/</u>his business name, but <u>her/</u>his business is of the same nature and at the same location, $\underline{s/}$ he [must] \underline{shall} provide the License Division with Amended Business Certificate, verifying documents, etc. within ten (10) $\underline{calendar}$ days.

(ii) If the licensee is an employee of a company, in addition to the documentation required in subparagraph (i) above, the licensee [must] $\underline{\text{shall}}$ submit a letter on company stationery signed by the company president or owner, which states that the licensee is still employed by them in the same capacity for which the license was issued, and that the licensee still requires the handgun license for $\underline{\text{her}/\text{his}}$ employment.

(iii) If the nature of the licensee's business has changed <u>s/he</u> [must] <u>shall</u> follow the instructions for Cancellation.

- (4) Carry Business License name changes. If the licensee has a Carry Business [Permit] <u>License</u> and <u>s/he</u> changes <u>her/his</u> business name -- but not the nature of the business, the [Corporate Officers] <u>corporate officers</u>, or the location, <u>s/he</u> [must] <u>shall</u> contact the License Division immediately at telephone #(212) 374-[5538] <u>5531</u> or [5539] <u>5532</u> for instructions on how to proceed.
- (5) "Special" Carry Handgun License Changes. Licensees [must] shall call telephone number (212) 374-[5538]5531 or [5539]5532, for specific instructions. However, the licensee's basic [county handgun license must] County Handgun License shall be amended prior to requesting any amendment of her/his [N.Y.C.] New York City "Special Handgun License."

 (6) Individual name changes.

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the City Clerk.)

(ii) The aforementioned document(s) [must] shall be submitted in the original, with a copy attached. The License Division [will] shall return the original document to the licensee.

(iii) The licensee [must] shall appear in person at the License Division -- Room 152, with the required documents and her/his license to effect this change.

- (b) New business. (1) If the licensee has changed her/his business from the one for which $\underline{s}/$ he was originally licensed, or $\underline{her}/$ his current business has had a change of name and/or corporate officers, owners, etc., or the nature of her/his business or responsibilities have changed; or if s/he has ended her/his association with the business, [i.e.] i.e., retired, terminated, resigned, the licensee [must] shall within ten (10) calendar days of the change surrender $\underline{\text{her/}}$ his [weapon(s)] $\underline{\text{handgun(s)}}$ and license to $\underline{\text{her/}}$ his local precinct for safekeeping. [His] <u>Her/his</u> license may be subject to cancellation. (See § 5-27) -- Cancellation of the [handgun license] <u>Handgun</u> License). Questions may be directed to the Incident Section (212) 374-5538 or
- (2) Handgun licenses are not transferable to new businesses. The licensee [must] shall re-apply for a new handgun license for her/his new business.
- (3) New applications [will] shall not be accepted without proof of the surrender of the old license and proof of the proper disposal or surrender of the [firearm(s)] handgun(s).
- (4) Failure to make proper notification of any of the above changes to the License Division [may] shall result in immediate cancellation of the license.
- § 5-30 Incidents Involving Suspension. (a) Whenever a handgun licensee is involved in an "Incident," the licensee [must] shall immediately report said incident to the License Division's Incident [Unit] Section -- Telephone number (212) 374-5538[,] or 5539. Certain "Incidents" [must] shall also be reported to the "Precinct of Occurrence" (where the incident took place).
- (b) The following "Incidents" [must] shall be immediately reported to the "Precinct of Occurrence" and the License Division Incident Section:

 - (1) Lost [firearm(s)] $\underline{\text{handqun}(s)}$. (2) Stolen [firearm(s)] $\underline{\text{handqun}(s)}$.
- (3) Discharge of [firearm] handqun -- other than at [a licensed firearms] an authorized small arms range/shooting club.
 - (4) Lost handgun license (see lost/stolen license).
 - (5) Stolen handgun license (see lost/stolen license).
 - (6) Improper use/safeguarding of [firearm(s)] <u>handgun(s)</u>.
 - (7) [Unnecessary] <u>Public</u> display of [firearm] <u>an unholstered</u>

handqun.

- (c) The following "Incidents" [must] shall be immediately reported to the License Division's Incident [Unit] Section:
- (1) Arrest, summons, (except traffic infractions), [Indictment] indictment, or [Conviction] conviction of licensee, in any jurisdiction, federal, state, local, etc.; suspension or ineligibility order issued pursuant to § 530.14 of the New York State Criminal Procedure Law or § 842-a of the New York State Family Court Act.
 - (2) Admission of licensee to any psychiatric institution, and/or the receipt of psychiatric treatment by licensee.
- sanitarium, (3) The receipt of treatment for alcoholism or drug abuse by licensee.
 - (4) [The suffering of the following conditions by the licensee:
 - (i) Epilepsy.
 - (ii) Diabetes.
 - (iii) Fainting spells.
 - (iv) Blackouts.
 - (v) Temporary loss of memory.
 - (vi) Nervous disorder.
- (\mbox{vii}) Or any handicap that may effect the handling of a $\mbox{\footnotemath{{\tt The}}}$ presence or occurrence of a disability or condition that may affect the handling of a handgun, including but not limited to epilepsy, diabetes, fainting spells, blackouts, temporary loss of memory, or nervous disorder.

(6) Alteration, mutilation or destruction of handgun license.

Note: The above "Incidents" [must] shall be reported if they were not previously disclosed by licensee to the License Division, or if previously disclosed, circumstances have changed.

(d) In addition to the aforementioned "Incidents," whenever the holder of a handgun license becomes involved in a situation which comes to the attention of any police department, or other [Law] \underline{law} enforcement agency, the licensee [must] \underline{shall} immediately notify the License Division's Incident [Unit] $\underline{Section}$ of the details.

(e) All "Incidents" [will] \underline{shall} be reviewed and evaluated by License Division investigators. If, as a result of the "Incident," the License Division finds it necessary to suspend or revoke the license, the licensee [will] \underline{shall} receive notification by mail. Said notification [will] \underline{shall} advise the licensee of the status of $\underline{her/his}$ license and the reason for the suspension/revocation.

(f) The licensee [will] <u>shall</u> be directed to immediately voucher for safekeeping all [firearms(s)] <u>handquns, rifles and/or shotquns</u> listed on any license <u>and any rifle/shotqun permit s/he</u> possesses. After the [firearm(s)] <u>handquns, rifles and/or shotquns</u> have been vouchered, the licensee [must] <u>shall</u> immediately send <u>her/his</u> handgun license <u>and any rifle/shotqun permit s/he possesses</u> and a copy of the "Voucher" to the License Division's Incident [Unit] <u>Section</u>.

(g) Failure to comply with these directions is a violation of the [N.Y.S.] New York State Penal Law, and [will] shall result in summary action by the Police Department. Possession of an unlicensed [firearm(s)] handqun is a crime. If a license is suspended or revoked, the [firearm(s)] handqun(s) listed thereon are no longer considered licensed. Failure to comply with the License Division's directions may result in the permanent revocation of the licensee's handgun license.

(h) If her/his license is suspended or revoked, the licensee_shall be issued a written Notice of Determination Letter, which shall state in brief the grounds for the suspension or revocation of the license and notify the licensee of the opportunity for a hearing. The suspended/former licensee has the right to submit a written request for a [Hearing] hearing to appeal the decision. This request [must] shall be made within thirty (30) calendar days of the [Suspension/Revocation Notice] date of the Notice of Determination The written request shall be submitted to the Commanding Officer, License Division, One Police Plaza, Room 110A, New York, New York 10038. A licensee whose arrest or summons resulted in suspension or revocation of her/his license may only submit a written request for a hearing within thirty (30) calendar days after the termination of the criminal action, as defined in New York State Criminal Procedure Law § 1.20(16)(c). If the suspension or revocation resulted from the licensee becoming the subject of an order of protection or a temporary order of protection, the licensee may only submit a written request for a hearing within thirty (30) calendar days after the expiration or voiding of the order of protection or temporary order of protection. If the suspension or revocation was related to both a criminal action and an order of protection or temporary order of protection, then the later of the two waiting periods shall apply. However, requests for [Hearings will] hearings shall not be entertained, nor [will] shall a [Hearing] hearing be scheduled until the licensee:

(1) [Vouchers the firearm(s);] <u>Complies with the provisions of subdivision (f) above; and</u>

(2) [Forwards a copy of the voucher receipt; and

(3) Forwards his handqun license to the License Division;

(4)] Provides a Certificate of Final Disposition, if applicable;

and

[(5)] $\underline{\text{(3)}}$ Provides a Certificate of Relief from [Disability] $\underline{\text{Disabilities}}$, if applicable, to the License Division.

(i) [If the suspension is based upon the licensee's having been arrested, the licensee must provide the License Division with the Final Certificate of Disposition, and a Certificate of Relief from Disability if the licensee were convicted for a felony or serious misdemeanor. A Hearing will not be held until all pending matters before the Court have been finalized.

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(j) If it becomes necessary for the licensee to request a hearing, the
       licensee must do so by submitting a request to the Commanding Officer of the
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       License Division.] The [letter must] written request for a hearing shall
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       include:
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                     (1) License number [-- Refer to Disapproval number if applicable].
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                     (2) Reason(s) for the request.
                     (3) Disposition of license(s) and handgun(s).
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              [(k)] (j) Upon receipt of the licensee's letter, the License Division
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       [will] shall schedule the licensee for a hearing and notify the licensee by
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       mail.
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       § 5-31 Mutilated, Lost or Stolen Licenses. (a) If <a href="her/his license">her/his license</a> was lost or
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       stolen, the licensee [must] shall report the loss/theft to the "Precinct of
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       Occurrence" and obtain a "Complaint Report Number."
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                     (1) If the licensee's license was lost, \underline{s/}he [must] \underline{shall}:
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                            (i) Obtain a "Complaint Report Number" from the precinct of
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       occurrence.
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                            (ii) Report in person to the License Division -- Room 152.
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                            (iii) Bring a ten ($10) dollar money order or certified
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       check. Cash and personal checks [will] shall not be accepted. Make instrument
21
       payable to "[New York City] N.Y.C. Police Department."
22
                            (iv) Bring two current color photos -- 1-1/2["] X 1- 1/2["]
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       inches, front view, from the chest up, taken within the past thirty (30) days.
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25
26
       [He should] S/he shall not wear anything which would obstruct identification,
       [i.e.] <u>e.g.</u>, hats, sunglasses, etc.
                            (v) Bring the "Complaint Report Number."
27
                            (vi) Bring personal [Identification] identification --
28
       [Driver's license] driver's license, [Credit Card] credit card, old [handgun]
29
       Handqun License.
30
                            (vii) The licensee [will] \underline{shall} be required to prepare a
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       duplicate application and have it notarized.
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                     (2) If <u>her/</u>his license was stolen, the licensee [must] <u>shall</u>:
33
                            (i) Obtain a Complaint Report Number from the precinct of
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       occurrence.
35
                            (iii) Report in person to the License Division -- Room 152. (iii) Bring two [current] color photos -- 1-1/2[" x] X 1-
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37
       1/2["] inches, front view, from the chest up, taken within the past thirty
       (30) days. [He should] S/he shall not wear anything which would obstruct
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       identification, [i.e.] <u>e.g.</u>, hats, sunglasses, etc.
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                            [(iii)] (iv) Bring the "Complaint Report Number."
41
                            [(iv)] (v) Bring personal [Idenification] identification --
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       [Driver's license] driver's license, [Credit Card] credit card, old [handqun]
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       Handgun License.
                            [(v)] \underline{\text{(vi)}} [He will] \underline{\text{S/he shall}} be required to prepare a
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       duplicate application and have it notarized.
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              (b) If her/his license was altered, laminated or mutilated, the licensee
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       [must] shall: Report in person to the License Division -- Room 152 with the
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       following:
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                     (1) A ten ($10) dollar money order or certified check. Cash and
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       personal checks [will] shall not be accepted. Make instrument payable to "[New
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       York City] N.Y.C. Police Department."
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53
                     (2) Two [current] <u>color</u> photos -- 1-1/2["] X 1-1/2["] <u>inches</u>,
       front view, from the chest up, taken within the past thirty (30) days. [He
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       should] S/he shall not wear anything which would obstruct identification,
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       [i.e.] <u>e.g.</u>, hats, sunglasses, etc.
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                     (3) \underline{S/he} [will] \underline{shall} be required to prepare a duplicate
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       application and have it notarized.
                     (4) S/he [must] shall bring with her/him the remnants of her/his
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       license.
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       § 5-32 Transfer of Records. [N.Y.C.] <u>New York City</u> handqun [Licensees]
       <u>licensees</u> who have moved out of New York City may request a transfer of their
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       records to their new licensing jurisdiction, [as per] in accordance with § [400] 400.00, Subdivision 5, of the [N.Y.S.] New York State Penal Law.

(a) This request [must] shall be made in writing by the new licensing agency and accompanied by a five ($5.00) dollar money order, made payable to
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       the N.Y.C. Police Department.
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              (b) The request [will] shall not be processed unless the License
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Division has received the licensee's [N.Y.C.] New York City handgun license; documentation of the legal disposition of $\frac{\text{her}}{\text{his}}$ [firearm(s)] $\frac{\text{handgun}(s)}{\text{handgun}(s)}$, [i.e.] $\frac{i.e.}{\text{his}}$, Bill Of Sale or Voucher (see Cancellation and Disposal of [Weapon(s)] $\frac{\text{Handqun}(s)}{\text{Handqun}(s)}$ -- §§ 5-26 and 5-27), $\frac{\text{her}}{\text{his}}$ new address, and the name and address of $\frac{\text{her}}{\text{his}}$ new licensing authority.

(c) Requests for a [Records Transfer] records transfer may be mailed to the [N.Y.C.] New York City Police Department License Division -- Records [Transfer] Unit, [Room 152, 1] One Police Plaza, [N.Y.C.] Room 152, New York, [N.Y.] New York 10038. The License Division [will] shall process her/his request as expeditiously as possible once the License Division has received the necessary information, documentation, fee, etc. If the licensee has any questions concerning this matter contact (212) 374-5522[,] or 5523.

§ 5-33 Familiarity with Rules and Law. [Licensees must become thoroughly familiar with the rules stated in this chapter. In addition, handgun licensees must be familiar with the N.Y.S. Penal Law -- §§ 35, 265 and 400, which contain the Laws concerning firearms and use of deadly force.] All licensees shall be required to sign an acknowledgment that they shall be responsible for compliance with all laws, rules, regulations, standards, and procedures promulgated by federal, state, or local jurisdictions, and by federal, state, or local law enforcement agencies, that are applicable to this license. The License Division shall provide the licensee with the acknowledgment statement. This acknowledgment statement shall be notarized. Failure to sign the acknowledgment statement and have it notarized shall result in denial of the license application.

Note: Reference within this chapter to the masculine shall be presumed to include the feminine and neuter. Reference to the singular shall be presumed to include the plural.

* * *

Chapter 13 of Title 38 of the Rules of the City of New York is amended to read as follows:

Chapter 13 Special Patrolmen

§ 13-01 Appointment. (a) <u>Pursuant to New York City Administrative Code § 14-106</u>, the Police Commissioner may appoint Special Patrolmen upon application by individuals whose employers demonstrate need for such appointment.

(b) Applications for appointment as Special [Patrolmen] <u>Patrolman</u> from employees, properly endorsed by the following agencies or institutions, [will] <u>shall</u> be given consideration:

- (1) City and state governmental agencies.
- (2) Housing complexes.
- (3) Hospitals, cemeteries and social welfare agencies.
- (4) Educational and cultural institutions, schools, libraries, museums, etc.
 - (5) Financial institutions[,] and business entities.
 - (6) As deemed appropriate by the Police Commissioner.
- [(b)] (c) Special Patrolmen are [designated] appointed in connection with special duties of employment, and <u>such designation</u> confers limited Peace Officer powers upon the employee <u>pursuant to New York State Criminal Procedure Law § 2.10(27)</u>. The exercise of these powers is limited to the employee's geographical area of employment and only while such employee is actually on duty. Such duties of employment may include:
 - (1) Issuing of summonses [by governmental employees]; or
 - (2) Making arrests and issuing desk appearance tickets; or
- (3) Controlling crowds and maintaining order in governmental or public buildings.

[(c)] (d) Special [Patrolmen deputizations will] <u>Patrolman designations shall</u> be renewed [biennially] <u>every two years</u> upon a showing, to the satisfaction of the Police Commissioner, of continuing <u>fitness of the employee, continuing</u> necessity by the employer, [i.e.] <u>i.e.</u>, that the duties and responsibilities of the positions require the special powers conferred by the New York City Administrative Code <u>and New York State Criminal Procedure Law</u>.

(1) A citizen of the United States and resident of the City of New

York unless exempted by law.

- (2) Presently employed or about to be employed for the purpose of performing duties as specified in § 13-01(b) above, within the City of New York for an employer approved by the Police Department. [Deputizations] Appointments are made for the [purposes] benefit of the employing agency, institution or business entity, at whose request the appointment is made, and the duration of the [deputization] appointment shall be [coexistent] coterminous with such employment.
- (3) No record of convictions for any felony or serious offense as enumerated in § 265.00 (17) of the New York State Penal Law. If an applicant presents a Certificate of Relief from [Disability] <u>Disabilities</u> for a conviction as aforesaid, consideration [will] <u>shall</u> be given to the circumstances of the underlying arrest, the age of the applicant when arrested, the time elapsed since the occurrence of the act which led to the arrest and conviction, and the subsequent conduct of the applicant.

(4) Be at least 21 years of age at the time of [deputization] appointment.

(5) If discharged from the military service, it [must] <u>shall</u> not have been dishonorably.

(6) Not possess a [physical, medical or mental impairment] condition or disability which, even with reasonable accommodations, would prevent the performance of the essential functions of Special Patrolman.

[(e)] (f) In addition to the above, applicants for Special Patrolman designation may be disapproved by failure to meet character requirements [where] as disclosed by a background investigation [discloses incidents in the applicant's background demonstrating a pattern of predisposition to violence, theft or other misconduct which would be inimical to the purpose of the deputization, i.e., the protection of property, or the safety of specific individuals or the public at large]. This determination [will] shall be based upon a review of the circumstances of previous arrests, employment records, mental history, [and] reports of misconduct reflecting on character as referred to above, and any other pertinent records or information.

[(f)] $\underline{(g)}$ An applicant may be disapproved if a false statement [of a material fact] is made on the application.

[(q)] (h) All applicants shall be fingerprinted upon the filing of the application on forms provided by the License Division. A processing fee, required by the New York State Division of Criminal Justice Services, shall be paid at the time the applicant is fingerprinted, by a money order payable to the N.Y.S. Division of Criminal Justice Services. An application fee shall also be paid at that time, by certified check or money order made payable to the N.Y.C. Police Department. The following items of information shall be provided by applicants: Court disposition of any arrest in which [our] Police Department records do not indicate a final determination; two color photos 1-1/2["] X 1-1/2[" bust types] inches, front view, taken within the past thirty (30) days; [photostat] certified copy of birth certificate; [photostat] certified copy of DD214 and military discharge; proof of residence; if foreign born, naturalization certificate; [pistol] handgun license or rifle/shotgun permit [license] if applicable; driver's license or New York State Department of Motor Vehicles identification card. All application forms [must] shall be typed and notarized, and co-signed by the employer's Chief of Security. [Form letters addressed to the applicant concerning his interviews, status of investigation, approval or disapproval should also be provided as they concern the items listed above; the] The Special [Patrolmen] Patrolman Section [must] shall be notified at least three (3) business days prior to any scheduled appointments if the applicant is unable to appear.

[(h)] (i) During the pendency of the application, the applicant shall notify the License Division of any necessary correction to or modification of the information provided in the original application, or any change in her/his status or circumstances, which may be relevant to the application.

(j) An employer seeking approval to employ one or more Special Patrolmen shall be evaluated utilizing the following criteria:

(1) Demonstrated need for Special Patrolman services.

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- (2) Financial ability to support adequate compensation, uniform,
- (3) Establishment of training program and sufficient management
- (4) Character and reputation of employer including any criminal activity associated with employer's operations.
 - (5) Prior experiences with Special Patrolmen engaged by employer.
- (k) Once an application for Special Patrolman [deputization] appointment has been disapproved, or [deputization] appointment once granted has been revoked [for cause], the disqualified individual [will] shall be ineligible to file a new application for at least [one (1) year] two (2) years, unless reinstated earlier after a suspension or revocation hearing.
- (1) Each Special Patrolman shall be required to sign an acknowledgment that s/he shall be responsible for compliance with all laws, rules, regulations, standards, and procedures promulgated by federal, state, or local jurisdictions, and by federal, state, or local law enforcement agencies, that are applicable to her/his appointment. The License Division shall provide the Special Patrolman with the acknowledgment statement. This acknowledgment statement shall be notarized. Failure to execute the acknowledgment statement and to have it notarized shall result in disapproval of the application.
- (m) Special Patrolmen shall cooperate with all reasonable requests by the Police Department for information and assistance in matters relating to
- (n) If her/his application for special patrolman appointment is disapproved the applicant shall receive a written "Notice of Application Disapproval" from the License Division indicating the reason(s) for the disapproval. If the applicant wishes to appeal the decision s/he shall submit a sworn written statement, which shall be known as an "Appeal of Application Disapproval," to the Division Head, License Division, within thirty (30) calendar days of the date on the "Notice of Application Disapproval" requesting an appeal of the denial, and setting forth the reasons supporting the appeal. The Appeal of Application Disapproval shall become part of the application. It shall state the grounds for the appeal and shall contain the following statement to be signed by the applicant and notarized: "Under penalty of perjury, deponent being duly sworn, says that s/he is familiar with all of the statements contained herein and that each of these statements is true, and no pertinent facts have been omitted." Appeals that are unsworn by the applicant or submitted by individuals or business entities other than the applicant or her/his New York State licensed attorney shall not be accepted. All timely appeals shall receive a complete review of the applicant's entire file by the Division Head, License Division, who shall notify the applicant of her/his determination. The Division Head, License Division shall not consider any documentation that was not submitted during the initial background investigation. There shall be no personal interviews to discuss appeals. the appeal of her/his disapproval is denied, the applicant shall receive a "Notice of Disapproval After Appeal" letter from the Division Head, License Division. This notice concludes the Police Department's administrative review
- § 13-02 Cancellations, Suspensions and Revocations. (a) [An] A Special <u>Patrolman and her/his</u> employer [must] <u>shall</u> immediately notify the License Division of the Police Department, Special [Patrolmen] <u>Patrolman</u> Section, whenever an employee, [deputized] appointed as Special Patrolman is:
 - (2) Suspended from employment.
 - (3) Terminated <u>from employment</u>.
- (4) Disabled [to the extent he will not be capable of performing special patrolman] or subject to a condition which prevents the Special Patrolman from being able to perform the duties of a Special Patrolman.
 - (5) Transferred to a position not requiring [deputization] such
- (6) Involved in an incident which demonstrates conduct which is contrary to the purpose of appointment as a Special Patrolman, i.e., the protection of property, or the safety of specific individuals or the public at large, and to her/his continued designation as a Special Patrolman.
 - (b) Upon receipt of this notice from the Special Patrolman, her/his

employer, or otherwise, the License Division shall immediately notify the Special Patrolman and the employer that the [deputization] <u>appointment</u> is <u>cancelled</u>, <u>suspended</u> or revoked.

(c) A Special Patrolman and her/his employer shall immediately notify the License Division of the Police Department, Special Patrolman Section, whenever said employee changes her/his address. The failure of a Special Patrolman and/or her/his employer to report a Special Patrolman's change of address to the Special Patrolman Section may result in the immediate revocation of the appointment.

(d) The appointment of a Special Patrolman may also be <u>cancelled</u>, <u>suspended or</u> revoked by the Police Commissioner on <u>her/</u>his own initiative for any of the reasons enumerated in § 13-02(a) above, or upon a finding that a condition exists, which would be cause for a disapproval of an application, or revocation, as aforesaid. <u>In appropriate circumstances</u>, the approval for an employer to participate in the Special Patrolman program may be revoked.

employer to participate in the Special Patrolman program may be revoked.

[(d)] (e) When a cancellation, suspension or revocation is initiated by the Police Department, written notice [will] shall be given to the employer and the employee whose designation has been cancelled, suspended or revoked, advising them of the reasons for the action taken.

[(e) Within 30 days after a disposition of an arrest of a Special Patrolman, which resulted in revocation of deputization, the employer and the affected employee may request a hearing pursuant to § 13-03 of these rules.]

§ 13-03 [Appeals] Appeal from [Disqualification and] Written Notice of Determination of Suspension or Revocation. (a) [No applicant shall be disqualified pursuant to these rules, unless he is first given a written statement of the reasons therefor and an opportunity for an appeal.

(b) Upon receipt of a written notice of disqualification from the License Division, an applicant] An employer or suspended/ former Special Patrolman may within [ten (10)] thirty (30) calendar days from the date of the Notice of Determination Letter notifying the employer or Special Patrolman of suspension or revocation make a written [appeal] request for a hearing to the Commanding Officer, License Division, One Police Plaza, Room 110A, New York, New York 10038. [Only written appeals will be considered. The Commanding Officer, License Division shall review the applicant's entire file and notify the applicant in writing of his or her determination. If the appeal is denied, the applicant will receive a "Notice of Disapproval After Appeal" letter from the Commanding Officer, License Division. This notice concludes the Police Department's administrative review procedure.]

(b) A Special Patrolman whose arrest or summons resulted in suspension or revocation of her/his appointment may only submit a written request for a hearing within thirty (30) calendar days after the termination of the criminal action, as defined in New York State Criminal Procedure Law § 1.20(16)(c). If the suspension or revocation resulted from the Special Patrolman becoming the subject of an order of protection or a temporary order of protection, the Special Patrolman may only submit a written request for a hearing within thirty (30) calendar days after the expiration or voiding of the order of protection or temporary order of protection. If the suspension or revocation was related to both a criminal action and an order of protection or temporary order of protection, then the later of the two waiting periods shall apply.

§ 13-04 Uniform and Equipment. (a) The [uniform and] shield of a Special Patrolman shall be of a design and color approved by the Police Commissioner. The <u>Special Patrolman's</u> [prescribed] uniform shall be <u>prescribed by the employer</u>, shall not resemble in any way the uniform of a New York City Police Officer, and shall be worn at all times while the Special Patrolman is on duty unless the Special Patrolman's [credentials permit] <u>identification card authorizes</u> the wearing of civilian clothes or <u>s/he</u> is otherwise excused by the Police Commissioner. A Special Patrolman [will] <u>shall</u> not wear <u>her/</u>his uniform while off-duty. ([§ 14-107 N.Y.C.] <u>New York City</u> Administrative Code § 14-107.)

(b) When appointed, a Special Patrolman [will] <u>shall</u> be provided with a shield and identification card. To insure the return of the shield, a \$25 deposit [will] <u>shall</u> be required for each shield issued. The deposit [will] <u>shall</u> be refunded upon the return of the shield. The theft or loss of a shield or identification card [will] <u>shall</u> be reported without delay to the precinct of occurrence and in writing to the License Division.

(d) Upon the death, resignation, termination of employment, cancellation, suspension or revocation of the appointment of a Special Patrolman, the [Commanding Officer of the Special Patrolmen Section] employer shall cause the Special [Patrolman] Patrolman's shield, [credentials] identification card and pistol or revolver, if any, to be delivered to [departmental] Police Department custody immediately, if this has not already been done.

(e) If [firearms] <u>handguns</u> are required, applications for a [pistol] <u>handgun</u> license authorizing the possession of a [firearm] <u>handgun</u> in connection with Special [Patrolmen] <u>Patrolman</u> duties should be made to the <u>License Division's</u> [Pistol] <u>Handgun</u> License Application Section. A determination [will] <u>shall</u> be made as to whether sufficient need exists for approval. It is a crime for a Special Patrolman to possess a [firearm] <u>handgun</u> without having a valid [pistol] <u>handgun</u> license therefor, and grounds for revocation of the Special Patrolman designation.

(f) If handcuffs are required, Special Patrolmen are restricted to possession while on duty or while traveling to and from [his or her] their assigned place of duty. Unlawful possession of handcuffs is a <u>criminal</u> violation ([§ 10-147(b) N.Y.C.] <u>New York City Administrative Code § 10-147(b)</u>).

§ 13-05 Conduct. (a) It is a crime for a Special Patrolman to represent her/himself a Police Officer (§ 190.25 of the New York State Penal Law).

(b) Unlawful use and possession of a police uniform, shields or emblems, as prescribed by § 14-107 of the New York City Administrative Code [of the City of New York], shall be cause for revocation of a Special Patrolman designation.

(c) A Special Patrolman [will] \underline{shall} be subject to the orders and regulations of the Police Commissioner, and [will] \underline{shall} cooperate in the performance of duty with members of the Police Department.

(d) Upon making an arrest, a Special Patrolman shall, without delay, bring the prisoner before the Desk Officer at the precinct in which the arrest is made, or directly to the Central Booking facility as appropriate. [An arrest by a Special Patrolman shall be recorded in the same series of consecutive numbers as an arrest by a member of the Police Department.]

(e) A Special Patrolman employed by a city or state governmental agency other than the New York City Police Department, which has a formalized procedure for the issuing, recording, and forwarding of summonses for personnel of the agency concerned, shall comply with the regulations of that agency. Any other Special Patrolman who serves a summons shall deliver the necessary papers to the Desk Officer of the precinct in which it was served, without delay.

(f) A Special Patrolman [will] <u>shall</u> promptly notify the Special [Patrolmen] <u>Patrolman</u> Section of a change in residence, telephone number or employment status.

(g) If a Special Patrolman is arrested, $\underline{s/he}$ shall immediately notify $\underline{her/his}$ employer and the Special [Patrolmen] $\underline{Patrolman}$ Section of that occurrence.

(h) Non-compliance with any provision of these rules by a Special Patrolman may result in <u>suspension or revocation of her/his [deputization] designation</u>. Non-compliance with any of these rules by an employer may result in revocation of its approval to participate in the Special [Patrolmen] $\underline{Patrolman}$ program.

§ 13-06 Training. (a) Persons [deputized] appointed as Special Patrolmen by the Police Commissioner are mandated to have received training pursuant to $\underline{\text{New York State}}$ Criminal Procedure Law[,] § 2.30(1), within 12 months of their designation. Employers are solely responsible for providing such training.

(b) Employers of Special Patrolmen [will] <u>shall</u> be responsible for certifying to the [Commanding Officer] <u>Division Head</u>, License Division that their [deputized] <u>designated</u> personnel have completed the required training and [will] <u>shall</u> submit copies of completion certificates to the License Division within 30 days of such training.

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- (c) Non-compliance with these mandated training provisions by employers or their [deputized] <u>designated</u> Special Patrolmen shall be cause for revocation of their designations and <u>revocation of</u> approval <u>for the employer</u> to participate in the Special [Patrolmen] Patrolman program.
- § 13-07 Required Reports. (a) Agencies, institutions, et[.] al., employing persons [deputized] appointed as Special Patrolmen are solely responsible for compliance with mandatory reporting requirements as established by the New York State Division of Criminal Justice Services. Tel: (518) 457-6101.
- (b) Failure to comply with [N.Y.S.] <u>New York State</u> Division of Criminal Justice Services mandated reporting requirements may be grounds for removal from the Special [Patrolmen] <u>Patrolman</u> program.
- Note: References within this chapter to masculine shall be presumed to include the feminine and neuter. References to the singular shall be presumed to include the plural.

* * *

Subchapter B of Chapter 15 of Title 38 of the Rules of the City of New York is relettered C and amended to read as follows:

Chapter 15 Adjudications

Subchapter [B] \underline{C} Hearing Rules Governing Suspension[, Cancellation] and Revocation of [Pistol] $\underline{Handqun}$ Licenses, [Longarm] $\underline{Rifle/Shotqun}$ Permits, $\underline{Dealer's}$, $\underline{Gunsmith's}$ and $\underline{Manufacturer's}$ Licenses, $\underline{Organization}$ Registration $\underline{Certificates}$ and $\underline{Special}$ Patrolman Designations.

§ 15-21 Definitions.

[Cancellation. Cancellation shall mean removal of a license and privilege to possess a firearm and/or be designated a special patrolman as a result of a change in business or employment circumstances.]

Department. The term "Department" shall mean the New York City Police Department.

Handgun. The term "handgun" shall mean a pistol or revolver.
Hearing Officer. The term "Hearing Officer" shall mean an individual designated by the Police Commissioner to preside over hearings pertaining to suspension [, cancellation] and revocation of [pistol and longarm] handgun licenses, rifle/shotgun permits, dealer's, gunsmith's and manufacturer's licenses, organization registration certificates and special patrolman designations.

License. The term "License" shall mean a license or permit to possess [firearms] handguns or rifles/shotguns, or to conduct business as a dealer, gunsmith or manufacturer, or the registration certificate allowing organizations to possess rifles or shotguns, or the granting of special patrolman designation.

License Division. The term "License Division" shall mean the New York City Police Department License Division.

[Longarm. Longarm shall mean a rifle or shotgun.]

Licensee. The term "Licensee" shall mean any person, business, organization or governmental agency which is requesting a hearing to contest a decision made by the Department regarding an individual license, permit or certificate.

Party. The term "Party" shall mean the Department or any licensee involved in a hearing.

Revocation. The term "Revocation" shall mean removal of a license and privilege to possess a [firearm] handgun or rifle/shotgun and/or be designated a special patrolman, or to conduct business as a dealer, gunsmith, or manufacturer, or to possess rifles or shotguns as an organization.

Special Patrolman. The term "Special patrolman" shall mean an individual who

Special Patrolman. The term "Special patrolman" shall mean an individual who has been granted a designation as special patrolman by the Police Commissioner pursuant to New York City Administrative Code § 14-106.

Suspension. The term "Suspension" shall mean temporary removal of a license and privilege to possess a [firearm] handgun or rifle/shotgun and/or be designated a special patrolman, or to conduct business as a dealer, gunsmith, or manufacturer, or to possess rifles or shotguns as an organization.

- relating to a suspension[,] or revocation [or cancellation must notify the Assistant Commissioner, Civil Matters, in writing, of such request within 30 days of the date on the notice of suspension or cancellation. The Assistant Commissioner, Civil Matters] shall submit a written request to the Commanding Officer, License Division, following the issuance of a Notice of Determination Letter, within 30 calendar days of the date on the Notice of Determination Letter. A licensee whose arrest or summons resulted in suspension or revocation of her/his license may only submit a written request for a hearing within thirty (30) calendar days after the termination of the criminal action, as defined in New York State Criminal Procedure Law § 1.20(16)(c) the suspension or revocation resulted from the licensee becoming the subject of an order of protection or a temporary order of protection, the licensee may only submit a written request for a hearing within thirty (30) calendar days after the expiration or voiding of the order of protection or temporary order of protection. If the suspension or revocation was related to both a criminal action and an order of protection or temporary order of protection, then the later of the two waiting periods shall apply. The License Division shall schedule a hearing within a reasonable time of receipt of the request.
- (c) Notice of Hearing. [(1)] A licensee shall receive notification of the date, time and place of the hearing by regular mail addressed to the licensee's last known address. Additionally, a licensee's [legal representative will] New York State licensed attorney shall receive notification, if the [representative] attorney has filed an appearance with the Department.
- [(2) The hearing notice shall state the reasons for the hearing including the legal authority for the hearing and reference to any particular sections of law or regulations involved.]
- § 15-23 Proceedings upon Default. (a) Failure to Appear. (1) Upon a licensee's failure to appear at a license suspension[, cancellation] or revocation hearing, or any adjournment thereof, without good cause, it shall be deemed that the licensee does not contest the issues underlying the suspension [, cancellation] or revocation of the license. The Hearing Officer may [suspend, cancel or revoke] recommend the suspension or revocation of the license and/or may proceed to take testimony with regard to the merits of the case.
- (2) <u>Notice of Default. The</u> parties shall be notified of the [hearing] <u>Hearing</u> Officer's declaration of default.
- (3) Application to Vacate Default. An application for a rehearing and stay of default may be made within 20 <u>calendar</u> days of the date of the notification of <u>default/hearing</u> results. Such application shall be made to the [Assistant Commissioner, Civil Matters] <u>Hearing Officer</u> and may be granted upon a showing of good cause.
- § 15-24 Adjournments. (a) A request for an adjournment shall be made at least 72 hours prior to the date of the hearing. An adjournment [will] $\frac{1}{2}$ not be granted except for good cause shown.
- (b) (1) If an adjournment is granted, the adjourned hearing date $[shall] \ \underline{may}$ be marked final against the licensee $[or\ applicant]$ requesting the adjournment.
- (2) Attorneys requesting an adjournment because of a conflicting engagement shall submit an Affirmation of Actual Engagement, setting forth the name of the court, case, and date and time of the proceedings.
- § 15-25 Evidence. (a) Evidence. (1) Parties shall have the right to call witnesses, conduct examinations and cross-examinations, to present evidence, and make objections, motions and arguments.
- (2) The rules of evidence governing proceedings in the courts of this State shall not be strictly enforced at hearings. Objections shall be timely and the basis for the objection shall be clearly stated.

(3) The introduction of cumulative or irrelevant evidence shall be avoided. The Hearing Officer may curtail the testimony of any witness which is deemed to be cumulative or irrelevant.

- (4) Parties may stipulate to facts involved in the proceedings. Stipulations shall be noted on the record and [must] <u>shall</u> be approved by the Hearing Officer.
- (b) [Review of Folders] Requests for Records. Licensees or their New York State licensed attorneys [who wish to review a file must make an appointment to do so] may request copies of records at least [one week] three weeks in advance of the date of the hearing. Documents shall not be provided in response to such request where: (1) the documents are privileged or confidential pursuant to law or rule, or (2) where disclosure of the documents would reveal investigative techniques, would impair active investigations or judicial proceedings, would constitute an unwarranted invasion of privacy, or would endanger the life or safety of any person.
- (c) Oral Argument. Oral argument may be curtailed or limited, in the Hearing Officer's discretion, and shall be included in the record.
- § 15-26 Hearing Officers and Representation of Parties. (a) Hearing Officer. (1) The Hearing Officer shall serve both as impartial examiner and impartial judge and shall have the duty to conduct fair and impartial hearings, to take all necessary action to avoid delay in the disposition of the proceedings, and to maintain order. It shall be the duty of [each] a Hearing Officer to inquire fully into all matters at issue and to obtain a full and complete record. The Hearing Officer shall write a Hearing Report which includes a [decision] recommended disposition. A Hearing Officer's duties shall be restricted to adjudication and related matters.
- (2) The Hearing Officer shall have all powers necessary to conduct a hearing, including the power to administer oaths and affirmations, rule upon offers of proof, receive evidence, regulate the course of hearings and the conduct of the parties and their counsel and to hold conferences, both on and off the record, for settlements, simplification of issues, or any other proper purposes.
- (b) Prosecuting Attorney. An Attorney designated by the <u>Department's</u> Legal Bureau may act as prosecutor to present the [Police] Department's case.
- (c) Representation of Licensees. Licensees may be represented by an attorney who is a member in good standing of the bar of the State of New York.
- § 15-27 Conduct of Hearings. (a) Public Access to Hearings. Hearings are generally open to the public. If good cause is shown by either party, the Hearing Officer may exclude the public from a particular hearing or portion of a hearing. Additionally, the public may be excluded at the Hearing Officer's discretion.
- (b) General Provisions. (1) The Hearing Officer shall rule upon matters of procedure and introduction of evidence and shall conduct the hearing in such manner as will best serve the attainment of justice.
- (2) Licensees shall appear and testify at the hearing. They may submit evidence relevant to the matter under consideration. If a licensee fails to testify an adverse inference may be drawn against him or her by the Hearing Officer.
- (3) Any licensee desiring to subpoena a witness, document or other evidence may do so in the manner provided for in the New York Civil Practice Law and Rules. The Hearing Officer shall issue administrative subpoenas to necessary individuals and may issue administrative subpoenas upon request by a party.
- (4) No ex parte communications relating to other than ministerial matters regarding a proceeding shall be received by a Hearing Officer, including internal agency directives not published as rules.
- (c) Disposition by Settlement. Informal [Disposition] <u>disposition</u> may be made of any matter which is the subject of an adjudication by means of stipulation, agreed settlement or consent order.
- (d) Transcripts. All hearings shall be recorded on a tape recorder. A transcript of the hearing may be ordered by any party to the hearing. The transcript shall be provided upon payment of reasonable transcription costs.
- § 15-28 [Decisions] <u>Hearing Officer's Report and Recommendation</u>. (a) [Hearing Officer's Decision.] After the conclusion of the hearing, the Hearing

Officer shall prepare a written hearing report and [decision] recommended disposition. The report shall include a statement of the issues, findings of fact, and conclusions of law, as well as the reasons and basis [therefore] therefor. Findings of fact shall be based exclusively upon all the material issues of fact and law presented in the record. The Division Head, License S/he may approve the recommendation or modify the findings or the penalty consistent with the record. The Division Head's determination is the final administrative determination.

(b) Licensees shall receive a copy of the Hearing Officer's [decision]

- (b) Licensees shall receive a copy of the Hearing Officer's [decision] report and the Division Head's final determination, by regular mail, within a reasonable time after the conclusion of the hearing.
- § 15-29 Penalties. Appropriate penalties may be imposed upon a licensee including [temporary or permanent loss] <u>suspension or revocation</u> of the license [and/or privilege to possess a firearm and/or be designated a special patrolman].
- [§ 15-30 Appeals. (a) Licensees who wish to appeal the Hearing Officer's decision must submit a sworn written statement, which shall be known as a "Hearing Appeal", setting forth the basis for the hearing appeal, to the Commanding Officer, License Division. Such letter must be received by the Commanding Officer within 30 days of the date of the Notice of Hearing Results.
- (b) Upon appeal, the Commanding Officer, License Division may approve, modify or reject the Hearing report and decision.
- (c) The Commanding Officer's decision is the final administrative review.
- (d) The hearing appeal shall be deemed part of the hearing process. It shall state the grounds for the appeal and shall contain the following statement to be signed by the licensee in the presence of a notary: "Under penalty of perjury deponent being duly sworn, says that he/she is familiar with all the statements contained herein and that each of these statements is true and no pertinent facts have been omitted." Hearing appeals that are unsworn by the applicant or submitted by individuals or business entity's other than the applicant (or an applicant's attorney who is duly licensed to practice law in the State of New York) will not be accepted.]

Note: References within this chapter to masculine shall be presumed to include the feminine and neuter. References to the singular shall be presumed to include the plural.

* * *

Chapter 16 of Title 38 of the Rules of the City of New York is amended to read as follows:

Chapter 16 Transport or Delivery of [Firearms] Weapons

§ 16-01 Definitions

[Antique Firearm. "Antique Firearm" shall mean any unloaded muzzle loading pistol or revolver with a matchlock, flintlock, percussion cap, or similar type of ignition system, or a pistol or revolver which uses fixed cartridges which are no longer available in the ordinary channels of commercial trade.

Firearm. "Firearm" shall mean (1) any pistol or revolver, or (2) shotgun having one or more barrels less than eighteen inches in length, or (3) a rifle having one or more barrels less than sixteen inches in length, or (4) any weapon made from a shotgun or rifle whether by alteration, modification, or otherwise if such weapon as altered, modified, or otherwise has an overall length of less than twenty-six inches. For purposes of this chapter the length of the barrel on a shotgun or rifle shall be determined by measuring the distance between the muzzle and the face of the bolt, breech, or breechlock when closed and when the shotgun or rifle is cocked; the overall length of a weapon made from a shotgun or rifle is the distance between the extreme ends of the weapon measured along a line parallel to the center line of the bore.

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 "Firearm" shall not include an antique firearm, or a pistol or revolver that has been rendered permanently inoperable for use in a theatrical production. Firearms Dealer. "Firearms Dealer" shall mean any person, firm, partnership, corporation or company who engages in the business of purchasing, selling, keeping for sale, loaning, leasing, or in any manner disposing of, any pistol or revolver, and who is licensed by the Police Commissioner pursuant to Article 400 of the Penal Law and § 10-302 of the Administrative Code.]

License Division. The term "License Division" shall mean the License Division of the New York City Police Department.

Person. ["Person"] The term "person" shall mean an individual, firm, partnership, corporation, company or other business entity, and shall include any common or contract carrier, shipper, transport company, [firearms] weapons manufacturer, distributor or dealer.

Police Commissioner. The term "Police Commissioner" shall mean the Police Commissioner of the City of New York or [his or] her/his designee(s).

Transitory Shipment. For purposes of this chapter, the term "transitory shipment" shall mean a shipment which begins outside of the City of New York, and moves continuously and without interruption through the City of New York to a final destination outside of the City of New York. A shipment which is within the City of New York and involves any off-loading of the weapons from one means of transportation, followed by subsequent on-loading of the weapons to another means of transportation, shall not be considered a transitory shipment.

Unanticipated Delay. For purposes of this chapter, the term "unanticipated delay" is an event involving the operator of a vehicle who intended to make a transitory shipment of weapons when s/he entered the City of New York with a shipment of weapons, and having done so, has experienced an unexpected mechanical problem, or other unexpected condition or set of circumstances which causes the operator to remain within the City, and off of a limited access highway, for a period of greater than one hour.

Weapon. For purposes of this chapter, the term "weapon" shall mean a "firearm," "rifle," "shotgun," or "machine-gun," as those terms are defined in § 265.00 of the New York State Penal Law and shall also include anything that is defined as an "assault weapon" in § 10-301 of the New York City Administrative Code.

Weapons Dealer. For purposes of this chapter, the term "weapons dealer" shall mean any person, firm, partnership, corporation or company who engages in the business of purchasing, selling, keeping for sale, loaning, leasing, or in any manner disposing of any weapon as defined in this chapter and who is licensed by the Police Commissioner pursuant to Article 400 of the New York State Penal Law and/or § 10-302 of the New York City Administrative Code.

§ 16-02 Applicability This chapter shall apply to all persons who transport or deliver one or more [firearms] weapons into or within any location in the City of New York, except that [they] it shall not apply to:

- City of New York, except that [they] it shall not apply to:

 (a) the transitory shipment of [firearms] weapons through New York City to a final destination outside of New York City[, or]. However, if the operator of the vehicle containing a transitory shipment of weapons experiences an unanticipated delay as that term is defined in § 16-01 of this chapter, such operator shall immediately report to the nearest Police Department facility the following information:
 - (1) her/his current location;
 - (2) the location of the transporting vehicle;
 - (3) the cause of the unanticipated delay;
- (4) the expected duration of the shipment's presence in the City; and
- (5) how the shipment shall be secured during its stay in the City. In the case of such delay, the officer receiving such notice may direct the vehicle operator to take reasonably necessary measures to secure the weapons shipment, or the officer may seize and secure the weapons until such time that the shipper makes alternative arrangements which are acceptable to the officer.
- (b) the shipment or delivery of [firearms] <u>five (5) or fewer weapons</u> from one [firearms] <u>licensed weapons</u> dealer located in New York City directly to another [firearms] <u>licensed weapons</u> dealer located in New York City. <u>However, the manner of storage of such weapons during their transportation shall be in compliance with § 16-05 of this chapter.</u>

§ 16-03 Authorization to Transport or Deliver Firearms (a) No person shall transport or deliver, or cause to be transported or delivered, [firearms] weapons into or within the City of New York where s/he knows or has reasonable means of ascertaining what s/he is transporting, without first obtaining written authorization to do so from the Police Commissioner.

- (b) A request by any person for authorization to transport or deliver [firearms] weapons shall be made in writing to the Commanding Officer, License Division, New York City Police Department, One Police Plaza, Room $110\underline{A}$, New York, New York 10038, or by Facsimile transmission (212) [571-5298] $\underline{374-2828}$, so as to be received by the License Division at least ten (10) calendar days prior to the transportation within the City of New York. Such request shall include the following information:
- (1) [the] The name and address of the source of the shipment of [firearms:] weapons. If the source is a corporation, the name of the president or authorized representative of such corporation shall be included.
- (2) [the nature of the shipment, including type and number of firearms to be delivered; and] The number of weapons, including the manufacturer's name, caliber, and model identification, for each type of weapon being transported.
- (3) [the name and address of the person to receive the shipment in New York City] The name of the shipping company, if different from the source of the shipment, including the address and telephone number of the company's headquarters.
- (4) The day, date, and the estimated time and place of arrival of the shipment into New York City.
- (5) The name, address, and weapons dealer's or qunsmith's license number of the person authorized to receive the shipment in New York City.
- (6) The type of vehicle to be used by the source of the shipment, or the shipping company, including any distinctive company logos or markings on the vehicle.
- (7) A photocopy of the driver's license of the person scheduled to make the delivery, and a photocopy of the driver's license of an alternate driver who may be required by the source of the shipment, or the shipping company, to substitute for the principally scheduled delivery person.
- (8) The application for permission to transport weapons shall contain the following statement, subscribed and sworn to by the applicant before a notary public, commissioner of deeds, or other comparable official: "I, [Name] ------, the applicant for permission to transport weapons within or through the City of New York, state that such weapons shall be transported in an unloaded condition, and in a manner that conforms with § 16-05 of Chapter 38 of the Rules of the City of New York, and if upon inspection of the contents of the transporting vehicle it is discovered that such weapons are not secured in a manner conforming with said section, then any permission issued by virtue of this application shall be void and deemed to have never been granted, and it is understood that I and any of my agents, employees, or assignees, may be prosecuted for transporting weapons without permission pursuant to the New York State Penal Law and the New York City Administrative Code, and that the property being transported as well as the means of transport may be seized and forfeited pursuant to law."
- (c) If a person seeking permission to transport a weapon pursuant to this section is utilizing a shipping company or other delivery service and is unable to provide information relevant to paragraphs (4), (6) or (7) of subdivision (b) of this section, a separate request for permission to transport shall be submitted by the shipping company or delivery service, which shall include the required information.
- (d) Upon receiving a request for authorization to transport or deliver [firearms] weapons, the Police Commissioner shall cause to be conducted a review of Police Department records to ascertain whether the intended recipient of the [firearms] weapons shipment or delivery is an authorized person, and whether there exists any information which would otherwise provide a basis for denying authorization to receive such [firearms] weapons shipment. [(d)] The Police Commissioner or her/his designee shall[, within ten business days of receiving a request for authorization to transport or deliver firearms,] then notify the requesting person that such authorization has or has not been granted.
- (e) In addition to any other applicable penalties, the Police Commissioner may deny an application submitted pursuant to this chapter if the

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§ 16-04 Surrender of Firearms Not Authorized For Transportation or Delivery[.] Any person who transports or delivers [firearms] weapons without obtaining authorization pursuant to the requirements of [the] this chapter shall be liable for the penalties set forth in Article 265 of the New York State Penal Law and the New York City Administrative Code, and shall further be directed by any member of the Police Department to [either] surrender the [firearms] weapons to the Police Department [or immediately return such firearms to the sender]. In addition, the property being transported, as well as the means of transport, may be seized and forfeited pursuant to law.

- § 16-05 Required Security Measures for Weapons Shipments in Transit Any person, corporation, partnership, or other business entity using a vehicle to transport weapons within or through the City of New York shall, at a minimum, employ the following security measures while such weapons are in transit:
 - (a) All weapons shall be transported unloaded.
- (b) All weapons shall be placed in one or more containers located within the vehicle used for transportation of the weapons. Such containers shall be constructed of materials of such a sturdy character that when the container is closed and locked, it cannot be forced open by hands alone, or sliced open with a common tool such as a knife or box cutter.
- (c) The above referenced container(s) shall be securely fastened, with a combination or key locking device, to the interior body structure of the transporting vehicle, in such a manner that the containers cannot be manually
- removed without releasing the locks.

 (d) Such containers, while in transit and carrying weapons, shall be closed and locked with a heavy-duty combination or key-type lock.
 - (e) Ammunition shall not be stored in the same container as weapons.
- (f) At all times other than loading and unloading, the cargo area of the transporting vehicle in which all of the above referenced containers shall be stored shall be closed and locked with a heavy-duty combination or key-type lock.
- (g) The driver of the transporting vehicle shall carry a manifest which declares the numbers and types of weapons being transported, and the intended point of delivery. Such manifest shall not be considered valid unless it shall have written upon it the permission serial number issued by the New York City Police Department License Division.
- (h) (1) The Police Commissioner may require, as a condition of the authorization to transport or deliver weapons, that shipments of weapons which will be off-loaded from one means of transportation and subsequently on-loaded to the same means or another means of transportation within the city of New York, be escorted by a uniformed member of the New York City Police

 Department, from the time of on-loading until such point that the shipment has left the jurisdictional boundaries of the City of New York.

 (2) If the Police Commissioner elects to impose the escort requirement
- condition of the authorization to transport or deliver weapons, the applicant shall notify the Commanding Officer, License Division, of the day, date, estimated time and place of on-loading of the shipment to the second means of transportation. The escort requirement shall be deemed waived if the escort is not present at the place within the City of New York where the weapons will be on-loaded within thirty minutes of the shipment's estimated time of on-loading and departure.

§ 16-06 Requirement to Report Theft, Loss or Misdelivery

- (a) Any person, firm, corporation, or other business entity who has received permission to transport weapons pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, and who suffers a loss or theft of any part of her/his weapons shipment while it is located within New York City, shall forthwith report such loss or theft to the nearest Police Department facility and shall comply with all reasonable requests for assistance by police officers who investigate the circumstances of the loss or theft.
- (b) Any person, firm, corporation or other business entity who has received permission to transport weapons pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, and who knows or reasonably should know that any part of her/his weapons shipment was delivered to a person other than the person designated in § 16-03(b)(5) of this chapter, shall forthwith report such misdelivery to the

Police Department's Operations Unit, at (212) 374-5580.

Note: References within this chapter to masculine shall be presumed to include the feminine and neuter. References to the singular shall be presumed to include the plural.

The Police Commissioner is responsible for the licensing and regulation of handguns, rifles, shotguns and other weapons in New York City, including activities such as possessing, carrying, selling, manufacturing, transporting or repairing such weapons. In addition, the Police Commissioner is authorized to designate individuals as "Special Patrolmen" pursuant to Section 14-106 of the New York City Administrative Code. The administrative arm of the Police Department which fulfills these functions at his direction is the New York City Police Department's License Division.

Since early 1997, the operation of the License Division has undergone extensive review and analysis. This continuous effort to improve the quality and timeliness of the application and renewal process, the investigation of incidents, the determination of fitness, and the safe transport of weapons through New York City has resulted in significant policy changes and organizational improvements under the present rules and practices. However, it became clear that in the interest of consistency, fairness, and efficiency, a close examination and restructuring of Chapters 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 13, 15 (Subchapter B), and 16 of Title 38 of the Rules of the City of New York was equally necessary.

Chapters 1 through 5, regarding licensing and possession of handguns and rifles/shotguns, as well as the licensing of dealers in weapons (including air pistols and air rifles), have been amended to be internally consistent in application, renewal, and suspension/revocation procedures. The amendments incorporate recent changes to the law, such as federal and state law prohibitions against possession of firearms by perpetrators of domestic violence, as well as local laws regarding the possession and use of safety locking devices and the establishment of domestic partnership registration in New York City. The amendments clarify and streamline the application and review process, clarify the conditions of the issuance of a license including the obligation to observe applicable laws and rules, and set forth consistent procedures for the appeal of revocation or suspension of a license or permit. Specifically with respect to handgun licensing, the amendments eliminate as a separate category the "Target" handgun license, clarify the requirements for particular categories of handgun licenses, and require inspection of all handguns with each renewal of the license.

Chapter 13, "Special Patrolmen," has been similarly amended to streamline and clarify application, renewal, and suspension/ revocation procedures, including criteria to be considered when evaluating whether employers demonstrate sufficient need for the appointment of special patrolmen.

Subchapter B of Chapter 15, governing hearings conducted by the License Division, has been amended to conform the hearing process to the License Division rules as amended herein, as well as to clarify and streamline the hearing and disposition process.

Chapter 16 is amended to strengthen the already existing rules regarding the transport of weapons in New York City. The amendments clarify the definitions of applicable terms, strengthen notification requirements and security requirements when weapons are transported in and through New York City, and provide an appropriate procedure when a weapons shipment destined for a location outside of New York City is unexpectedly delayed in New York City. The chapter is also amended to exempt weapons shipments of five or fewer between licensed dealers within New York City from the operation of these rules.

In response to public comment on the proposed rule amendments and additional review by members of the Police Department, modifications have been made to rules contained in Chapters 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 13, and 15, which include: addition of a provision requiring license or permit applicants to notify the License Division in the event that their circumstances change during the pendency of the application; restoration of the thirty-day period within which to request a hearing following suspension or revocation of a license or permit, rather than the ten-day period originally provided; addition of a provision requiring that a licensee or permittee whose license was suspended or revoked due to their becoming the subject of an order of protection must wait until the order of protection is expired or voided in order to request a hearing; and modification of a requirement in Chapter 5 providing that licensees may, rather than shall, be required to produce all

handguns possessed for inspection upon renewal of a handgun license.

Consistent with the intent of the New York State Penal Law and the New York City Administrative Code, and pursuant to the powers of the Commissioner under sections 434(b) and 1043 of the New York City Charter, Title 10 of the New York City Administrative Code, and Articles 265 and 400 of the New York State Penal Law, the Police Department is now acting to amend its rules to create a comprehensive and reasonable regulatory scheme for the licensing and regulation of deadly weapons in New York City, and for the appropriate designation of Special Patrolmen.